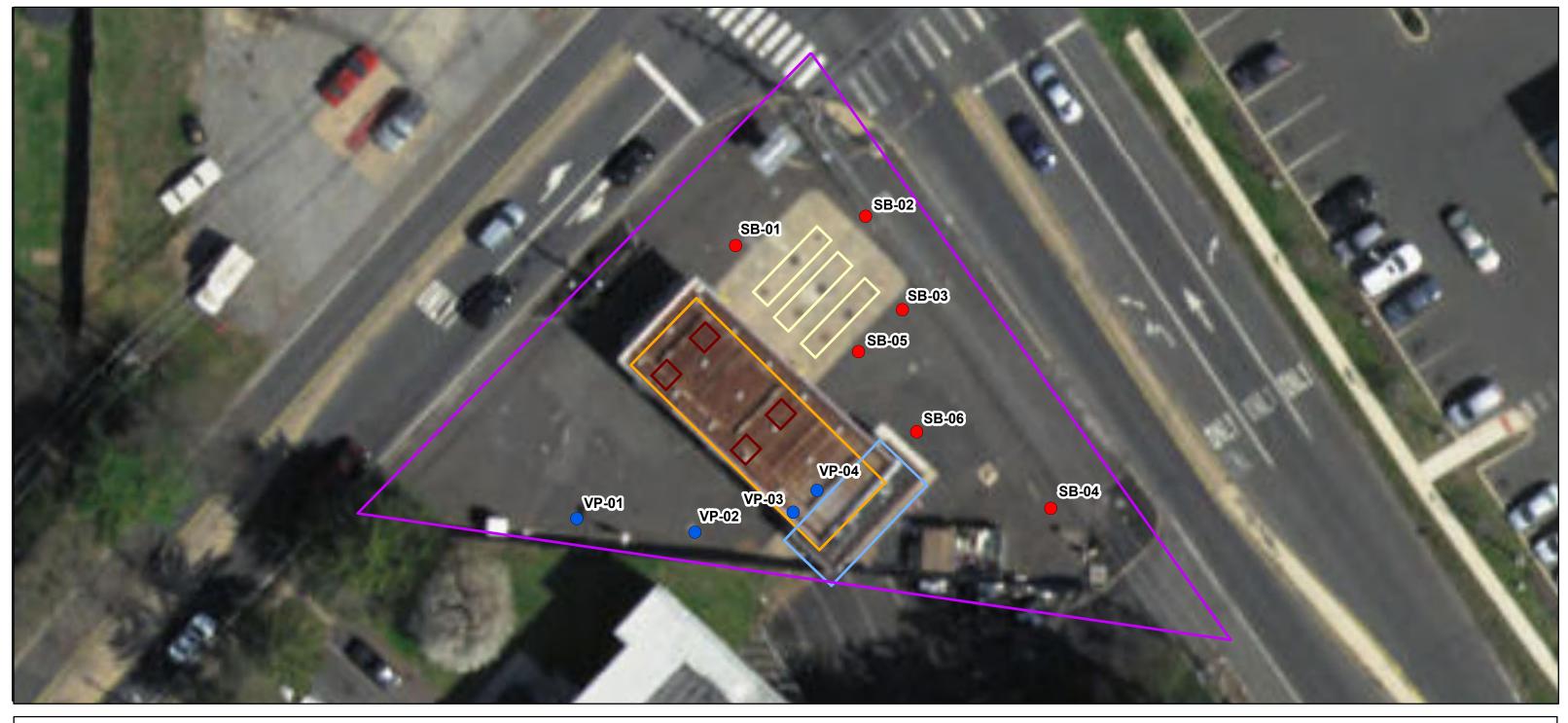
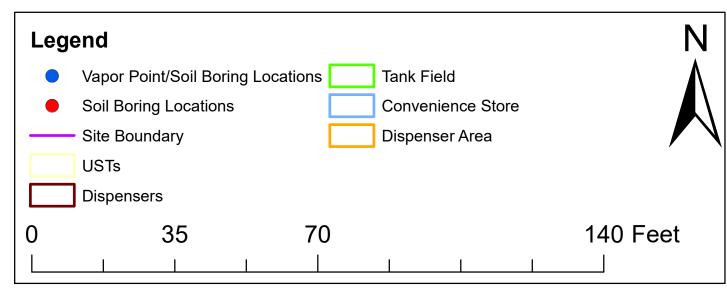
Soil Boring Location Figure





# Figure: Site Map with Soil Boring Locations GEO-ENVIRO CONSULTING & Mill Creek Sunoco 7040 Mill Creek Road

371 Hoes Lane (Suite 200) Piscataway, NJ 08854 Phone: (732) 377-2028 7040 Mill Creek Road Levittown, PA 19057 Facility ID #09-43609

Date: 09/29/2023

**Project Manager: Martin Ebel** 

**Prepared By: Christopher Trilleras** 

Soil Boring Logs

#### GEO-ENVIRO CONSULTING & **REMEDIATION LLC**

## **SOIL BORING LOGS**

Project Number: P-242

Date Advanced: 5/1/2023

Address: 7040 Mill Creek Road, Levittown, PA 19057 Inspector: Martin Ebel

371 Hoes Lane, Piscataway, NJ 08854

Driller: Hawk Drilling

## Boring ID: VP-02

in. - inches

ppm - parts per million

## Boring ID: VP-03

Type of Drilling Air Kife/ Geo-Probe/ Direct Push

Type of Drilling Air Kinfe /Geo-Probe/ Direct Push

Depth	DTW	REC	PID	Description of Soils	Depth	DTW	REC	PID	Description of Soils
(feet)		(%)	(ppm)		(feet)		(%)	(ppm)	
0			0.0	0.0'-0.5' Concrete	0				0.0'-0.5' Concrete
			0.0					0.0	
			0.0	0.5'-5.0' Air Knife conducted, no recovery					0.5'-5.0' Air Knife conducted, no recovery
1 -			0.0		— <sub>1</sub>	-		0.0	
			0.0			<del>-</del>		0.0	
-			0.0		_	-		0.0	
			0.0					0.0	
2 -			0.0		- ,	$\dashv$		0.0	
			0.0			-		0.0	
_			0.0		_	$\dashv$		0.0	
						_			
_			0.0		- ,	-		0.0	
3			0.0		3 _	-		0.0	
-			0.0		<u> </u>	$\dashv$		0.0	
			0.0			-		0.0	
, –			0.0		<b>–</b>	-		0.0	
4			0.0		4	_		0.0	
_			0.0		_	$\dashv$		0.0	
			0.0			_		0.0	
_			0.0		_	_		0.0	
5			0.0		5			50.0	
_			0.0	5.0'-6.0' Grey w/ Brown Medium Fine Sand	_	_		0.0	5.0'-8.0' Saturated Grey w/ Brown Fine Sand w/ Trace
			0.0			_		250.0	Coarse Sand
_			0.0		_	$\dashv$		0.0	
6			0.0	6.0'-7.5' Grey w/ Brown Medium Fine Sand w/ Black	6	_		5,000.0	
_			0.0	Staining	_	_		0.0	
			0.0					0.0	
_			0.0		_	_		0.0	
7	<u>V</u>		0.0		7	<u>v</u>		0.0	
_			0.0			_		0.0	
			0.0	7.5'-10.0' Brown Medium Fine Sand w/ Small Pebbles				0.0	
_			0.0	Grading Medium Coarse Sand w/ Large Pebbles		$\Box$		0.0	
8			0.0		88			0.0	8.0'-10.0' Grey Medium Sand
_			0.0			$\Box$		0.0	
			0.0					0.0	
			0.0			_		0.0	
9			0.0		9			0.0	
			0.0	End of Boring @ 10.0'		$\Box$		0.0	End of Boring @ 10.0'
			0.0	Sample Depth: 5.0 '				0.0	Sample Depth: 5.0'
			0.0	Time: 11:05				0.0	Time: 10:50
10			0.0	Analysis: PADEP Unleaded Gasoline & Total Solids	10			0.0	Analysis: PADEP Unleaded Gasoline & Total Solids

REC - Recovery

## GEO-ENVIRO CONSULTING & REMEDIATION LLC

## SOIL BORING LOGS

Project Number: P-242 Date Advanced: 5/1/2023 Address: 7040 Mill Creek Road, Levittown, PA 19057 Inspector: Martin Ebel

NJ 08854 Driller: Hawk Drilling

371 Hoes Lane, Piscataway, NJ 08854

Boring ID: SB-01 Boring ID: SB-02

Type of Drilling Air Kife/ Geo-Probe/ Direct Push

Type of Drilling Air Kinfe /Geo-Probe/ Direct Push

Type of Drilling	g Air Ki	te/ Geo-P	robe/ Direct Push	Type of I	rıllıng	Air K	infe /Geo	o-Probe/ Direct Push
Depth DTW	REC	PID	Description of Soils	Depth	DTW	REC	PID	Description of Soils
(feet)	(%)	(ppm)		(feet)		(%)	(ppm)	
0		0.0	0.0'-0.5' Concrete	0			0.0	0.0'-0.5' Concrete
		0.0			_[		0.0	
		0.0	0.5'-5.0' Air Knife conducted, no recovery				0.0	0.5'-5.0' Air Knife conducted, no recovery
1		0.0		1	Ī		0.0	
		0.0			Ī		0.0	
		0.0			Ī		0.0	
		0.0			7		0.0	
2		0.0		2	7		0.0	
		0.0			1		0.0	
		0.0			7		0.0	
		0.0			7		0.0	
		0.0		3	7		0.0	
		0.0			1		0.0	
		0.0		<u> </u>	7		0.0	
		0.0			7		0.0	
— <sub>4</sub> —		0.0		<u> </u>	1		0.0	
		0.0			1		0.0	
		0.0			7		0.0	
		0.0			7		0.0	
_ 5		150.0			7		25.0	5.0' Soil is compact and begins at 5.0'- Fine Grained Sand
		0.0	5.0'-7.0' Asphalt/Conrete				0.0	5.0'-10.0' Brown Fine Sand w/ Trace Coarse Sand
$\vdash$		0.0	in the rispinal comete	l	1		0.0	210 1010 B10 WITTING SMILE W/ TIMES COMESO SMILE
		0.0			1		0.0	
		0.0		<del> </del> 6	1		0.0	
— ° —		0.0			1		0.0	
$\vdash$		0.0		<del> </del>	1		0.0	
<del></del>		0.0		<u> </u>	┪		0.0	
7 <u>v</u>		0.0	7.0'-10.0'Brown Fine Sand w/ Trace Coarse Saturated		<u>v</u>		0.0	
<b>─</b> ─ ′ <b>─</b> ─ <del>*</del>		0.0	7.0-10.0 Blown Time Sand w/ Trace Coarse Saturated	′ —	<b>→</b>		0.0	
<b>⊢</b>		0.0		<del> </del>	+		0.0	
<del></del>		0.0			$\dashv$		0.0	
		0.0		<b> </b>	-		0.0	
<u> </u>		0.0		<u> </u>	+		0.0	
$\vdash$		0.0			+		0.0	
<del>-</del> -		0.0		<del>                                   </del>	-		0.0	
$\vdash$ $_{\circ}$ $\dashv$				<b> </b>	-			
9		0.0	End of Boring @ 10.0'	9	$\dashv$		0.0	End of Boring @ 10.0'
$\vdash$					$\dashv$			
$\vdash$		0.0	Sample Depth: 5.0 ' Time: 12:30	l	-}		0.0	Sample Depth: 5.0'
$\vdash$ 10 $\dashv$		0.0		L 10	-		0.0	Time: 13:00
10	1	0.0	Analysis:PADEP Unleaded Gasoline & Total Solids	10			0.0	Analysis:PADEP Unleaded Gasoline & Total Solids
NOTES: DTW - Depth to Wa	ater	NΔ -	Not Applicable PID - Photo-Ionization D	etector bgs - below	ground a	urface		
in inches			parts per million REC - Recovery	bgs - belov	grounu S	undee		
m menes		ppiii -	parts per million REC - Recovery					

#### **GEO-ENVIRO CONSULTING & REMEDIATION LLC**

## **SOIL BORING LOGS**

Project Number: P-242

Date Advanced: 5/1/2023

Address: 7040 Mill Creek Road, Levittown, PA 19057 Inspector: Martin Ebel

371 Hoes Lane, Piscataway, NJ 08854

Driller: Hawk Drilling

## Boring ID: SB-03

in. - inches

ppm - parts per million

## Boring ID: **SB-04**

Type of Drilling Air Kife/ Geo-Probe/ Direct Push

Type of Drilling Air Kinfe /Geo-Probe/ Direct Push

Depth	DTW		PID	Description of Soils		Depth	DTW		PID	Description of Soils
(feet)		(%)	(ppm)		1 L	(feet)		(%)	(ppm)	
0			0.0	0.0'-0.5' Concrete		0			0.0	0.0'-0.5' Concrete
			0.0						0.0	
			0.0	0.5'-5.0' Air Knife conducted, no recovery		<u></u>			0.0	0.5'-7.0' Air Knife conducted, no recovery
1			0.0			1			0.0	
			0.0				Ĭ		0.0	
			0.0			_	Ī		0.0	
			0.0						0.0	
2			0.0			_ 2	Î		0.0	
			0.0				i l		0.0	
_			0.0		l – I		i I		0.0	
			0.0				Ì		0.0	
3			0.0				Ì		0.0	
			0.0		l 1		Ì		0.0	
_			0.0		l 1		Ì		0.0	
			0.0		l		i l		0.0	
<sub>1</sub> -			0.0		l 1		•		0.0	
<sup>-</sup> —			0.0		l	— <sup>-</sup> —	ł		0.0	
-			0.0		H		ł		0.0	
			0.0		l -		ŀ		0.0	
_					l -		ŀ		0.0	
5			2.9	5 01 7 01 Eine Mediene Conined Cond	<del>∤</del> ⊦	5			0.0	
_				5.0'-7.0' Fine Medium Grained Sand	l -				0.0	
			0.0		l -				0.0	
_ —			0.0		l -				0.0	
6			0.0		l -	<u> </u>			0.0	
-			0.0						0.0	
			0.0		I -				0.0	G 111
			0.0		I -				0.0	Soil begins at 7.0'
7	$\underline{\mathbf{v}}$			7.0'-10.0' Brown Fine Sand w/ Trace Coarse Saturated	I -	7	<u>v</u>		0.0	7.0'-10.0' Medium Grained Sand w/ Saturation
_			0.0		I -		l I		0.0	
			0.0		[				0.0	
			0.0						0.0	
8			0.0			88			0.0	
			0.0						0.0	
			0.0						0.0	
$\dashv$			0.0						0.0	
9			0.0			9			0.0	
				End of Boring @ 10.0'					0.0	End of Boring @ 10.0'
			0.0	Sample Depth: 5.0 '					0.0	Sample Depth: 7.0'
			0.0	Time: 13:45					0.0	Time: 14:00
10			0.0	Analysis: PADEP Unleaded Gasoline & Total Solids		10			0.0	Analysis: PADEP Unleaded Gasoline & Total Solids

REC - Recovery

### GEO-ENVIRO CONSULTING & **REMEDIATION LLC**

## **SOIL BORING LOGS**

Project Number: P-242

Date Advanced: 5/1/2023 Address: 7040 Mill Creek Road, Levittown, PA 19057 Inspector: Martin Ebel

371 Hoes Lane, Piscataway, NJ 08854

Driller: Hawk Drilling

## Boring ID: SB-05

Type of Drilling Air Kife/ Geo-Probe/ Direct Push

### Boring ID: **SB-06**

Type of Drilling Air Kinfe /Geo-Probe/ Direct Push

Type of Drilling	be of Drilling Air Kife/Geo-Probe/ Direct Push  Type of Drilling Air Kinfe/Geo-Probe/ Direct Push								
Depth DTW	REC	PID	Description of Soils	Dept	h i	DTW	REC	PID	Description of Soils
(feet)	(%)	(ppm)		(feet	)		(%)	(ppm)	
0		0.0	0.0'-0.5' Concrete	0				0.0	0.0'-0.5' Concrete
		0.0						0.0	
		0.0	0.5'-5.0' Air Knife conducted, no recovery	L				0.0	0.5'-5.0' Air Knife conducted, no recovery
1		0.0		1				0.0	
		0.0		L				0.0	
		0.0						0.0	
		0.0		L				0.0	
2		0.0		2				0.0	
		0.0						0.0	
		0.0						0.0	
		0.0						0.0	
3		0.0		3				0.0	
		0.0						0.0	
		0.0						0.0	
		0.0						0.0	
4		0.0		4				0.0	
<u> </u>		0.0						0.0	
		0.0						0.0	
		0.0						0.0	
5		15.0		5				0.0	
		0.0	5.0'-7.0' Fine Grained Medium Brown Sand					0.0	5.0'-7.0' Medium Fine w/ Trace of Coarse Brown and
		0.0						0.0	Grey Sand with Pebbles
		0.0						0.0	
6		0.0		6				0.0	
		0.0		L				0.0	
		0.0						0.0	
		0.0		L				0.0	
7 <u>v</u>		0.0	7.0'-10.0' Odors detected at 7.0'	7		$\underline{\mathbf{v}}$		0.0	7.0'-10.0' Brown Medium Grained Sand w/ Saturation
L J		0.0	Pebbles and Medium Sand w/ Coarse Gravel Rounded	L				0.0	
		0.0						0.0	
		0.0		L				0.0	
8		0.0		8	$\Box$			0.0	
L J		0.0	Additional sample (SB-05A) collected at 9.0' due to	L				0.0	
<u> </u>		0.0	indiciations of potential contamination					0.0	
┕		0.0			$\perp$			0.0	
9		130.0		9				0.0	
L J		0.0	End of Boring @ 10.0'		$\perp$			0.0	End of Boring @ 10.0'
<u> </u>		0.0	Sample Depth: 5.0' & 9.0'					0.0	Sample Depth: 5.0'
L J		0.0	Time: 14:20 for SB-05 & 14:30 for SB-05A		$\perp$			0.0	Time: 14:40
10		0.0	Analysis: PADEP Unleaded Gasoline & Total Solids	10				0.0	Analysis: PADEP Unleaded Gasoline & Total Solids
NOTES:									
DTW - Depth to Wa	ter	NA -	Not Applicable PID - Photo-Ionization De	etector bgs - b	elow gr	ound su	ırface		
in inches		ppm -	parts per million REC - Recovery						

## Soil Sampling Results Table

## TABLE SOIL SAMPLE ANALYTICAL RESULTS SUNOCO 7040 MILLCREEK LEVITTOWN PA

GECR PROJECT NUMBE	P-242													
SAMPLE ID:						VP-03	VP-02	SB-01	SB-02	SB-03	SB-04	SB-05	SB-05A	SB-06
SAMPLE DATE:						5/1/2023	5/2/2023	5/1/2023	5/1/2023	5/1/2023	5/1/2023	5/1/2023	5/1/2023	5/1/2023
SAMPLE DEPTH:						5	5	5	5	5	7	5	9	5
SAMPLE MATRIX:						SOIL								
		SWHS-UASR	SWHS-UANR	SWHS-NAR	SWHS-NANR									
ANALYTE:	CASRN	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	CONC								
VOLITILE ORGANICS														
Benzene	71-43-2	0.5	0.5	50	50	0.0017	ND	0.0072	0.0616	0.00097	ND	0.008	0.0578	ND
Toulene	108-88-3	100	100	10000	10000	ND	ND	0.0653	0.0815	0.0012	ND	0.0035	ND	ND
Ethyl-Benzene	100-41-4	70	70	7000	7000	ND	ND	0.0138	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.83	ND
MTBE	1634-04-4	2	2	20	20	ND	ND	0.154	ND	ND	ND	0.00055	0.103	ND
Total-Xylenes	1330-20-7	1000	1000	10000	10000	ND								
Napthalene	91-20-3	10	10	1000	1000	ND	ND	0.0049	0.279	ND	ND	ND	1.18	ND
Cumene	98-82-8	84	350	5000	5000	0.0055	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	6.73	ND
1,2,4 TMB	95-63-6	13	53	1300	5300	0.0335	ND	0.0335	0.0468	ND	ND	ND	0.376	ND
1,3,5 TMB	108-67-8	13	53	13	53	ND	ND	0.0124	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.135	ND

#### NOTES:

ND- NOT DETECTED or detected below the reporting limit.

NA-NOT AVAILABLE

NS-NO STANDARD

RL - REPORTING LIMIT

J- ESTIMATED VALUE

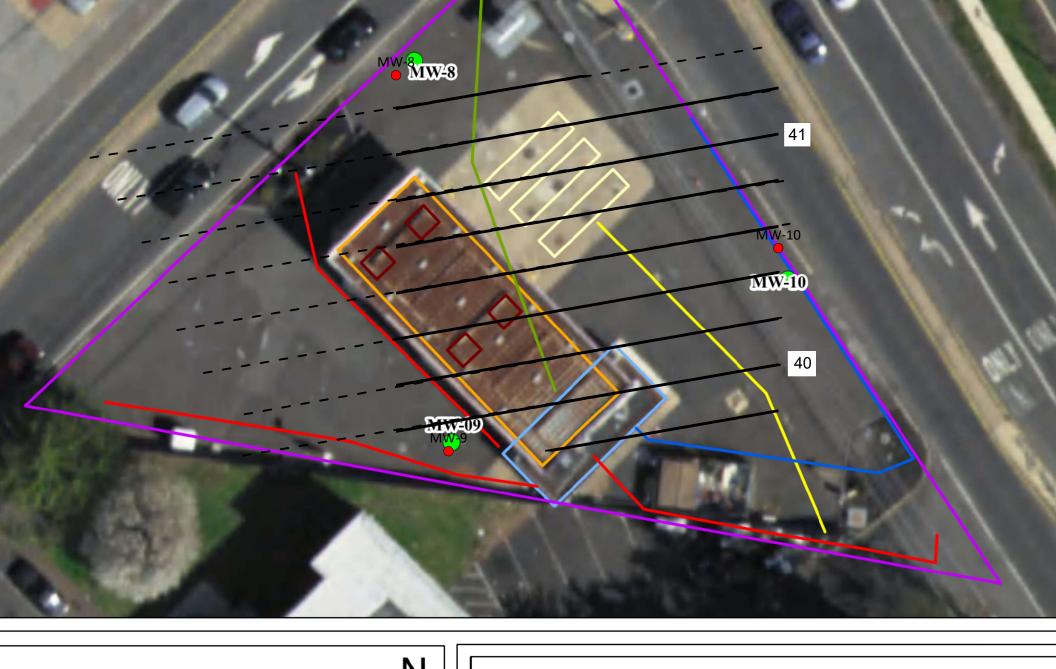
NJ- PERSUMPTIVE EVIDENCE OF COMPOUND

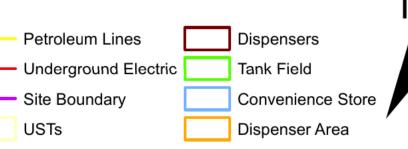
DATA HIGHLIGHTED IN BLUE REPRESENTS REPORTING LIMIT EXCEEDS NJDEP STANDARD DATA HIGHLIGHTED IN GREY REPRESENTS VALUE DETECTED

DATA HIGHLIGHTED IN YELLOW REPRESENTS ANALYTICAL RESULT EXCEEDS NJDEP STANDARD

SWHS-UAR: Used Aquifer, Residential
SWHS-UANR: Used Aquifer, Non-Residential
SWHS-NAR: Non-use Aquifer, Residential
SWHS-NANR: Non-use Aquifer, Non-Residential

Groundwater Contour Figure





## Figure 1: Scaled Site Map with Proposed Monitor

GEO-ENVIRO CONSULTING & REMEDIATION, LLC

Mill Creek Sunoco 7040 Mill Creek Ros Groundwater Monitoring Well Construction Logs

					Well Construc	etion Log		
Project:			Sunoco	<u>'</u>	Well Collstiat	Citori Log	Boring No.:	MW-8
Client:			Geo-Enviro Consulting &	Remediation LLC			Sheet:	1 of 3
Purpose			Monitoring Well Construc				Project:	P-242
	t/Engineeı		Martin Ebel	J			Total Depth:	13'
	Contracto		Hawk Drilling		Boring/Well	Specifications	Date Started:	7/20/2023
Driller:			Nelson	Well	Type Monitoring Well	Diameter 2"	Date Finished: Address:	7/20/2023 7040 Mill Creek Road
Well Loc	cation:		See Figure	Casing Core	PVC 	2"	PARID: Method:	05-042-056-4259 Hollow Stem Auger
Time Lo			N/A	Sampler Hammer Weight			Elevation TOC:	47.354
Depth (Feet)	PID Readings	Blow Count	Visual Log Description			ologic ription		Notes
10			Y	0'-1' Asphalt base/ 3 1'-7' Brown Sand, T 7'-13' Brown Sand  End of boring 13'			Surface Completion 0.5-2' Grout 2'-13' Sand Pack 3'-13' Slotted Well Sc  Hollow Stem Auger f Groundwater encount 7.48' on 07/20/2021	rom 0-13 ft. bsg.
25								

					Woll Constru	etion Log		
Drojecte			Sunoco		Well Constru	Clion Log	Parities No.	MWO
Project: Client:			Geo-Enviro Consulting &	Remediation LLC			Boring No.: Sheet:	MW-9 2 of 3
Purpose	:		Monitoring Well Construction				Project:	P-242
	t/Engineeı		Martin Ebel				Total Depth:	13'
	Contracto		Hawk Drilling		Boring/We	ll Specifications	Date Started:	7/20/2023
Driller:			Nelson	Well	Type Monitoring Well	Diameter 2"	Date Finished: Address:	7/20/2023 7040 Mill Creek Road
Well Loc	cation:		See Figure	Casing Core	PVC 	2"	PARID: Method:	05-042-056-4259 Hollow Stem Auger
Time Lo			N/A	Sampler Hammer Weight			Elevation TOC:	48.095
Depth (Feet)	PID Readings	Blow Count	Visual Log Description			chologic cription		Notes
10			Y	0'-1' Asphalt base 1'-8' Grey with Bi 8'-13' Grey Mediu	rown Fine Sand with Trace Coa	rse Sand	Surface Completion 0.5-2' Grout 2'-13' Sand Pack 3'-13' Slotted Well So  Hollow Stem Auger f Groundwater encount 6.55' on 07/20/2021	rom 0-13 ft. bsg.
25								

					Well Constr	uction Log	1	
Project:			Sunoco				Boring No.: M	W-10
Client:			Geo-Enviro Consulting &	Remediation LLC	1		Sheet: 3	of 3
Purpose	:		Monitoring Well Construc	tion Log			Project: P-	242
Geologis	t/Enginee	r:	Martin Ebel				Total Depth: 13	,,
Drilling	Contracto	r:	Hawk Drilling		Boring/V	Vell Specifications	Date Started: 7/	20/2023
Driller:			Nelson	Well	Type Monitoring Well	Diameter 2"		20/2023 40 Mill Creek Road
Well Loc	cation:		See Figure	Casing Core	PVC	2"	PARID: 05	6-042-056-4259 follow Stem Auger
				Sampler				-
Time Lo Depth	g: PID	Blow	N/A Visual Log	Hammer Weight		Lithologic		5.435
(Feet)	Readings	Count	Description Description			Description	Notes	
			-	0'-1' Asphalt bas			Surface Completion	
	-			1'-13' Fine Medi	um Grain Sand with Coarse a	nd Pebbles	0.5-2' Grout	
-	-		1				2'-13' Sand Pack	
5	-		-				3'-13' Slotted Well Screen	
<i></i>	1		1					
	]							
			<u>V</u>					
10	-							
-	-						Hollow Stem Auger from 0-1	12 ft has
-	1						Honow Stem Auger from 0-1	13 It. osg.
_							Groundwater encountered at	approx.
15							5.93' on 07/20/2021	
-	-							
-								
-	-		1					
20	1			End of boring 1	3'			
_			7					
-	-		<u> </u>  -					
25	1		-				Well Construction Details:	
25	1						well Construction Details:  2" id pvc riser pipe from 0'-5	,
-	1		1				2" id pvc well screen from 5	
	]		]				sand/gravel pack from 2'-20'	
_	]						Bentonite Seal from 0.5'-2'	
30							1"x1' Sakrete Pad 0'-1'	

## Groundwater Sampling Results

# Table Groundwater Sample Analytical Results 7040 Millcreek Road Levittown PA, 19057 PI# 09-43609

PROJECT NUMBER:	P-242													
SAMPLE ID:							MW-8	3		MW-9			MW-10	)
LAB ID:						JI	D70536	<b>5-1</b>	JI	70536	-2	Jl	<b>)70536</b>	-3
SAMPLE DATE:						8	3/3/202	3	8	3/3/2023	3	8	3/3/202	3
SAMPLE MATRIX:							GW			GW			GW	
		MSCUAR	MSCUANR	MSCNAR	MSCNANR									
ANALYTE	CASN	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	CONC	Q	RL	CONC	Q	RL	CONC	Q	RL
PADEP Shortlist														
Benzene	71-43-2	5	5	500	500	1.4		0.5	19.7		0.5	4820		50
Toluene	108-88-3	1000	1000	100000	100000	1.8		1	2.4		1	7300		100
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	700	700	70000	70000	2.8		1	15.2		1	1020		20
Xylenes (Total)	1330-20-7	10000	10000	180000	180000	14.1		1	2.3		1	5320		20
MTBE	1634-04-4	20	20	200	200	ND		1	ND		1	18.9	J	20
Naphthalene	91-20-3	100	100	10000	10000	103		5	509		25	113		100
Isopropylbenzene	98-82-8	840	3500	50000	50000	26.3		1	129		1	46.6		20
1,2,4 Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	130	530	13000	53000	ND		2	ND		2	653		40
1,3,5 Trimethylbenzene	108-67-8	130	530	130	530	1	J	2	1.7	J	2	168		40

#### NOTES:

ND- NOT DETECTED or detected below the reporting limit.

NA-NOT AVAILABLE

NS-NO STANDARD

**RL - REPORTING LIMIT** 

J- ESTIMATED VALUE

NJ-PRESUMPTIVE EVIDENCE OF COMPOUND

E -CONCENTRATION OF ANALYTE EXCEEDS THE RANGE OF THE CALIBARTION CURVE AND/OR LINEAR RANGEOF THE INSTRUMENT

#### DATA HIGHLIGHTED IN BLUE REPRESENTS REPORTING LIMIT EXCEEDS PADEP STANDARD

DATA HIGHLIGHTED IN GREY REPRESENTS VALUE DETECTED

DATA HIGHLIGHTED IN YELLOW REPRESENTS ANALYTICAL RESULT EXCEEDS PADEP STANDARD

MSCUAR: Medium-Specific Concentrations for Used Aquifers, Residential

MSCUANR: Medium-Specific Concentrations for Used Aquifers,non- Residential

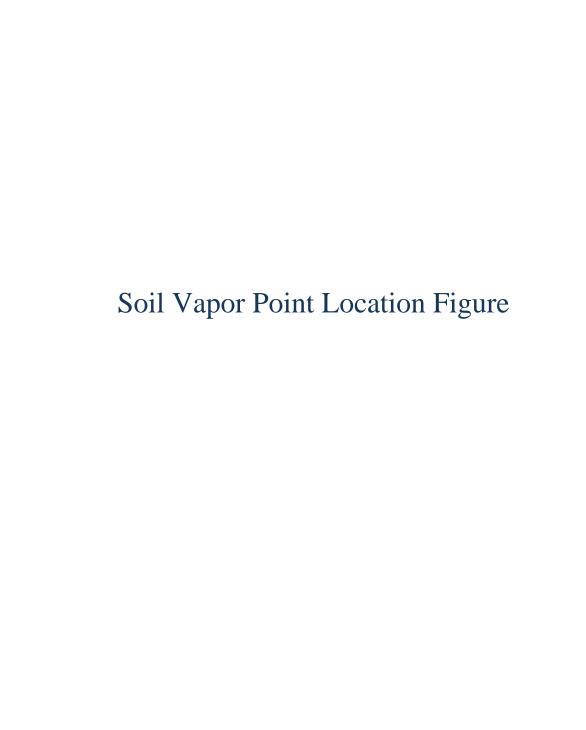
MSCNAR: Medium-Specific Concentrations for nonuse Aquifers, Residential

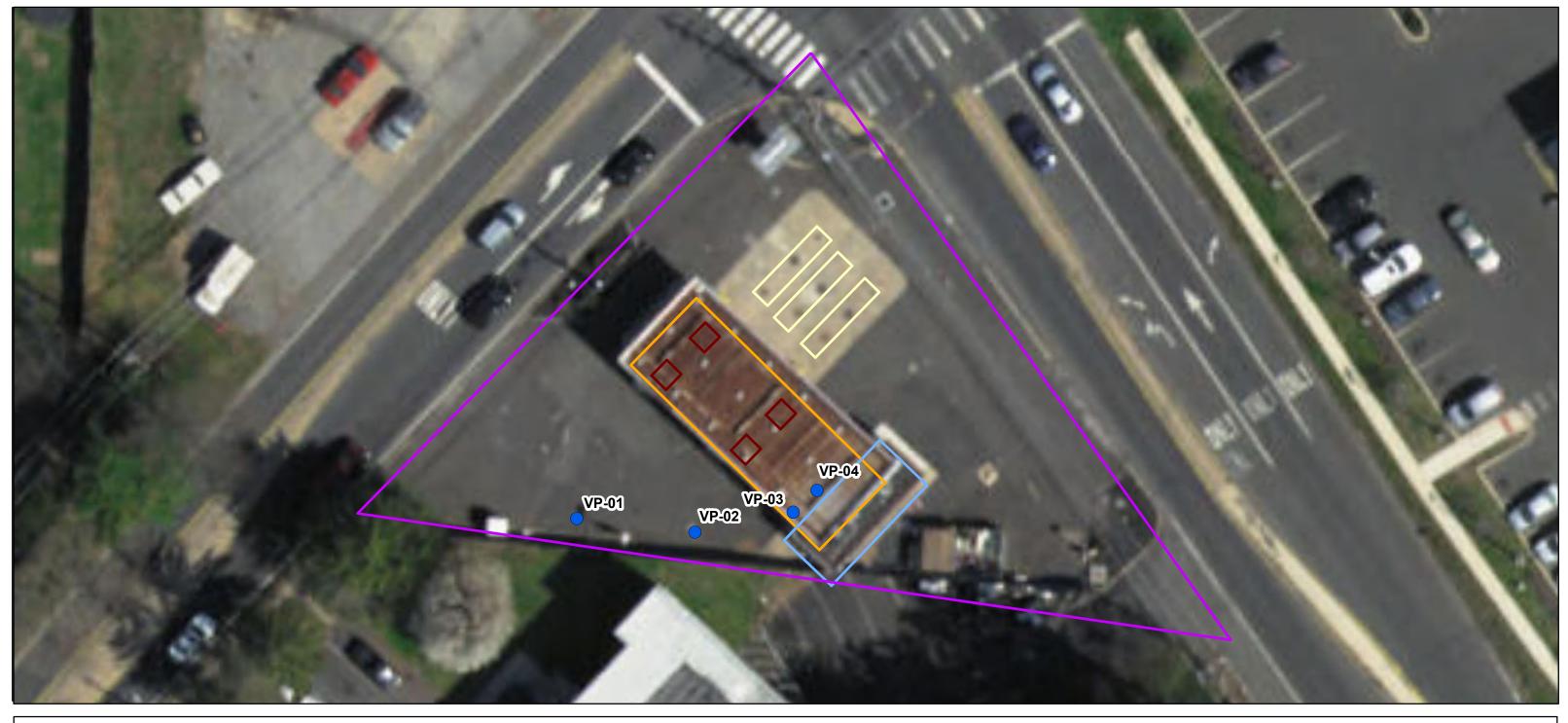
MSCNANR: Medium-Specific Concentrations for nonuse Aquifers, non-Residential

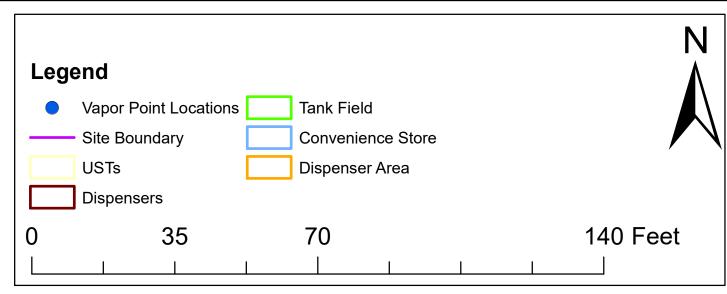
Groundwater Gauging Table

Table
Groundwater Gauging Data Table
SUNOCO
7040 Mill Creek Road, Levittown, PA 19057

MW-ID	X	Y	DATE	<b>Top of the Casing</b>	Depth To Water	<b>GroundWater Elevation</b>
MW-8	2780197.178	307960.472	8/3/2023	47.354	6.55	40.804
MW-9	2780208.1	307882.141	8/3/2023	48.095	7.48	40.62
MW-10	2780276.802	307924.444	8/3/2023	46.435	5.93	40.51







## Figure: Site Map with Vapor Point Locations

GEO-ENVIRO CONSULTING & REMEDIATION, LLC
371 Hoes Lane (Suite 200)
Piscataway, NJ 08854
Phone: (732) 377-2028

Mill Creek Sunoco 7040 Mill Creek Road Levittown, PA 19057 Facility ID #09-43609

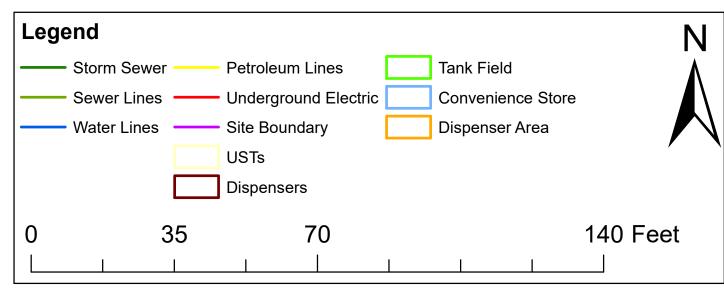
Date: 10/2/2023

Project Manager: Martin Ebel

**Prepared By: Christopher Trilleras** 

**Utilities Location Figure** 





## Figure: Site Map with Underground Utilities

GEO-ENVIRO CONSULTING & REMEDIATION, LLC
371 Hoes Lane (Suite 200)
Piscataway, NJ 08854
Phone: (732) 377-2028

Mill Creek Sunoco 7040 Mill Creek Road Levittown, PA 19057 Facility ID #09-43609

Date: 09/29/2023

Project Manager: Martin Ebel

**Prepared By: Christopher Trilleras** 

Vapor Point Construction Logs

Project:	Sunoco				Vapor Point No.:	VP-01
Client:	Geo-Enviro Consulting	& Remediation LLC			Sheet:	1 of 4
Purpose:	Vapor Point Construction	on Log			Project:	P-242
Geologist/Engineer:	Martin Ebel				Total Depth:	4'
Orilling Contractor:	Hawk Drilling		Boring/Vapor Point	Specifications	Date Started:	5/2/2023
<b>8</b>	IIIIIII BIIIIII B		Type	Diameter	Date Finished:	5/2/2023
Oriller:	Gravin	Well	Vapor Point	2"	Address:	7040 Mill Creek Road
		Casing	PVC	2"	PARID:	05-042-056-4259
apor Point Location:	See Figure	Core			Method:	Direct Push
		Sampler				
Time Log:	N/A	Hammer Weight				
Depth PID I	Blow Visual Log		Litholog	ic		Notes
(Feet) Readings C	Count Description		Descripti	on		Notes
		Grout  Tubing			vapor tubing  Direct Push from 0-2	I'bsg.
3		Sand Pack  Vapor Point  End of Vapor Poi			Groundwater encour 5' bsg in VP-01 local Grouted 1' to 2' bsg.	

Project:	Sunoco				Vapor Point No.:	VP-02
Client:	Geo-Enviro Consulting &	Remediation LLC			Sheet:	2 of 4
Purpose:	Vapor Point Construction	ı Log			Project:	P-242
Geologist/Engineer:	Martin Ebel				Total Depth:	4'
Drilling Contractor:	Hawk Drilling		Boring/Vapor Point	Specifications	Date Started:	5/2/2023
Jiming Contractor.	Hawk Dinning		Type	Diameter	Date Started:  Date Finished:	5/2/2023
Driller:	Gravin	Well	Vapor Point	2"	Address:	7040 Mill Creek Road
.== -		Casing	PVC	2"	PARID:	05-042-056-4259
Vapor Point Location:	See Figure	Core			Method:	Direct Push
		Sampler				
Гime Log:	N/A	Hammer Weight	•			
	Blow Visual Log		Litholog	ic		
*	Count Description		Descript			Notes
		Grout Tubing			vapor tubing  Direct Push from 0-1	l'bsg.
3		Sand Pack  Vapor Point  End of Vapor Poi			Groundwater encour 5' bsg in VP-02 locat Grouted 1' to 2' bsg.	

		Vapor	Point Constr	uction Log		
Project:	Sunoco	-		_	Vapor Point No.:	VP-03
Client:	Geo-Enviro Consulting & R	emediation LLC			Sheet:	3 of 4
Purpose:	Vapor Point Construction L	og			Project:	P-242
Geologist/Engineer:	Martin Ebel				Total Depth:	1'
Drilling Contractor:	Hawk Drilling		Boring/Vapor Point	Specifications	Date Started:	5/2/2023
			Туре	Diameter	Date Finished:	5/2/2023
Driller:	Gravin	Well	Vapor Point	2"	Address:	7040 Mill Creek Road
		Casing	PVC	2"	PARID:	05-042-056-4259
Vapor Point Location:	See Figure	Core			Method:	Direct Push
		Sampler				
Time Log:	N/A	Hammer Weight				
Depth PID Blo	ow Visual Log		Litholog	ric		NT /
(Feet) Readings Cou	ınt Description		Descript		Notes	
0.25		Grout Tubing			Bore Hole was 1' bsg vapor tubing  Direct Push from 0-1	Ü
0.75		Sand Pack  Vapor Point  End of Vapor Point 1'			Groundwater encoun 2' bsg in VP-03 locat Grouted 1' to 2' bsg.	

Project:	Su	inoco			Vapor Point No.:	VP-04		
Client:	Ge	eo-Enviro Consulti	ing & Rem	ediation LLC			Sheet:	4 of 4
Purpose:	Va	apor Point Constru	action Log				Project:	P-242
Geologist/Engineer:	Ma	artin Ebel					Total Depth:	1'
Drilling Contractor:		awk Drilling			Boring/Vapor Point	Specifications	Date Started:	5/2/2023
Jiming Contractor.	114	awk Dinning			Type	Diameter	Date Finished:	5/2/2023
Oriller:	Gr	ravin	-	Well	Vapor Point	2"	Address:	7040 Mill Creek Road
	31			Casing	PVC	2"	PARID:	05-042-056-4259
Vapor Point Location	n: See	e Figure	<u>-</u>	Core			Method:	Direct Push
				Sampler				
Гime Log:	N/A	A	Ī	Hammer Weight				
Depth PID	Blow	Visual Log			Litholog	ic		
(Feet) Readings	Count	Description			Descript		Notes	
0.25				Grout Tubing			vapor tubing  Direct Push from 0-1	'bsg.
0.75			, ,	Sand Pack Vapor Point End of Vapor Point 1			Groundwater encoun 2' in VP-04 location of Grouted 1' to 2' bsg	

## Vapor Point Sampling Results

# TABLE SUB-SLAB VAPOR SAMPLE ANALYTICAL RESULTS 7040 MILLCREEK ROAD LEVITTOWN PA ,19057 PI# 09-43609

PROJECT NUMBER:	P-242							
SAMPLE ID:						VP-02	VP-03	VP-04
SAMPLE DATE:						5/12/2023	5/12/2023	5/12/2023
SAMPLE MATRIX:	5/12/2023 VAPOR	VAPOR	VAPOR	VAPOR				
SVNSR SVNSNR SVNSCR								
ANALYTE	CASRN	(mg/m3)	(mg/m3)	(mg/m3)	CONC	CONC	CONC	CONC
PADEP VAPOR SHORTLIST								
BENZENE	71-43-2	120	2,000	610	0	6.4	7.7	1490
TOLUENE	108-88-3	200,000	2,800,000	840,000	0	9.4	9	739
ETHYLBENZENE	100-41-4	370	6,300	1,900	0	2.7	2.6	ND
XYLENES (TOTAL)	1330-20-7	4,000	56,000	17,000	0	16	15	1310
MTBE	1634-04-4	3,600	61,000	18,000	0	ND	ND	ND
NAPHTHALENE	91-20-3	28	460	140	0	ND	ND	ND
CUMENE	98-82-8	16,000	220,000	67,000	0	ND	5.5	ND
TRIMETHYLBENZENE 1,2,4	95-63-6	2,400	34,000	10,000	0	11	8.8	ND
TRIMETHYLBENZENE 1,3,5	108-67-8	2,400	34,000	10,000	0	2.7	2	ND

#### NOTES:

ND- NOT DETECTED or detected below the reporting limit.

NA-NOT AVAILABLE

NS-NO STANDARD

**RL - REPORTING LIMIT** 

J- ESTIMATED VALUE

NJ- PERSUMPTIVE EVIDENCE OF COMPOUND

DATA HIGHLIGHTED IN BLUE REPRESENTS REPORTING LIMIT EXCEEDS PADEP STANDARD

DATA HIGHLIGHTED IN GREY REPRESENTS VALUE DETECTED

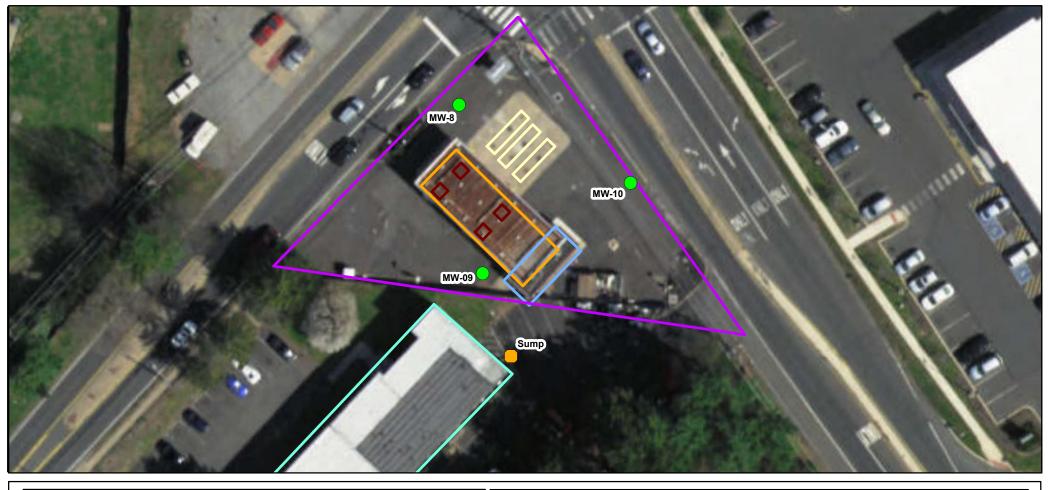
DATA HIGHLIGHTED IN YELLOW REPRESENTS ANALYTICAL RESULT EXCEEDS PADEP STANDARD

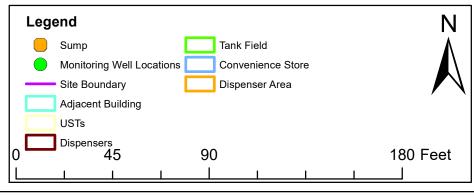
SVNSR: Statewide health standard vapor intrusion screening values, Residential

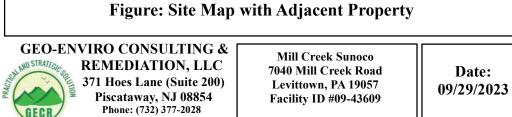
SVNSNR: Statewide health standard vapor intrusion screening values, Non-Residential

SVNCR: Statewide health standard vapor intrusion screening values, Converted Residential

Surrounding Properties and Building Sump Figure

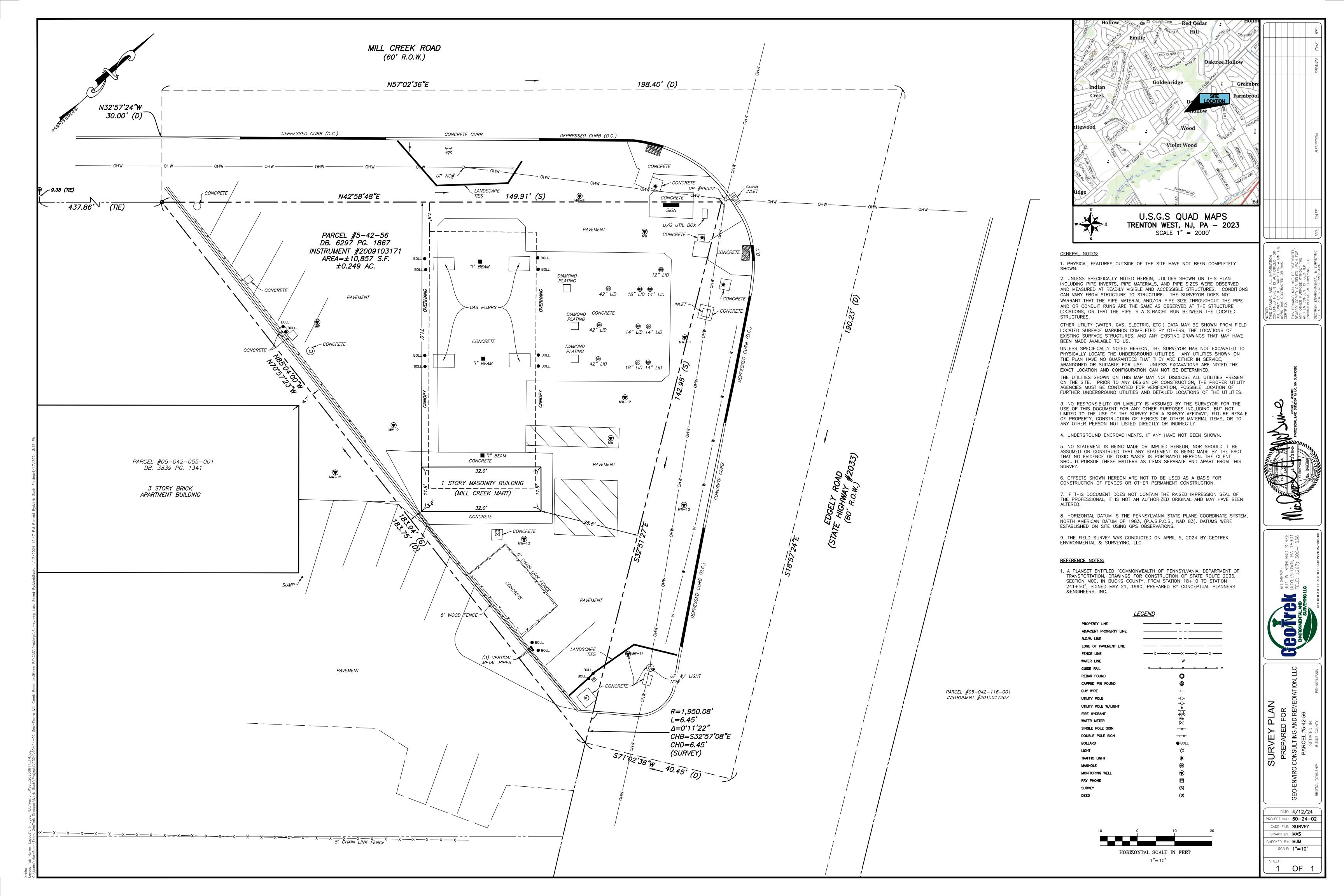






Project Manager: Martin Ebel

**Prepared By: Christopher Trilleras** 



	July 3	31, 2023 Well Survey Re	esults	
Point #	Northing	Easting	Elevation	Description
1001	307891.476	2780223.712	48.445	VP-4 LID
1002	307891.372	2780224.629	48.491	CONC
1003	307892.187	2780223.642	48.498	CONC
1004	307891.521	2780222.722	48.493	CONC
1005	307890.519	2780223.799	48.503	CONC
1006	307891.423	2780223.726	48.42	VP-4 CASING
1007	307885.368	2780218.828	48.573	VP-3 LID
1008	307884.492	2780219.043	48.587	VP-3 PAV
1009	307885.659	2780220.067	48.587	VP-3 PAV
1010	307886.78	2780218.825	48.57	VP-3 PAV
1011	307885.412	2780217.559	48.546	VP-3 PAV
1012	307885.387	2780218.802	48.503	VP-3 CASING
1013	307883.018	2780190.584	48.391	VP-2 LID
1014	307882.403	2780190.236	48.383	VP-2 PAV
1015	307882.467	2780191.25	48.377	VP-2 PAV
1016	307883.912	2780191.362	48.364	VP-2 PAV
1017	307883.89	2780190.217	48.392	VP-2 PAV
1018	307883.039	2780190.619	48.311	VP-2 CASING
1019	307885.939	2780173.905	48.29	VP-1 LID
1020	307886.865	2780173.19	48.282	VP-1 PAV
1021	307886.876	2780174.483	48.279	VP-1 PAV
1022	307885.012	2780174.892	48.292	VP-1 PAV
1023	307884.867	2780173.427	48.305	VP-1 PAV
1024	307886.01	2780173.961	47.906	VP-1 1/4" PVC PIPE
1025	307883.483	2780208.603	48.501	MW-9 PAV
1026	307881.721	2780209.771	48.534	MW-9 PAV
1027	307880.522	2780207.904	48.511	MW-9 PAV
1028	307882.672	2780206.89	48.526	MW-9 PAV
1029	307882.083	2780208.07	48.612	MW-9 LID
1030	307882.141	2780208.1	48.095	MW-9 2" PVC PIPE
1031	307960.441	2780198.042	47.777	MW-8 CONC
1032	307961.317	2780197.203	47.748	MW-8 CONC
1033	307960.479	2780196.341	47.776	MW-8 CONC
1034	307959.44	2780197.218	47.785	MW-8 CONC
1035	307960.472	2780197.178	47.354	MW-8 2" PVC
1036	307960.396	2780197.116	47.784	MW-8 LID
1037	307924.344	2780276.765	47.086	MW-10 LID
1038	307923.282	2780277.517	47.021	MW-10 PAV
1039	307925.505	2780277.346	47.029	MW-10 PAV
1040	307925.233	2780275.836	47.066	MW-10 PAV
1041	307923.282	2780276.131	47.083	MW-10 PAV
1042	307924.444	2780276.802	46.435	MW-10 2" PVC

April 5, 2024 Well Survey Results							
Point #	Northing	Easting	Elevation	Description			
100	307886.819	2780295.037	46.996	CONC COR			
101	307885.79	2780294.957	47.044	CONC COR			
102	307885.7	2780296.011	47.1	CONC COR			
103	307886.741	2780296.101	47.086	CONC COR			
258	307886.256	2780295.558	46.892	MW 14 TOP 2" PVC			
287	307886.108	2780254.095	48.427	GS			
288	307886.671	2780253.449	48.41	GS			
289	307886.848	2780254.705	48.401	GS			
290	307887.329	2780253.859	48.503	GS			
291	307886.929	2780254.04	48.086	MW 13 TOP 2" PVC			
355	307954.598	2780244.533	47.345	GS			
356	307954.532	2780243.426	47.359	GS			
357	307955.642	2780243.413	47.342	GS			
358	307955.438	2780244.374	47.365	GS			
359	307955.176	2780243.933	47.034	MW 11 TOP 2" PVC			
360	307932.529	2780244.725	47.355	MW 12 TOP 2" PVC			
361	307932.757	2780245.277	47.741	GS			
362	307931.858	2780245.292	47.733	GS			
363	307931.934	2780244.333	47.791	GS			
364	307932.89	2780244.355	47.733	GS			
415	307861.24	2780206.485	48.009	CONC COR			
416	307862.026	2780207.215	48.096	CONC COR			
417	307861.936	2780205.665	48.019	CONC COR			
418	307862.758	2780206.43	48.092	CONC COR			
419	307862.043	2780206.556	47.808	MW 15 TOP 2" PVC			
524	307836.377	2780221.08	48.473	SUMP			
1000	307861.998	2780206.595	48.05	MW 15 LID			
1001	307886.841	2780254.073	48.45	MW 13 LID			
1002	307886.2	2780295.604	47.05	MW 14 LID			
1003	307932.469	2780244.796	47.75	MW 12 LID			
1004	307955.119	2780243.985	47.35	MW 11 LID			

			-				
BCDH# W 05 33	SERIAL 1 6 3			Official use only Owner ☐ Township ☐ Well driller ☐			
	<b>Bucks County</b>	Departme	ent of Health	I			
7321 New Falls Ro	ad, Levittown, PA 19	9055 – Phone	: 267-580-3510 -	- Fax: 215-949-5819			
1282 Almshouse Ro	ad, Doylestown PA	18901 - Pho	ne: 215-345-3336	- Fax 2150340-845650			
261 California Road	d, Quakertown, PA	18951 - Phon	e: 215-529-7000	- Fax: £15-529-7032			
				O T			
<u>APPLIC</u>	ATION TO CON	STRUCT/	MODIFY ALI	L WELLS'UN 2 8 200 TH			
Well Owner: 7040 Millcreek of	PA, LLC	Site Addr	ess: 7040 Mill Co				
Mailing Address: Levittown PA	19057	Levittown F		Street			
Walling Address: 200000000000000000000000000000000000	10001	Levillowii i	Post Office	State Zip			
			1 ost Office	State Zip			
		S	ubdivision Name	Lot #			
Telephone #: 412-889-2258		Bristol Towns	ship	10:00794			
		N	<b>Iunicipality</b>				
Email address: mebel@geoenvir	oconsulting.com	Tax Parce	1#05-0142	- <u>0 5 6 -4 2 5 9</u>			
Application Fee Required \$ 250	Da	ite Received _					
*(See current fee schedule)		*** ** **		Howk Drilling			
Sand conv/manages to consultant	/J-:119 V		riller Company:				
Send copy/response to consultant	driller: Yes   No		License #	1004			
Type of Well Construction	Geothermal Wells		Method of Sew	age Dienosal			
New Well	Open Loop		Public	On-Site			
Deepen Existing Well	Closed Loop		If on-site Seway				
Hydrofracturing	# of Holes		Date Issued	ge I et mit #			
Abandoned			Proposition of the Content of the Co				
Other (specify)	Monitoring W		Date Finalized				
U Other (specify)	# of Holes						
		Plot Plan					
Note: 4 copies of plot plan must	accompany this app	olication and	be to a scale of 1	$"=50'$ (minimum) on $8\frac{1}{2}"$ x			
11" paper (minimum size).							
Note: For new or modified drin							
must be filed and approved by I	Sucks County Depar	tment of He	alth BEFORE th	e water can be used for			
consumption.							
Directions to Drilling Site:	Pond Sunaco at interes	action of Edge	y Pood and Mill Cr	nak Bood			
left on Edgely Road from New Falls Road, Sunoco at intersection of Edgely Road and Mill Creek Road							
			•				
	_						
Owner Declaration: I certify that the location herein proposed is accessible and meets all isolation distances							
presented in BCDH Rules and Regulations Governing all Wells and their Construction Specifications.							
Owner(s) Name: Jai Patheja Owner's Signature: Date							
Original Signature Required / No Faxed Copies Will Be Accepted							
For Department Use Only							
Approval to Construct/Modify							
2	$\wedge$			Approval to use			
BCDH Signature:	11/~	*	Date:	Sphiotal to use			

By:

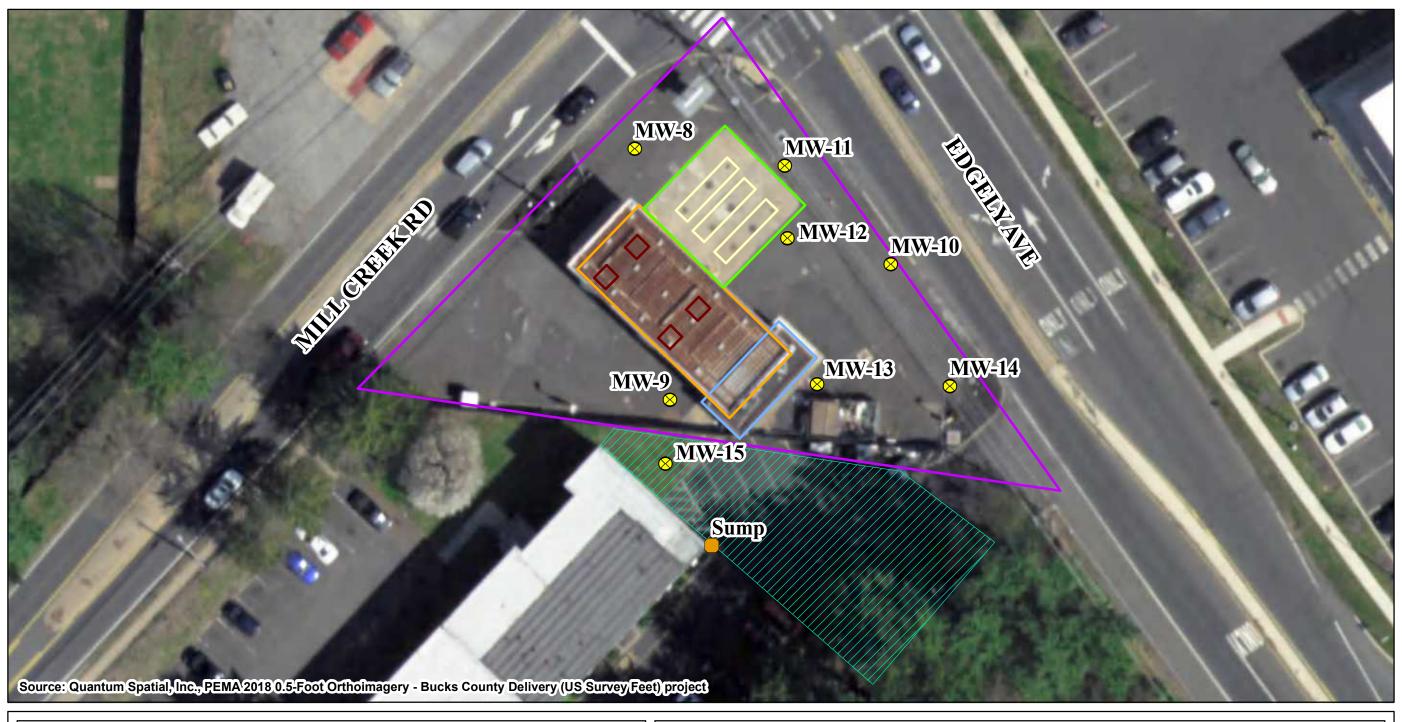
SA-130 (Rev. 12/2019)

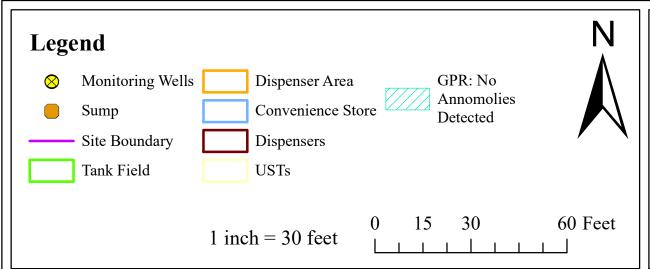
Geo-Enviro Consulting & Remediation conducted a geophysical investigation to determine whether underground utilities or other obstructions to drilling are in the area of the monitoring well to be installed in the adjacent property. The area investigated was the southwest corner of 7030 Mill Creek Road, Levittown Pennsylvania including the lawn beside the apartment building and the western portion of the parking lot. The area investigated is shown on the attached figure.

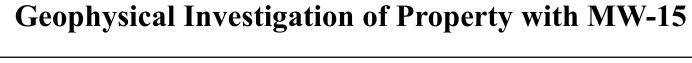
A Sensors and Software Smart Cart Noggin ground penetrating radar (GPR) system and an RD7200 Radio Detection pipe and cable locater were used at the site. The Smart Cart Noggin operates a 500-megahertz radar transmitter and receiver. The digital video logger is the user interface and controls the transmitter and receiver, displays the radar reflections and saves the data. The RD7200 detects radio waves retransmitted by linear conductors.

The GPR was operated by running transects both parallel and perpendicular to the building. The radar reflections are displayed on the digital video logger and interpreted as the data are collected. The radar reflections were analyzed for the characteristic pattern for underground utilities and for indications of an excavation which can be an indication of a subsurface obstruction. The RD7200 was used to determine whether any metallic utilities pass through the area such as metal pipes, conduits or electrical or communication wires.

No indications of subsurface utilities or other obstructions were detected in the area investigated at 7030 Mill Creek Road.







# GEO-ENVIRO CONSULTING & REMEDIATION, LLC 371 Hoes Lane (Suite 200)

371 Hoes Lane (Suite 200) Piscataway, NJ 08854 Phone: (732) 377-2028 Mill Creek Sunoco 7040 Mill Creek Road Levittown, PA 19057 Facility ID #09-43609

Date: 07/10/2024

Project Manager: Martin Ebel

Mill Creek Sunoco 7040 Mill Creek Road, Levittown, PA 19057 PADEP Facility ID No. 09-11351

On the morning of March 5, 2024, a geophysical survey was completed using radio detection and ground penetrating radar. No anomalies consistent with the subsurface utility or other features were detected in the area surveyed.

On March 5, 2024, five wells labeled MW-11 to MW-15 were installed around the site. One boring was completed on the adjacent property in the location of what is now MW-15. No PID hits were returned, and one soil sample above the depth of groundwater was collected. All tested parameters of the sample were returned by the laboratory as non-detect. The data is provided in Table 4 alongside the state health standard MSCs for organic regulated substances in soil, soil to groundwater numeric values.

As of April 23, 2024, the surveyor has provided GECR with the survey data of the monitoring wells and well pads alongside a survey map of the data. The surveyor found one property corner during the 4/4/2024 property survey and will be going back out to the site during the week of 4/22 - 4/26/2024 to set the missing property corners. After this is completed, the surveyor will be sending to GECR a CAD file alongside the revised survey map. During the 4/4/2024 survey, the top of the sump was also surveyed. We have requested for the top of the sump's float and the bottom of the sump to be surveyed when the surveyor returns to the site to set the missing property corners.

Groundwater elevation data and 4/2/2024 analytical results are displayed in table 1 and table 2 respectively.

Previously, GECR has conducted hand bailing of the tank vault observation well. During sampling on 4/2/2024, a sorbent sock was installed at MW-12 upon the discovery of product in the well.GECR will be planning a future vac-out extraction at the site.

## TABLE 1 HISTORIC GROUNDWATER ELEVATION DATA

#### 7040 Millcreek Road Levittown PA, 19057 PI# 09-43609

Monitoring Well ID	Date	Top of Casing Elevation (feet above sea level)	Depth to Water (feet btoc)	Depth to LNAPL (feet btoc)	LNAPL Thickness (feet)	Groundwater Elevation (feet above sea level)
	8/3/2023		6.55	-	-	40.80
MW-8	12/15/2023	47.35	6.13	-	1	41.22
	4/2/2024		4.62	-	-	42.73
	8/3/2023		7.48	-	-	40.62
MW-9	12/15/2023	48.10	7.00	-	-	41.10
	4/2/2024		5.46	-	-	42.64
	8/3/2023		5.93	-	-	40.51
MW-10	12/15/2023	46.44	5.53	-	-	40.91
	4/2/2024		4.25	-	-	42.19
MW-11	4/2/2024	47.03	2.73	-	-	44.30
MW-12	4/2/2024	47.36	4.80	4.74	0.06	42.60
MW-13	4/2/2024	48.09	5.52	-	-	42.57
MW-14	4/2/2024	46.89	4.20	-	-	42.69
MW-15	4/2/2024	47.81	5.12	-	-	42.69

Calculation for Groundwater Elevation = ( TOC - DTW- (SG \* PT) )

TOC - Top of Casing Elevation

DTW - Depth to Water

SG - Specific gravity, 0.72 for Unleaded Gasoline

PT- LNAPL Product Thickness

#### TABLE 2 GROUNDWATER ANALYTICAL RESULTS 7040 Millcreek Road Levittown PA, 19057 PI# 09-43609

<b>Project Numb</b>	er:	P-242								
Sample ID:				MW-8	MW-9	MW-10	MW-11	MW-13	MW-14	MW-15
Lab ID:				JD85755-7	JD85755-1	JD85755-3	JD85755-5	JD85755-6	JD85755-4	JD85755-2
Sample Date:				4/2/2024	4/2/2024	4/2/2024	4/2/2024	4/2/2024	4/2/2024	4/2/2024
<b>Dilution Facto</b>	r:			1	1 1 5 100		100	1 1		1
Sample Matrix	<b>k:</b>			GW						
Analyte	CAS#	MSCUAR	MSCUANR	CONC						
Volatile Organ	nics									
Benzene	71-43-2	5 5		6.7	5.7	661	1200	1.3	ND (0.50)	ND (0.50)
Toluene	108-88-3	1000	1000	81.7	0.80 J	7.4	15800	1.5	0.96 J	ND (1.0)
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	700	700	14.4	7.2	147	2480	0.76 J	ND (1.0)	ND (1.0)
Total Xylenes	1330-20-7	10000 10000		67.4	1.3	545	15500	4.6	2.9	ND (1.0)
MTBE	1634-04-4	20	20	ND (1.0)	ND (1.0)	ND (5.0)	ND (100)	ND (1.0)	ND (1.0)	ND (1.0)
Naphthalene	91-20-3	100	100	50.5	130	46.9	ND (500)	ND (5.0)	ND (5.0)	ND (5.0)
Cumene	98-82-8	840	3500	42.8	81.8	32.9	99.5 J	ND (1.0)	ND (1.0)	ND (1.0)
1,2,4-TMB	95-63-6	130	530	5.1	ND (2.0)	118	1750	1.2 J	ND (2.0)	ND (2.0)
1,3,5-TMB	108-67-8	130	530	1.3 J	ND (2.0)	33.8	424	ND (2.0)	ND (2.0)	ND (2.0)

#### **NOTES:**

ND- Not Detected Or Detected Below The Reporting Limit.

J- Indicates an Estimated Value

TMB - Trimethylbenzene; MTBE - Methyl Tert Butyl Ether; Cumene - Isopropylbenzene

Number in Parentheses Represents Reporting Limit (RL)

All Results Reported in Micrograms per Liter ( $\mu g/l$ )

DATA HIGHLIGHTED IN BLUE REPRESENTS REPORTING LIMIT THAT EXCEEDS PADEP STANDARD

DATA HIGHLIGHTED IN GREY REPRESENTS VALUE DETECTED

DATA HIGHLIGHTED IN YELLOW REPRESENTS ANALYTICAL RESULT EXCEEDS PADEP STANDARD

MSCUAR: Medium-Specific Concentrations for Used Aquifers, Residential

MSCUANR: Medium-Specific Concentrations for Used Aquifers,non- Residential

# TABLE 3 SUMMARY OF VAPOR INTRUSION ANALYTICAL RESULTS

#### 7040 Mill Creek Road Levittown PA, 19057 PI# 09-43609

Sample ID	SS-1A	SS-2								
SAMPLE DATE:	SAMPLE DATE:									
SAMPLE MATRI	X:	Residential	Non-Residential	Soil Gas	Soil Gas					
		$SV_{SS}$	$SV_{SS}$							
ANALYTE	CAS	(μg/m <sup>3</sup> )	(μg/m <sup>3</sup> )	$(\mu g/m^3)$	(μg/m <sup>3</sup> )					
VOLATILE ORGA	NICS									
Benzene	71-43-2	120	2000	ND (2.6)	2.7					
Toluene	108-88-3	200,000	2,800,000	ND (3.0)	18					
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	370	6,300	ND (3.5)	2.7 J					
Xylenes (Total)	1330-20-7	4,000	56,000	ND (3.5)	62					
MTBE	1634-04-4	3600	61000	ND (2.9)	ND (2.9)					
Naphthalene	91-20-3	28	460	ND (4.2)	ND (4.2)					
Cumene	98-82-8	16,000	220,000	ND (3.9)	ND (3.9)					
1,2,4-TMB	95-63-6	2,400	34,000	ND (3.9)	5.9					
1,3,5-TMB	108-67-8	2,400	34,000	ND (3.9)	5.4					

#### **NOTES:**

All results compared with the PADEP's guidance document#261-0300-101,September 29, 2022 for Near Source Vapor Intrusion Screening Values.

SV<sub>SS</sub> -Subslab soil gas Statewide health standard vapor intrusion screening values

MTBE -Methyl Tert-Butyl Ether

TMB -Trimethylbenzene

ND -Not Detected

J -Estimated Value

#### DATA HIGHLIGHTED IN GREY REPRESENTS VALUE DETECTED

DATA HIGHLIGHED IN YELLOW REPRESENTS ANALYTICAL RESULT EXCEEDS PADEP STANDARD

# TABLE 4 SOIL SAMPLE ANALYTICAL RESULTS SUNOCO 7040 MILLCREEK LEVITTOWN PA

GECR Project Number:	P-242				
Sample ID:	•			SB-07	
Sample Date:		Soil SHS MSCs	Soil SHS MSCs	3/5/2024	
Sample Depth:		Residential	NonResidential	10.5' - 11'	
Matrix:	CAS#			Soil	
Volatile Organics					
Benzene	71-43-2	0.13	0.13	ND (0.00048)	
Toluene	108-88-3	44	44	ND (0.00095)	
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	46	46	ND (0.00095)	
Total Xylenes	1330-20-7	990	990	ND (0.00095)	
MTBE	1634-04-4	0.28	0.28	ND (0.00095)	
Naphthalene	91-20-3	25	25	ND (0.0048)	
Cumene	98-82-8	600	2500	ND (0.0019)	
1,2,4-TMB	95-63-6	73	300	ND (0.0019)	
1,3,5-TMB	108-67-8	23	93	ND (0.0019)	
General Chemistry					
Solids, Percent				87.30%	

#### **NOTES:**

ND- NOT DETECTED or detected below the reporting limit.

MTBE - Methyl Tert Butyl Ether

Cumene - Isopropylbenzene

TMB - Trimethylbenzene

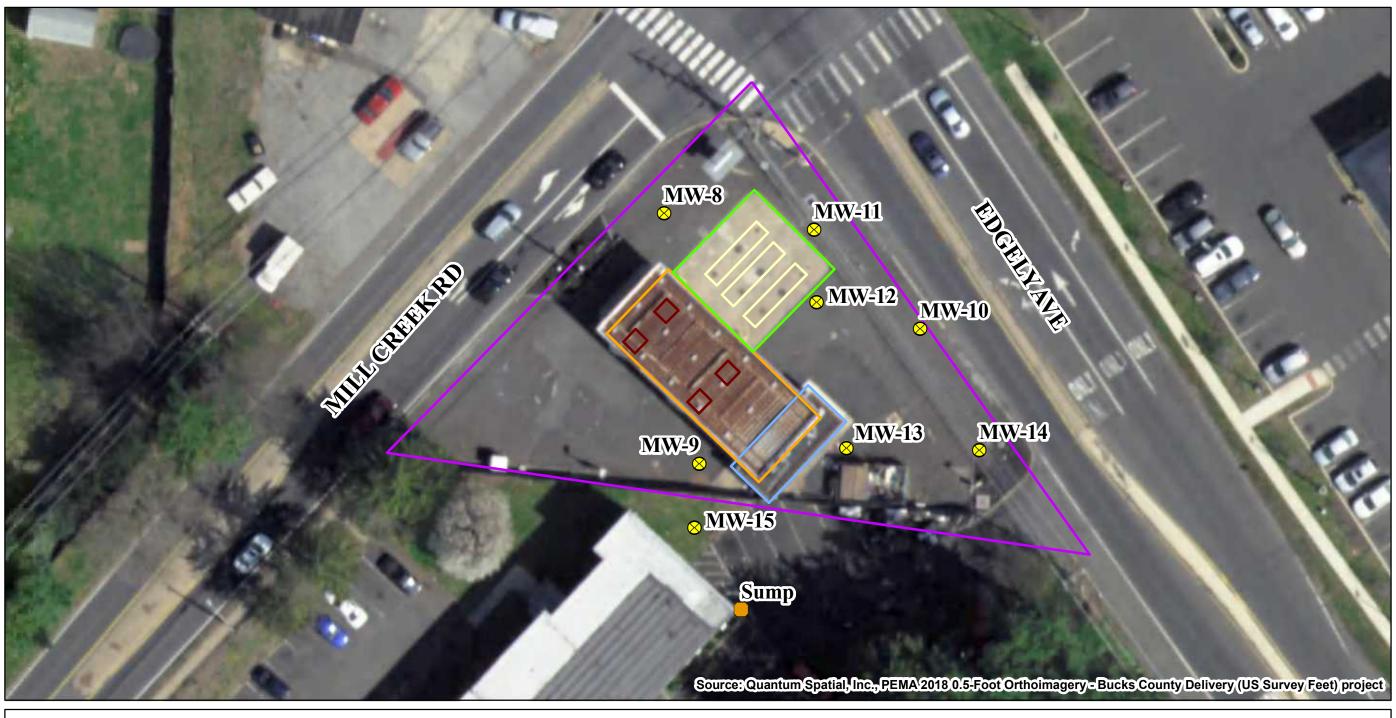
Number in Parentheses represents the Reporting Limit (RL)

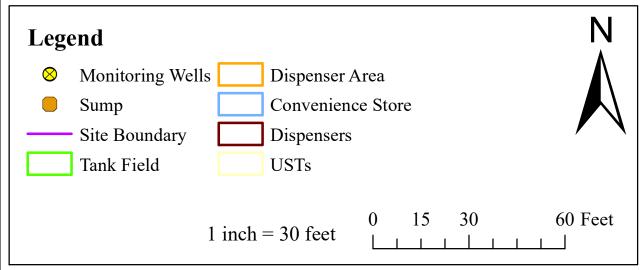
All Results Reported in mg/kg

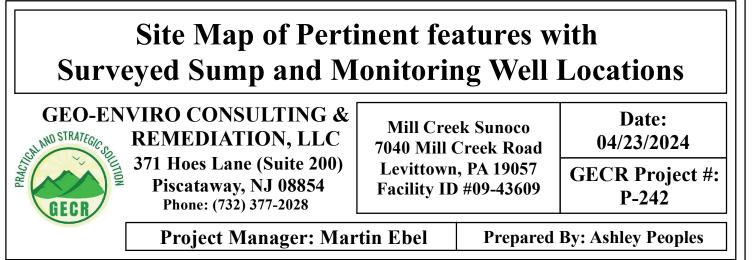
DATA HIGHLIGHTED IN GREY REPRESENTS VALUE DETECTED

DATA HIGHLIGHTED IN YELLOW REPRESENTS ANALYTICAL RESULT EXCEEDS
PADEP STANDARD

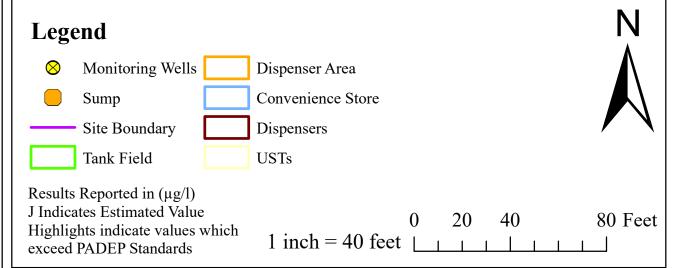
Statewide Health Standards, Medium-Specific Concentrations (Mscs) For Organic Regulated Substances In Soil, Soil to Groundwater Numeric Values











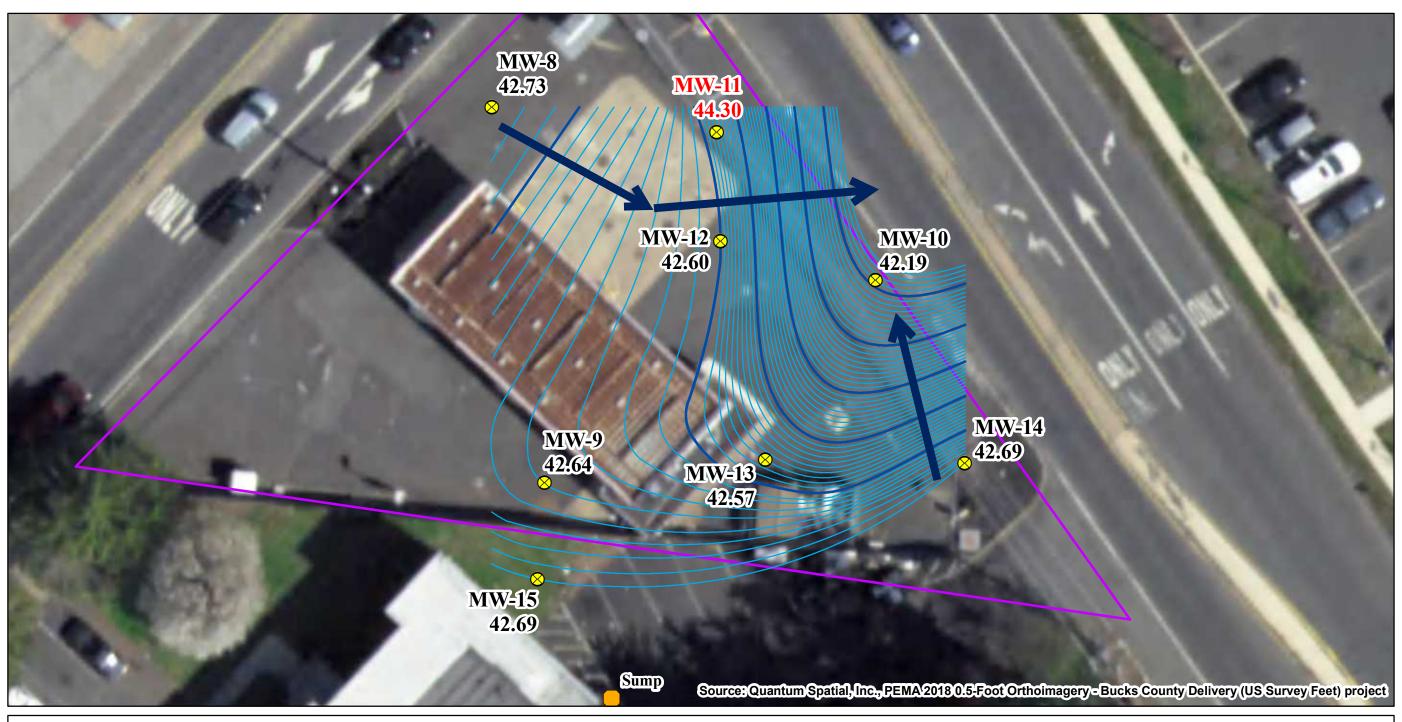
# Figure: Compound Distribution Map for April 2024 Groundwater Sampling Event

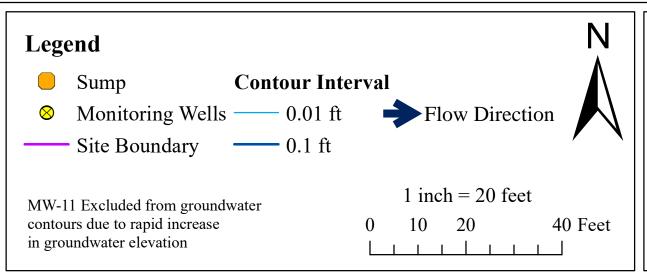
GEO-ENVIRO CONSULTING & REMEDIATION, LLC
371 Hoes Lane (Suite 200)
Piscataway, NJ 08854
Phone: (732) 377-2028

Mill Creek Sunoco 7040 Mill Creek Road Levittown, PA 19057 Facility ID #09-43609 Date: 04/16/2024

GECR Project #: P-242

Project Manager: Martin Ebel





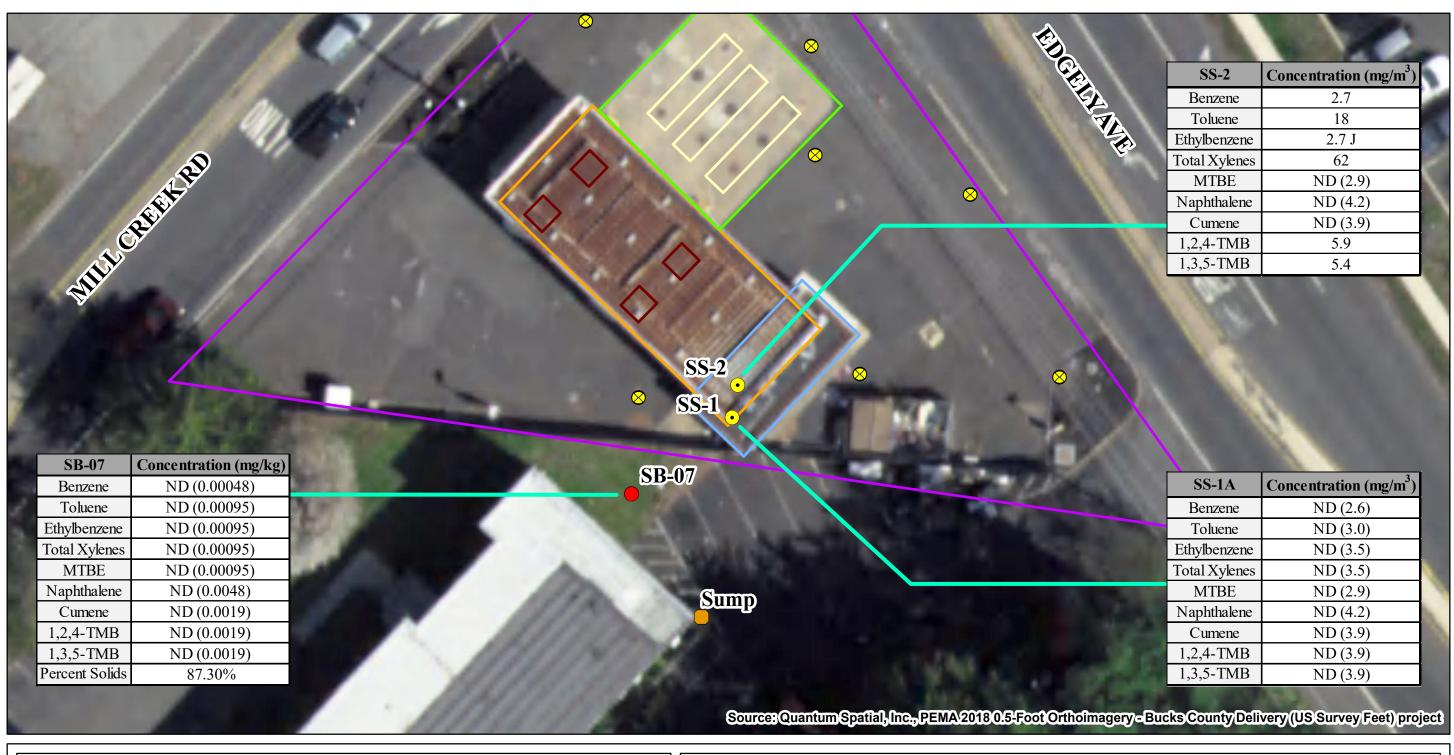
### **Groundwater Contour Map for April 2024 Groundwater Sampling Event**

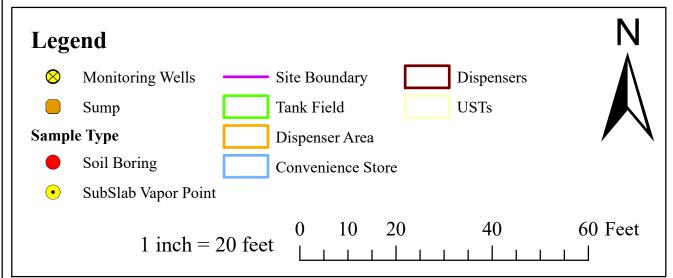
# GEO-ENVIRO CONSULTING & REMEDIATION, LLC

371 Hoes Lane (Suite 200) Piscataway, NJ 08854 Phone: (732) 377-2028 Mill Creek Sunoco 7040 Mill Creek Road Levittown, PA 19057 Facility ID #09-43609 Date: 04/22/2024

GECR Project #: P-242

**Project Manager: Martin Ebel** 





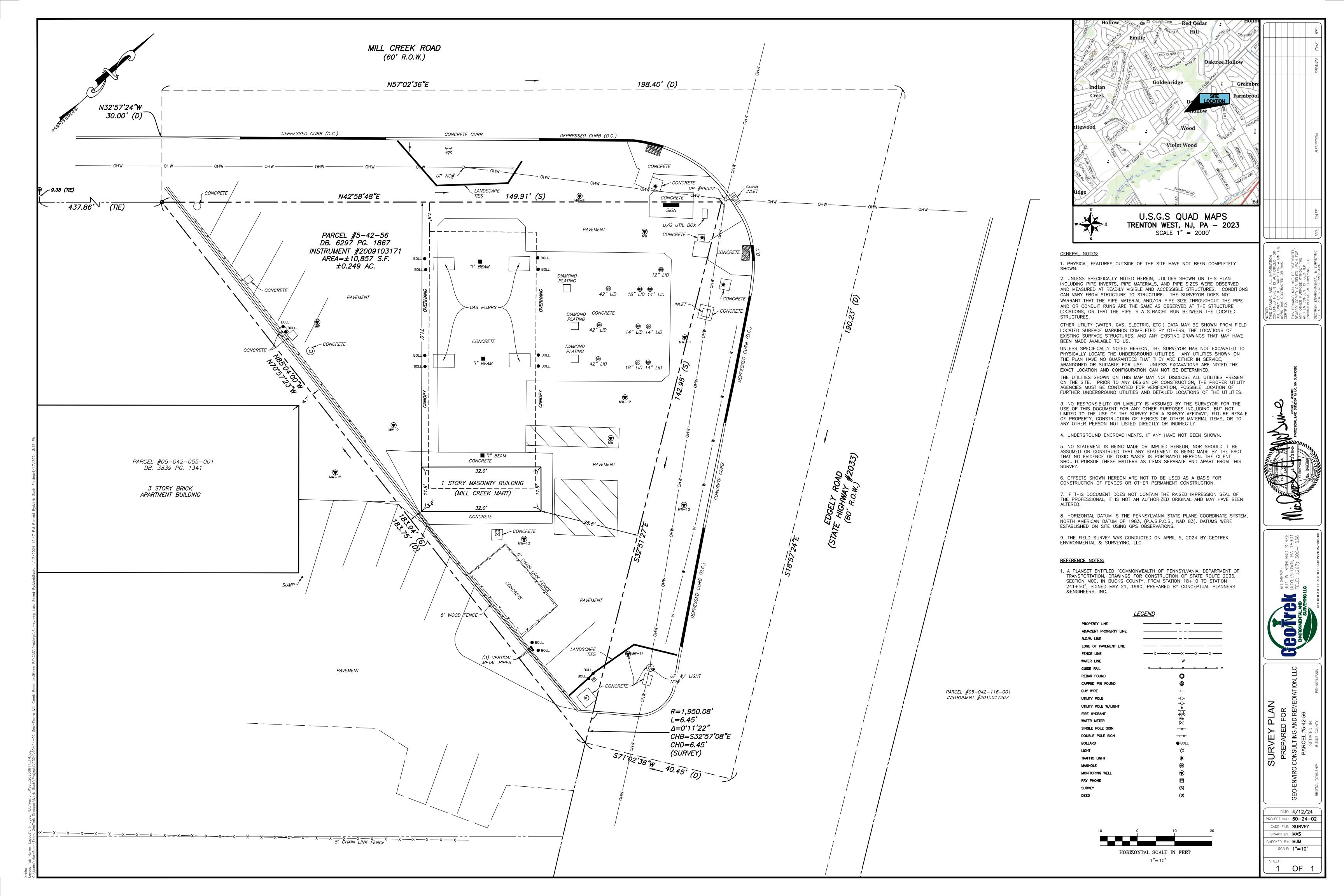
## Compound Distribution Map for March 2024 Soil and Subslab Vapor Sampling Event

GEO-ENVIRO CONSULTING & REMEDIATION, LLC
371 Hoes Lane (Suite 200)
Piscataway, NJ 08854
Phone: (732) 377-2028

Mill Creek Sunoco 7040 Mill Creek Road Levittown, PA 19057 Facility ID #09-43609 Date: 04/19/2024

GECR Project #: P-242

Project Manager: Martin Ebel



#### REQUIRED COVER SHEET FOR THE WORK PLAN

#### WORK PLAN SUBMISSION

#### <u>Preliminary Document - Submitted at the Request of USTIF for Project Planning Purposes</u>

Date: April 28, 2023		
USTIF Claim Number:	20230041	
Claimant Name:	740 Millcreek	of Pa LLC
Date of Release:	March 22, 202	3
Regulated Substance Released Unleaded gasoline Diesel Fuel Oil Other (Please specify)	I	
Cause/Location of Release (if	not known, pleas	e specify): supply line leak
near dispenser 7/8		MONWEAL
DEP Project Officer:	Adam Pelak	PROFESSIONAL MARTIN EBEL
DEP Reference Number:	58718	GEOLOGIST /
Submitted and Sealed By (P.G	.): Martin Ebel	No. PG003883
Claimant's name and email: _	Jai Patheja	sunocostations@gmail.com
Consultant's email: meb	el@geoenviroco	onsulting.com

#### **WORK PLAN**

740 Millcreek of PA LLC 7040 Mill Creek Rd Levittown, Bucks County, PA, 19057 Facility ID # 09-43609 Incident # 58-718

**WORK PLAN** 

#### PREPARED FOR:

Mr. Jai Patheja Mill Creek Sunoco

7040 Mill Creek Road. Levittown, PA 19057

#### PREPARED BY:

Geo-Enviro Consulting & Remediation, LLC. 371 Hoes Lane, (Suite 200) Piscataway, NJ 08854 Phone NO: (732) 377-2028; FAX: (866) 604-2364

April 2023

Prepared By:

Reviewed By

MARTIN EBEL

**PROFESSIONAL** 

**GEOLOGIST** 

Martin Ebel

(Professional Geologist)

Steven Rhein

#### **Table of Content**

INTRODUCTION	3
SECTION 1-SUBJECT PROPERTY HISTORY	
SECTION 2- NATURE OF THE RELEASE	6
SECTION 3- HYDROGEOLOGY	6
SECTION 4: GEOLOGY	ε
SECTION 5: DEEP WELL SPECIAL CASE	7
SECTION 6: RECEPTOR EVALUATION:	7
SECTION 7: SCOPE OF WORK:	8
PROPOSED INTERIM REMEDIAL ACTION	g
PROPOSED SOIL BORINGS, MONITORING WELLS, AND VAPOR POINTS	10
Direct-Push Soil Boring Investigation	10
Reporting	11
Proposed Groundwater Monitoring Well Installations	11
Reporting	12
Vapor Intrusion	12
Reporting	13
SECTION 8: ADDITIONAL TOPICS	13
Additional Receptor Evaluations	13
8.0 DISCLAIMER	15

#### **TABLES**

Table: Well Search

#### **FIGURES**

Figure 1: Site Plan with pertinent features

**Figure 2:** USGS 7.5-minute Quadrangle Map

Figure 3A: Geological Map of the site

Figure 3B: Zoomed in Geological Map of the Site

**Figure 4:** Map showing sensitive populations withing 1000ft.

Figure 5: Proposed Site Action Locations

#### **APPENDICES**

**Appendix A:** Site Reconnaissance Summary

**Appendix B:** Site Restrictions **Appendix C:** Cost Estimate

**Appendix D:** February 2002 RACR **Appendix E:** UST Documentation



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Date: April 1<sup>st</sup>, 2023

**USTIF Claim Number:** 

Claimant Name: 740 Millcreek of PA LLC 7040 Mill Creek Road

Levittown, Bucks County, PA 19057

DEP Facility ID: 09-43609

Regulated Substance Released: Unleaded Gasoline

Cause of Release: Piping between Dispenser and UST leaked, unknown to what extent. Submitted & Sealed by Geo-Environmental Consulting and Remediation LLC (GECR)

Claimant's Name & Email: Jai Patheja; sunocostations@gmail.com

Consultant's email: srhein@geoenviroconsulting.com

#### **INTRODUCTION**

On behalf of Mr. Jai Patheja, owner of the Mill Creek Sunoco, GECR is pleased to submit this Work Plan to USTIF. The subject site is located at 7040 Mill Creek Road, Levittown, PA 19057, Bucks County in Pennsylvania.

#### SECTION 1-SUBJECT PROPERTY HISTORY

The site history is based upon the information provided by the PADEP. The property owner, Mr. Jai Patheja bought the property in April, 2020. The property lies within the southern portion of Bucks County in Bristol Township, Pennsylvania. The site is currently a retail gasoline service station (09-43609) and convenience store.

The site encompasses approximately 0.285 acres and is located at Latitude 40.142 and Longitude -74.846 as shown in United States Geological Survey (USGS) 7.5-minute West Trenton Quadrangle Map attached as **Figure 1.** 

The site contains one UST area, two fuel pump islands with two dispensers each, and a single-story convenience store. Most of the site is covered by asphalt and concrete with a few landscaped areas.

Petroleum products are stored at the site in three USTs. The USTs on-site are all constructed of fiberglass with flex connectors, over fill alarms, and mechanical leak detectors. There is one facility number associated with the site.



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#### Facility ID 09-43609 - MILL CREEK SUNOCO

740 Millcreek of PA LLC operates the business as a convenience store and gasoline service station under Facility ID 09-43609.

#### AOC-1 – Installed 02/01/1990.

- 1. Tank #004 10,000 gallons Regular Unleaded Gasoline, Single Walled Fiberglass, Pressurized, with Leak Detector and Overfill Alarm
- 2. Tank #005 10,000 gallons Regular Unleaded Gasoline, Single Walled Fiberglass, Pressurized, with Leak Detector and Overfill Alarm
- 3. Tank #006 12,000 gallons Super Unleaded Gasoline, Single Walled Fiberglass, Pressurized, with Leak Detector and Overfill Alarm

These are the only currently active tanks.

The site has had several previous USTs on-site:

- Tank 611570-001 16,000-gallon Unleaded Gasoline Closed
- Tank 611571-002 8,0000-gallon Unleaded Gasoline Closed
- Tank 611572-003 16,000-gallon Unleaded Gasoline Closed
- Tank 611576-007 6,000-gallon Unknown Substance Code Closed
- Tank 611577-008 6,000-gallon Unknown Substance Code Closed

The reasons for the closure of these tanks is unknown at this time.

The site is connected to the following utilities:

- o The electricity is provided by PECO Energy Company and is overhead.
- Water is provided by Lower Bucks County Municipal Authority
- o Cable and telephone are provided by Comcast and is overhead.
- Onsite Sewer discharges to a sewer in Mill Creek Road

Generally, the surrounding area is a mixture of commercial and residential properties in all directions around the site.



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The elevation of the property is approximately 46 feet above mean sea level. Topography exhibits a gentle slope towards the southeast. The nearest wetland is a freshwater forest or a shrub wetland, approximately 400 feet east of the property boundary. The nearest waterbody is Mill Creek, 900 feet east of the property boundary. The Site Reconnaissance Summary is included in **Appendix A**.

A figure showing the pertinent site features is attached as **Figure 2** and The Site Reconnaissance Summary is attached in **Appendix A.** A map showing the mapped bedrock geological formations in the area of the site is provided in **Figure 3A** and **Figure 3B** of this report. A sensitive population map along with the nearest water body is attached as **Figure 4**, the well search table is attached as a **Table** and the relevant ordinance documents are included in **Appendix B**.

In **February 2002**, a RACR was filed with the PADEP for releases from liability under Site-Specific Standards at the site. This report is included as **Appendix D**. In summary, the onsite source of contamination to the subsurface had been removed from the site, there are no risk exposure pathways for soil or groundwater, there is no inhalation risk, the contamination present in the groundwater was attributed to an upgradient source, natural attenuation is predicted to reach levels below standards. No further action was necessary at that time.

#### **UST System Testing and Results**

#### August 2020

A minor modification of the USTs occurred on September 2, 2020. The modifications were done in accordance with manufacture's specifications and current industry standards as well as compliance with Fire Safety Requirements.

The modifications made in accordance with PADEP regulations were the removal and replacement of the dispensers for USTs 4, 5, and 6 (listed as 1, 2, 3 above). The UST Modification report is included in **Appendix E**.

#### October 2021

On October 29, 2021, a UST Automatic Line Leak Detector Functionality Test was performed by Bristol Environmental (Company Cert # 1052) to check if there were any issues with the line leak detectors. All lines leak detectors are mechanical and they all passed the test. This report is included in **Appendix E**.

#### January 2022

On January 3, 2022, minor modifications of the USTs were made in accordance with manufacturer's specification and current industry standards. Fire Safety Requirements were not applicable for this modification. For tanks 4, 5, and 6 overfill prevention installation was done through the adding of overfill alarms to each tank. This report is included in **Appendix E**.



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#### March 2023

During a line test on March 22, 2023, one of the unleaded gasoline lines failed the test so a helium test was also done. The test indicated a problem near dispensers 7/8 on the #7 side relating to Tank #006. Free product was found within the nearby observation well.

A claim was called in with USTIF and GECR went to the site to draw out product from the observation well.

#### **SECTION 2- NATURE OF THE RELEASE**

Based upon the information available to GECR at the time of this work plan, the location of the leak was determined to be near dispenser 7/8 on the #7 side. for Tank #006 (12,000-gallon unleaded regular gasoline UST) which had failed the line test. The UST is located in the tank field as shown in **Figure 2**. The line that leaked was removed from usage and subsequently repaired. The data gathered indicates a chronic release; however, the estimated volume of released unleaded gasoline is unknown. The total time of the leak is unknown, and can be between 1 and 11 months, from the last line test to the most recent test done when it seemed that the tank took on water. Bristol Environmental Services was contracted to examine the leak location and provide repairs over several days in late March and early April.

#### <u>SECTION 3- HYDROGEOLOGY</u>

The subject site is at 7040 Mill Creek Road, Levittown, Bucks County, Pennsylvania, 19057 and is in Bristol Township. The property covers approximately 0.285 acres and is located at latitude 40.142 and longitude -74.846 as shown in USGS 7.5-minute Trenton West Quadrangle Map attached as **Figure 1.** 

The site is at an elevation of approximately 46 feet above mean sea level and shows natural gentle slope towards the east. Well logs and soil boring logs from previous investigations to the site are available, showing that the water table is around five feet deep. The exact direction of groundwater flow is unknown but based on the topography of the region, it most likely flows southeast from the site.

Surface water bodies within one mile include Mill Creek (900 feet east, 35 feet above sea level (asl)), the Delaware Canal (5,250 feet southeast, 25 feet asl), two unnamed streams (950 ft northwest, 55 feet asl; 4,500 feet east, 30 feet asl), and wetlands (400 feet east and 1,900 feet south, both at 35 feet asl).

#### SECTION 4: GEOLOGY

Based on the USGS online search and EMap PA online databased, the bedrock geology below the site is the Wissahickon Formation and Mafic Gneiss, which is lower Paleozoic and characterized by oligoclasemica schist, hornblende gneiss, general gneiss, and mafic gneiss.



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Based on the well logs and soil boring logs, from 0-5 feet is 0-3" blacktop, angular fill with fine brown sand and black organic matter. From 5-13 feet there is brown-gray sand with trace of silt. From 13-25 feet there is brownish-gray sand with miscellaneous pebbles. A map showing the mapped bedrock geological formations in the area of the site is provided in **Figure 3A** and **Figure 3B** of this report.

#### SECTION 5: DEEP WELL SPECIAL CASE:

Not Applicable.

#### **SECTION 6: RECEPTOR EVALUATION:**

#### Sensitive Receptors, and Nearest Waterbodies

- The nearest school is Ralph Waldo Emerson Elementary School located approximately 2,300 feet southwest of the site,
- Nearest childcare is Child Guidance Center Daycare located approximately 600 feet southwest of the site,
- Nearest elderly care is Mercy Compassionate Home Care located approximately one mile north of the site.
- Nearest Hospital is Lower Bucks Hospital located 2.75 miles southwest of the site, and
- There are no domestic water supply wells located within a 1,000-foot radius of the site boundary.
- Outside of the property to the northwest around to the southeast of the site are all residential properties, except for some commercial sites to the north and west.

These are considered potential receptors to the Site.

The nearest wetland is a freshwater, forested, or shrub wetland located approximately 400 feet east of the property boundary.

GECR will conduct a Pennsylvania Natural Diversity Inventory (PNDI) search within a ½-mile radius of the site and perform a well search during the site characterization process and will notify ICF/PADEP if additional investigation is warranted for any identified receptors.

A map showing the wetlands is provided as **Figure 4**, and the well search is attached as a **Table**.



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#### **SECTION 7: PROPOSED WELLS AND BORINGS:**

GECR recommends the following activities for the release that occurred on 03/22/2023:

- 1. Continue Intermedial Remedial Action for the current release.
- 2. Conduct a geophysical investigation at the site to confirm the presence of any underground pipelines, utilities, or any other anomalies.
- 3. Conduct a soil investigation around the tank field area in all directions, the sampling area may extend beyond the UST field depending on PID readings and field observations to determine the extent of soil impact from the release.
- 4. Soil samples will be collected from both saturated and unsaturated zones based on field observations. Soil cuttings will be drummed up and disposal will be necessary.
- 5. Since LNAPL has been detected, a groundwater investigation will be necessary and proper procedures pursuant to the PADEP standards will be taken.
- 6. Depending upon the results of groundwater samples, additional monitoring wells might be necessary. If so, the locations of monitoring wells for groundwater investigation at the site will be evaluated.
- 7. Any monitoring wells will be developed by the well drillers upon well completion. Monitoring well development will be conducted in accordance with standard industry practices and the PADEP Land Recycling Technical Guidance Manual (TGM).
- 8. After installation, wells will be surveyed for position in order to verify their location.
- 9. The monitoring wells will be sampled twice, the initial sampling round will be collected at least 14 days after monitoring well development and the groundwater sampling rounds will be separated by at least 60 to 90 days to comply with Section II(B)(3)(c)(i) of the PADEP Land Recycling TGM. During each round of sampling, the monitoring wells will be purged in accordance with the PADEP Land Recycling TGM.
- 10. Pending analytical results, the monitoring wells will be gauged, purged, and sampled on a quarterly basis after the second round of sampling and will be conducted in accordance with the applicable methodologies as per the PADEP Land Recycling TGM. The purged water will be treated with a granular activated carbon (GAC) filter and discharged to the ground surface.
- 11. Prior to the commencement of groundwater sampling, all wells will be gauged for the presence of free product and groundwater levels will be measured using an interface probe. If LPH is



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encountered, bailing will be performed to recover the free product. Based upon synoptic groundwater gauging with an electronic depth-to-water meter, the groundwater flow direction for the site will be calculated.

- 12. If LPH is discovered, monthly gauging of the monitoring wells will be conducted to monitor the presence of LPH/free product in any of the monitoring wells.
- 13. If LPH is discovered, GECR will conduct interim remedial measures, such as bailing the product or applying sorbent materials or socks, as necessary, in any affected monitoring or recovery well. If this does not suffice, GECR may choose to implement vacuum extraction, as a more aggressive method for the removal of any LNAPL, as necessary.
- 14. GECR may also conduct a near-source and/or sub-slab vapor intrusion investigations by buildings, the nearest receptor of concern or other underground potential receptors of concern to determine if vapor intrusion has occurred above acceptable health-based risk levels as a result of any release to soil and/or groundwater.
- 15. Well canvassing within a 1,000 ft radius of the site boundary will be conducted to determine if any domestic, irrigation or any private wells are present. If identified, those wells will be sampled, and the results will be provided to the PADEP and well owner.
- 16. If the private wells detect contamination associated with site-related constituents, further plan of action will be evaluated.
- 17. As necessary, GECR shall conduct additional receptor evaluations at the site inclusive of residence and subsurface evaluations, and vapor intrusion investigations of nearby manways, vaults and/or stormwater catch basins at, and immediately surrounding, the Site.
- 18. As analytical data is gathered and evaluated during the course of the above-referenced investigations, GECR may change or modify the steps and/or actions involved in the remedial activities applied at the subject site.

#### PROPOSED INTERIM REMEDIAL ACTION

In order to begin dealing with contamination caused by the leak, GECR proposes several interim remedial actions to be taken in order to limit the spread of the contamination as well as begin delineation:

- Continual and regular monitoring of the on-site observation as well as bailing out of free product when necessary.
- The installation of two vapor points on the border of the property with the neighboring apartment building. This is shown in **Figure 5**.
- Fluid recovery events

# GEGR GEGR

#### GEO-ENVIRO CONSULTING & REMEDIATION LLC (GECR)

371 Hoes Lane, (Suite 200), Piscataway NJ 08854 Phone: (732) 377-2028, Fax # 866-604-2364 Email: admin@geoenviroconsulting.com www.gecr.org

• If more aggressive action is needed prior to complete delineation, actions will be taken in order to keep the situation under control.

#### PROPOSED SOIL BORINGS, MONITORING WELLS, AND VAPOR POINTS

As part of site characterization, GECR proposes the following soil investigation of the tank field area to determine the nature and extent of the suspected soil contamination:

- If contamination exists based on visual, olfactory, or analytical observations (e.g. PID) in the soil, further characterization will be conducted to delineate impacted soil by collecting additional soil samples.
- During the soil sampling, if the groundwater is encountered or if the soil sampling results exceed PADEP applicable soil standards, a groundwater investigation will be conducted.
- If the soil or groundwater sampling results exceed the PADEP applicable vapor intrusion standards, vapor intrusion sampling will be conducted.

The cost estimate to perform this site characterization is included in **Appendix** C.

#### **Direct-Push Soil Boring Investigation**

To investigate the reported release on 03/22/2023, GECR proposes to conduct soil borings advanced into the overburden using direct push sampling methodology. This shall be completed to characterize/delineate the soil at the site both horizontally and vertically. The locations of the soil borings shall be performed around the unleaded gasoline UST tank field area and the approximate location of the leak (Area #1).

#### **Initial Soil Sampling**

In order to investigate the impact of the release on the overburden soil, GECR is proposing:

- Conduct soil sampling at approximately eight initial soil borings locations around Area #1 (SB-1 through SB-8) around all accessible directions approximately 20 ft 30 feet apart.
- The soil borings will be advanced to the depth of approximately 10 feet, bedrock refusal or groundwater, whichever is encountered first. The soil samples retrieved from the sampling liners will be screened with a calibrated photo-ionization detector (PID) instrument and soil samples with the highest meter readings shall be collected for laboratory analyses.
- The samples will be sent to the PADEP certified laboratory, in an ice-filled cooler maintained at a temperature from 4 degree Celsius for analyses for the PADEP's shortlist unleaded gasoline parameters.
- Soil boring logs shall also be interpreted by a GECR environmental scientist and confirmed for accuracy by a PA licensed Professional Geologist (PG).



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• Vacuum cleaning or soft digging is also recommended, prior to advancement of the soil boring into the subsurface, to approximately 5 feet below the ground surface (bgs) at each location to prevent the damage/breakage of product piping, vapor recovery lines, or subsurface utilities during the drilling activities.

The actual locations and the total number of soil borings will be determined/confirmed based upon geophysical survey/soft dig activities. The proposed soil sample locations are shown in **Figure 5.** 

#### **Delineation Soil Sampling**

If the soil sampling results detect contamination that needs further characterized, additional delineation soil sampling will be conducted, as necessary. If appropriate, GECR will recommend additional soil borings to determine the extent of soil impacts associated with the release.

- At the time of initial soil sampling, if high PID readings are measured in the soil sample, delineation borings will be conducted 5-10 ft away from the initial soil borings in all accessible directions.
- The soil borings will advance to a depth of approximately 15-20-ft, bedrock refusal or groundwater, whichever is encountered first. Each liner retrieved shall be screened with a calibrated PID instrument and soil samples with the highest PID readings shall be collected for laboratory analyses.
- These delineation soil samples will be kept on hold, if the related initial soil samples detect
  exceedances of PADEP's applicable soil standards, then the delineation soil samples will be
  analyzed for PADEP's shortlist unleaded gasoline constituents.
- At this time the exact number of delineation soil borings cannot be determined.
- Soil boring logs shall also be interpreted by a GECR environmental scientist during the investigation and confirmed for accuracy by a PADEP licensed PG.
- Vac-clearing or soft digging is also recommended to approximately 5 feet bgs at each soil boring location to prevent the breakage of product piping, vapor recovery lines, or subsurface utilities during the boring advancement activities.

#### Reporting

The findings of the analytical data collected for soil quality, as proposed above, shall be documented in a Site Characterization/Remedial Action Plan (SCR/RAP) that will be submitted to the PADEP for review and approval.

#### **Proposed Groundwater Monitoring Well Installations**

To investigate the reported release of 03/22/2023, GECR proposes the following if groundwater or bedrock is encountered before the extent of clean soil are determined to be vertically delineated in the subsurface:

• Installation of temporary well points at the soil boring locations with the highest PID readings.



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- Grab groundwater samples will be collected and analyzed for the PADEP's shortlist unleaded gasoline parameters to confirm if the monitoring well installations are necessary.
- Based on the analytical results of the proposed soil boring and/or temporary well point
  investigations, permanent monitoring and/or recovery wells will be installed to assess groundwater
  quality conditions at the site, as necessary.
- GECR understands the temporary well sampling results may not be sufficient in the evaluation of
  the groundwater quality at the site but will be evaluated to support the placement of permanent
  monitoring wells that may be required at the site.

At this point, the extent of contamination, the depth to groundwater or bedrock at the site are unknown. Determination will be done based on site observations and site analytical's (e.g. PID readings). Therefore, GECR is proposing the following scope of work, pending sampling results indicate contamination beneath the site:

- Three monitoring wells advanced to a depth of 10-15 feet, constructed of 4-inch diameter PVC depending upon the groundwater conditions encountered during drilling activities. 4-inch diameter wells will allow for both sampling and vacuuming out of material if need be.
- The wells will be flush-mounted, screen intervals from approximately 3 feet to 13 feet deep. Ultimately, the well screen interval will be selected to intercept the water table, as directed by a PA licensed PG, based on the depth of the saturated zone at the time of the investigation.
- All the groundwater samples shall be analyzed for water quality analyses for PADEP's shortlist of unleaded gasoline parameters for two rounds (60 to 90 days apart) and thereafter scheduled for quarterly sampling, pending results.
- All proposed soil boring and monitoring well locations will be surveyed by a PA licensed surveyor.

The proposed monitoring wells locations are presented in Figure 5.

#### Reporting

The findings of the analytical data collected for soil and groundwater quality as proposed above shall be documented in the SCR/RAP for the service station.

#### **Vapor Intrusion**

To investigate the indoor air quality at the nearest receptor and the nearest residence, the office area of the current convenience store, GECR may recommend vapor intrusion investigations pending soil and/or groundwater results. This investigation is subjected to change pending the soil and groundwater sampling analytical results above their respective vapor screening levels. Currently, GECR initially and tentatively proposes the following:

- Two sub-slab vapor intrusion points at locations in front of the site-building (convenience store).
- Two vapor points along the boundary toward the townhouse.

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#### GEO-ENVIRO CONSULTING & REMEDIATION LLC (GECR)

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- The vapor intrusion points shall be installed one foot above the water table in the overburden to determine if a pathway exists from the release that may adversely affect indoor air quality above acceptable risk limits. These vapor points are proposed to be drilled and installed by a contracted drilling company during the above-referenced investigations.
- Following installation, two rounds of soil gas samples from the vapor points will be collected with airtight connections to vacuum collection Summa canisters. The second round will be approximately three months after the first round.
- The soil gas samples shall be analyzed via analytical method TO-15 for the PADEP's shortlist of unleaded gasoline compounds, including 1,2,4-TMB and 1,3,5-TMB. The results of these samples shall be compared to the PADEP's current sub-surface and near-source screening lists for each of the unleaded gasoline compounds.

This will confirm whether a pathway exists and whether the pathway may adversely affect the indoor air quality of the on-site office area above acceptable indoor air quality criteria. The proposed locations for the proposed on-site, sub-slab and near-source vapor intrusion points are presented in **Figure 5.** Please note that additional VI activities or investigations may also become necessary based on the findings of the initial VI investigation and/or based on the proximity and extent of impact from the current release relative to the locations of other subsurface utilities and access ways at or near the site or other potential offsite receptors, as deemed necessary.

#### Reporting

The findings of the analytical data collected for vapor quality as proposed above shall be documented in the SCR/RAP for the service station.

#### **Contingency:**

If the soil or groundwater sampling results do not exceed the PADEP applicable vapor intrusion standards, the vapor intrusion sampling will not be conducted.

#### **SECTION 8: ADDITIONAL TOPICS**

#### **Additional Receptor Evaluations**

Additional receptor evaluations that shall be conducted for the site and documented in the forthcoming SCR/RAP include the following:



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- The wetlands search in the vicinity of the site shall be conducted to determine whether any mapped wetlands may be at risk near the site.
- An updated receptor search shall be conducted to determine if there are any neighboring medical facilities and/or childcare facilities that are at risk of exposure, within a 1,000-foot radius of the site.
- An investigation of the air quality within adjacent stormwater and/or surface water catch basins via
  the use of a calibrated PID shall be conducted to assess if any potential adverse exposure pathways
  exist within these structures.

All the above sensitive receptor searches shall be included and documented in the SCR/RAP for the site. A map showing sensitive properties within a 1,000-foot buffer zone is provided in **Figure 4**, the well search is attached as a **Table** and the relevant ordinance documents are included in **Appendix B**.



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#### 9.0 DISCLAIMER

This Work Plan was prepared for the sole use of GECR. The conclusions provided by GECR throughout this investigation are based solely on the information reported in this document. Future investigative site information not available to GECR at the time of this report preparation may result in a modification of the conclusions stated above. The conclusions presented are based solely on the current regulations and may require revision if future regulatory changes occur. All field activities will be performed in accordance with the generally accepted hydrogeologic practices and under the guidelines set forth by the PADEP <u>Technical Document</u> - <u>Closure of Underground Storage Tanks</u> and <u>Pennsylvania's Land Recycling Program.</u> No other warranty, expressed or implied, is made.



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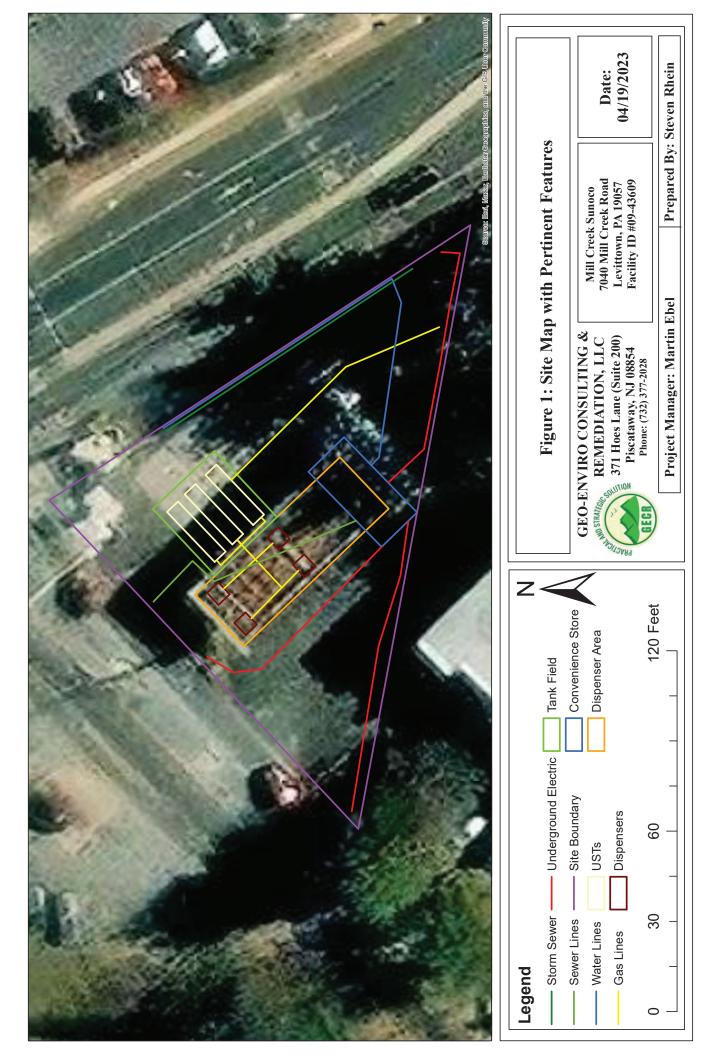
### **TABLES**

PA Well ID Well Record	Mapped County	y Municipality Quadrangle	Latitude (DD) Lo	ongitude (DD) 3	( )	Location Method	Well Address	Well Zip Code Original Owner		e Topography	Elevation (ft) Elevation Method			Well Use	Data Source	Depth-Data Source		Permit Number Local We	I ID Remarks
68921 https://www.pagwisdriller.dcnr.pa.gov/PAGEOO/PaGeodSearch/Wellinformation/68921	Yes BUCKS		40.12722	-74.835	398454.075	471432.031		DIEGIDIO I		VALLEY FLAT				WITHDRAWAL	PAGS WWI PAPER		LOCATION MAY NOT BE ACCURATE (WWI paper)	5824N	
4727 https://www.pagwisdriller.dcnr.pa.gov/PAGEOD/PaGeodSearch/Wellinformation/4727	Yes BUCKS		40.12778	-74.82722	400630.233	471627.914		BRISTOL BOROLIGH		VALLEY FLAT	15 INTERPOLATED FROM TOPOGRAPHIC MAP			WITHDRAWAL	USGS - GWSI		NOT FLD CHECKED, RPRTING AGENCY CONSIDERS IT CK (DEP WSM, WWI web)	BK 1277	
4728 https://www.pagwisdriller.dcnr.pa.gov/PAGEOD/PaGeodSearch/Wellinformation/4728	Yes BUCKS		40.12778	-74.8275	400551.941	471628.202		BRISTOL BOROLIGH		FLAT SURFACE				WITHDRAWAL	USGS - GWSI		FIELD CHECKED BY REPORTING AGENCY (PaDAg pest. survey)	BK 563	
4729 https://www.pagwisdriller.dcnr.pa.gov/PAGEDD/PaGeodSearch/Wellinformation/4729	Yes BUCKS	BRISTOL TRENTON WEST	40.12778	-74.82778	400473.65	471628.491		BRISTOL BOROUGH	WELL	VALLEY FLAT	20 INTERPOLATED FROM TOPOGRAPHIC MAP	10	PUBLIC SUPPLY	WITHDRAWAL	USGS - GWSI		FIELD CHECKED BY REPORTING AGENCY (PaDAg pest. survey)	BK 562	
69051 https://www.pagwisdriller.dcnr.pa.gov/PAGEDD/PaGeodSearch/Wellinformation/69051	Yes BUCKS	BRISTOL TRENTON WEST	40.13444	-74.83778	397686.738	474054.923		LEVITTOWN HOWR	WELL				DOMESTIC	WITHDRAWAL	PAGS WWI PAPER		LOCATION MAY NOT BE ACCURATE (WWI paper)	X 3940	
297012 https://www.pagwisdriller.dcnr.pa.gov/PAGEOD/PaGeodSearch/Wellinformation/297012	Yes BUCKS		40.13292	-74.83716	397857.981	473510.591 Digital Quadrangle Map	2040 EDGELY ROAD, LEVITTOWN	JOE INGRASSIA	WELL		0			WITHDRAWAL	PAGS WWI PAPER		MINIMAL DATA		UPDATED BY AR 2-28-19
64G269 https://www.pagwisdriller.dcnr.pa.gov/PAGEOD/PaGeodSearch/Wellinformation/646269	Yes BUCKS		40.12799	-74.82809	400387.252	471705.305 Commercial Street Atlas Program	7480 North Radcliffe Street	19007 AquaPA	WELL					WITHDRAWAL	PAGS WWI ELECTRONIC				
646270 https://www.pagwisdriller.dcnr.pa.gov/PAGEOD/PaGeodSearch/Wellinformation/646270			40.12785	-74.82728	400613.55	471653.474 Commercial Street Atlas Program	7480 North Radcliffe Street	19007 AquaPA	WELL					WITHDRAWAL	PAGS WWI ELECTRONIC				
687948 https://www.pagwisdriller.dcnr.pa.gov/PAGEOO/PaGeodSearch/Wellinformation/687948	Yes BUCKS		40.14	-74.865	390084.731	476120.292 Commercial Street Atlas Program	3710 Reedman Ave	19057 Oh Jonathan	WELL					WITHDRAWAL	PAGS WWI ELECTRONIC				
4731 https://www.pagwisdriller.dcnr.pa.gov/PAGEDD/PaGeodSearch/Wellinformation/4731	Yes BUCKS	BRISTOL TRENTON WEST	40.12806	-74.82667	400784.395	471729.341		BRISTOL BOROUGH	WELL	VALLEY FLAT	10 INTERPOLATED FROM TOPOGRAPHIC MAP	5	PUBLIC SUPPLY	WITHDRAWAL	USGS - GWSI		NOT FLD CHECKED, RPRTING AGENCY CONSIDERS IT DK (DEP WSM, WWI web)	BK 1279	
4765 https://www.pagwisdriller.dcnr.pa.gov/PAGEDD/PaGeodSearch/Wellinformation/4765	Yes BUCKS	BRISTOL TRENTON WEST	40.13194	-74.82889	400158.885	473144.954		L D DAVIS CD	WELL	VALLEY FLAT	20 INTERPOLATED FROM TOPOGRAPHIC MAP	10	INDUSTRIAL	WITHDRAWAL	USGS - GWSI		FIELD CHECKED BY REPORTING AGENCY (PaDAg pest. survey)	BK 560	
4767 https://www.pagwisdriller.dcnr.pa.gov/PAGEDD/PaGeodSearch/Wellinformation/4767	Yes BUCKS	BRISTOL TRENTON WEST	40.13222	-74.82917	400090.976	473247.236		L D DAVIS CO	WELL	VALLEY FLAT	20 INTERPOLATED FROM TOPOGRAPHIC MAP	10	INDUSTRIAL	WITHDRAWAL	USGS - GWSI		FIELD CHECKED BY REPORTING AGENCY (PaDAg pest. survey)	BK 561	
658466 https://www.pagwisdriller.donr.pa.gov/PAGEOD/PaGeodSearch/Wellinformation/658466			40.15467	-74.85655	392468.479	481454.399 Commercial Street Atlas Program	4216 Woodbourne Road	19057 Five Points Retail Properties	WELL					WITHDRAWAL	PAGS WWI ELECTRONIC			05-18-018	
4769 https://www.pagwisdriller.dcnr.pa.gov/PAGEOD/PaGeodSearch/Wellinformation/4769	Yes BUCKS		40.1325	-74.82889	400169.64	473348.939		L D DAWS CD		UNKNOWN	20 INTERPOLATED FROM TOPOGRAPHIC MAP			WITHDRAWAL	USGS - GWSI		FIELD CHECKED BY REPORTING AGENCY (PaDAg pest. survey)	BK 559	
4730 https://www.pagwisdriller.dcnr.pa.gov/PAGEOD/PaGeodSearch/Wellinformation/4730	Yes BUCKS	BRISTOL TRENTON WEST	40.12806	-74.82611	400940.977	471728.766		BRISTOL BOROLIGH		VALLEY FLAT	10 INTERPOLATED FROM TOPOGRAPHIC MAP			WITHDRAWAL	USGS - GWSI		NOT FLD CHECKED, RPRTING AGENCY CONSIDERS IT CK (DEP WSM, WWI web)	BK 1279	
4732 https://www.pagwisdriller.dcnr.pa.gov/PAGEOD/PaGeodSearch/Wellinformation/4732			40.12806	-74.82806	400395.734	471730.772		BRISTOL BOROLIGH		VALLEY FLAT	20 INTERPOLATED FROM TOPOGRAPHIC MAP			WITHDRAWAL	USGS - GWSI		NOT FLD CHECKED, RPRTING AGENCY CONSIDERS IT CK (DEP WSM, WWI web)	BK 1270	
68990 https://www.pagwisdriller.dcnr.pa.gov/PAGEDD/PaGeodSearch/Wellinformation/68990	Yes BUCKS	BRISTOL TRENTON WEST	40.13194	-74.83528	398382.268	473151.628		MAGILO MRS C	WELL	HILLSIDE			DOMESTIC	WITHDRAWAL	PAGS WWI PAPER		LOCATION MAY NOT BE ACCURATE (WWI paper)	X 0180	
296948 https://www.pagwisdriller.dcnr.pa.gov/PAGEDD/PaGeodSearch/Wellinformation/296948	Yes BUCKS	BRISTOL TRENTON WEST	40.132	-74.83163	399402.874	473169.656 Unknown	7601 BRISTOL PIKE	19057 FUEL SERVING	WELL		0		DOMESTIC	WITHDRAWAL	PAGS WWI PAPER		UNKNOWN		UPDATED BY AR 8-18-17
511934 https://www.pagwisdriller.donr.pa.gov/PAGEOD/PaGeodSearch/Wellinformation/511934	Yes BUCKS		40.14008	-74.8324	399198.592	476113.675 GPS - Global Positioning System	220 Haines Rd.	19055 James Buchanan Elementary School	WELL				GEOTHERMAL	GEOTHERMAL - CLOSED LOOP	PAGS WWI ELECTRONIC			W0513233	
511962 https://www.pagwisdriller.donr.pa.gov/PAGEOD/PaGeodSearch/Wellinformation/511962	Yes BUCKS	BRISTOL	40.13957	-74.85391	393184.461	475951.121 GPS - Global Positioning System	6501 Mill Creek Rd.	19057 Ralph Waldo Emerson Elementary School	WELL				GEOTHERMAL	GEOTHERMAL - CLOSED LOOP	PAGS WWI ELECTRONIC			W0513232	
480856 https://www.pagwisdriller.donr.pa.gov/PAGEOD/PaGeodSearch/Wellinformation/480856	Yes BUCKS		40.1564	-74.8484	394748.898	482075.534 Commercial Street Atlas Program	297 Cedar Lane, Fairless Hills, PA	Johnsthon Way, LLC	WELL				OTHER	WITHDRAWAL	PAGS WWI ELECTRONIC				
485336 https://www.pagwisdriller.dcnr.pa.gov/PAGEOD/PaGeodSearch/Wellinformation/485336		BRISTOL	40.14997	-74.83967	397179.942	479723.891 GPS - Global Positioning System	26 Oval Turn Lane	19055 Jeffrey Bartron	WELL					WITHDRAWAL	PAGS WWI ELECTRONIC			05-11-089	
64G195 https://www.pagwisdriller.dcnr.pa.gov/PAGEOD/PaGeodSearch/Wellinformation/646195		BRISTOL	40.12778	-74.82569	400778.427	471627.369 GPS - Global Positioning System	7480 North Radcliffe Street	19007 AquaPA	WELL					WITHDRAWAL	PAGS WWI ELECTRONIC				
485334 https://www.pagwisdriller.dcnr.pa.gov/PAGEOD/PaGeodSearch/Wellinformation/485334	Yes BUCKS	BRISTOL	40.14997	-74.83967	397179.942	479723.891 GPS - Global Positioning System	26 Oval Turn Lane	19055 Jeffrey Bartron	WELL				GEOTHERMAL	GEOTHERMAL	PAGS WWI ELECTRONIC			05-11-089	

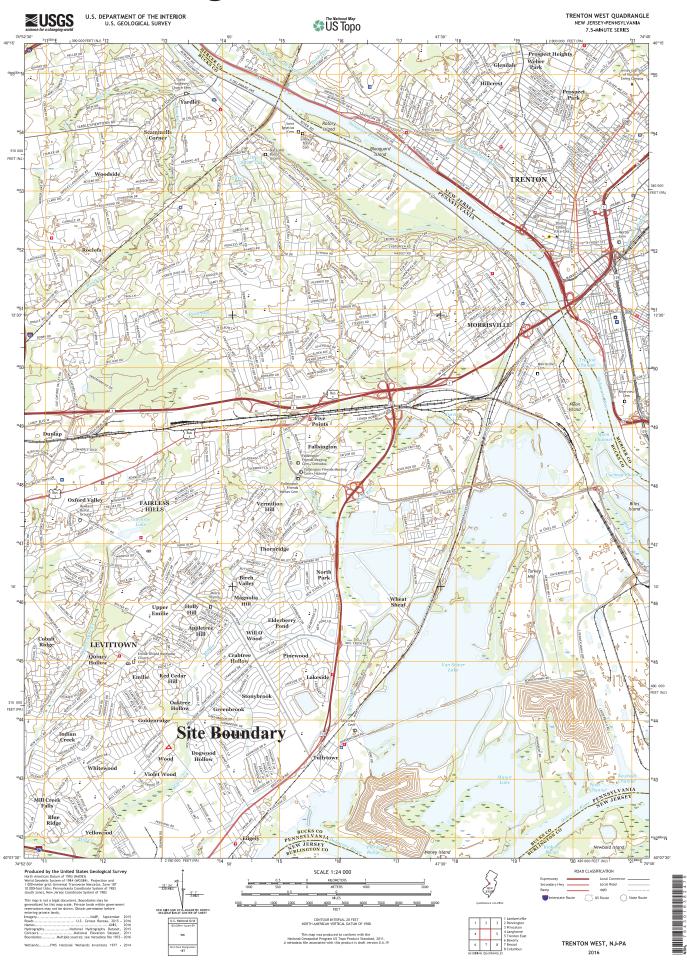


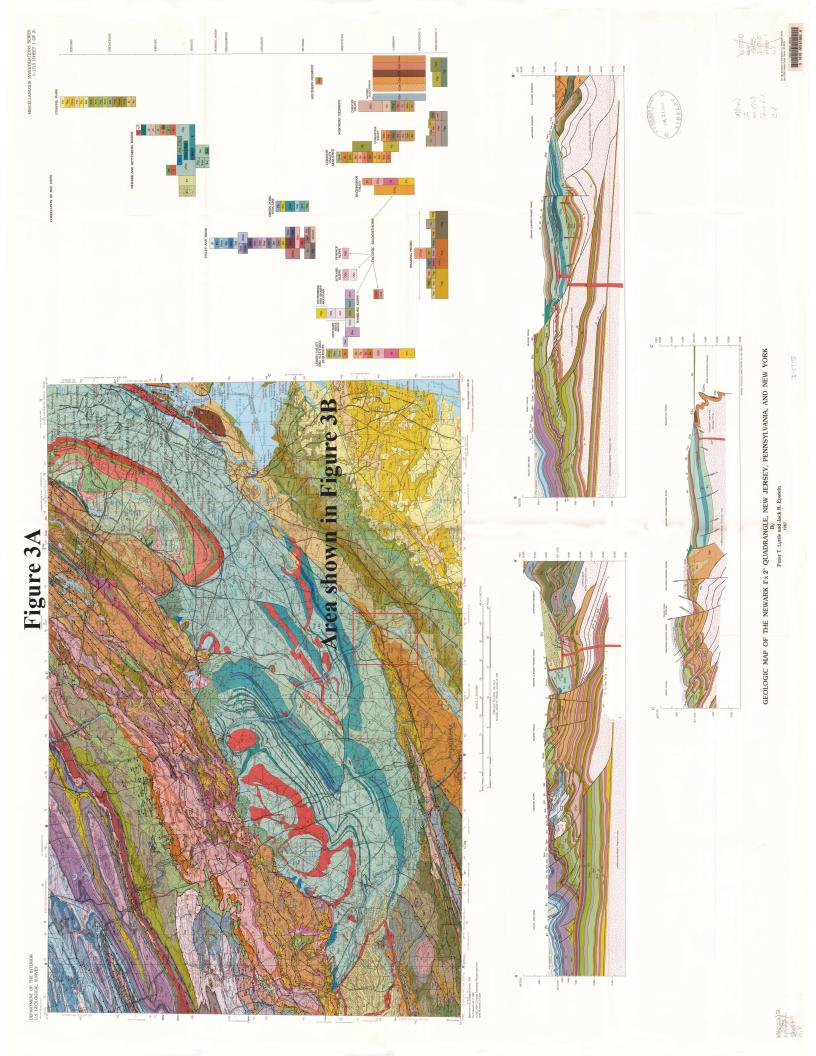
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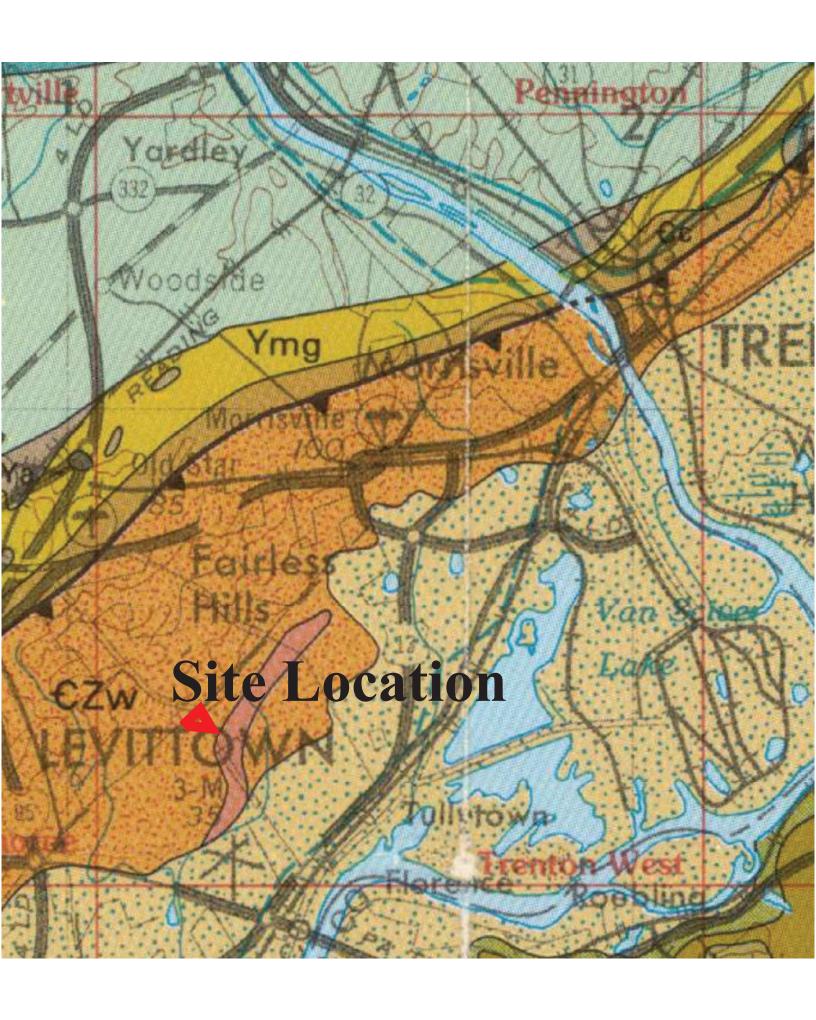
### **FIGURES**

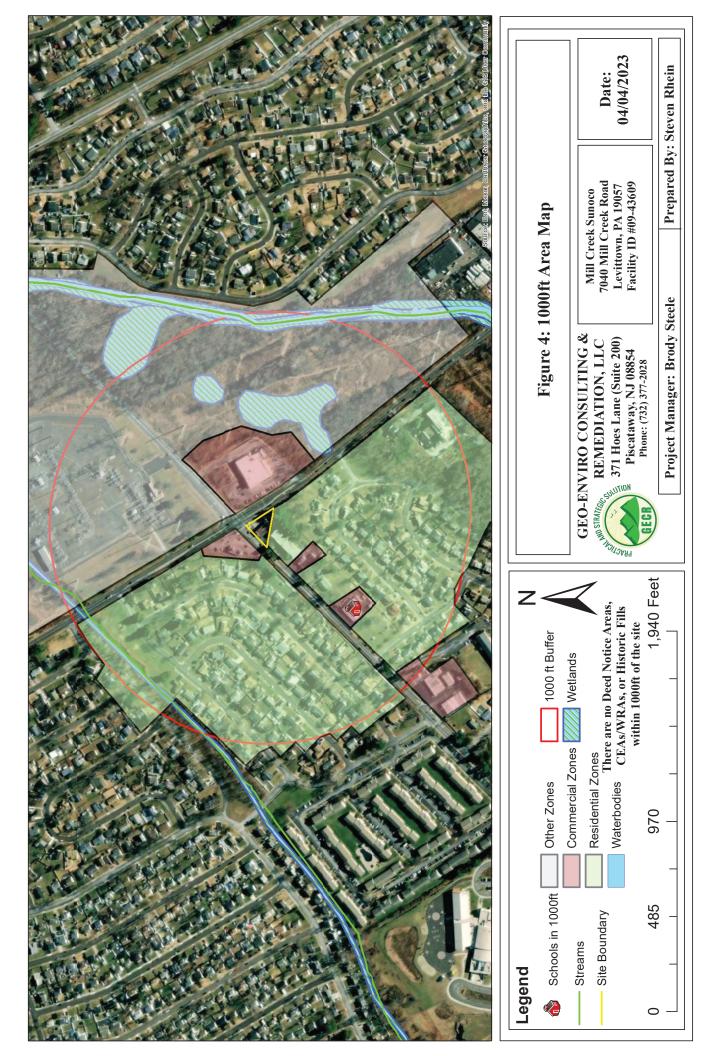


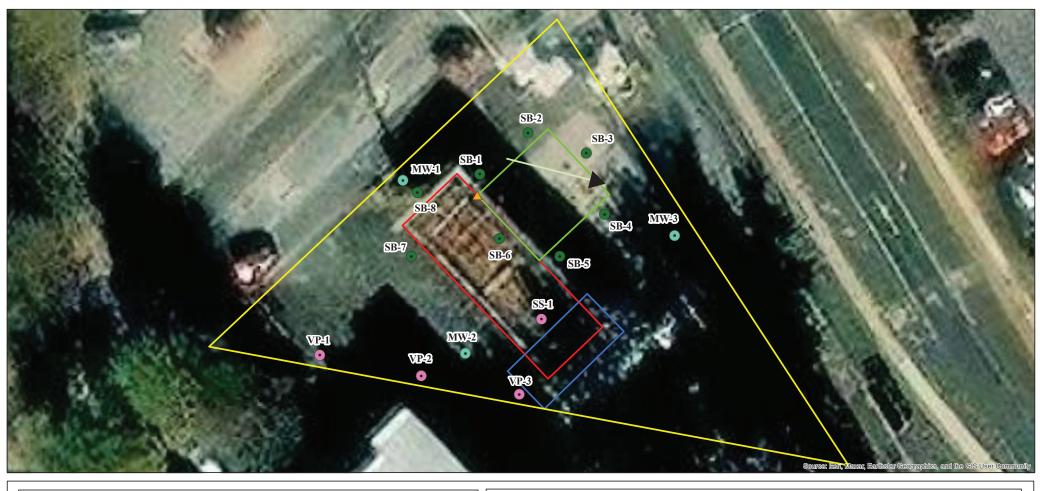
## Figure 2

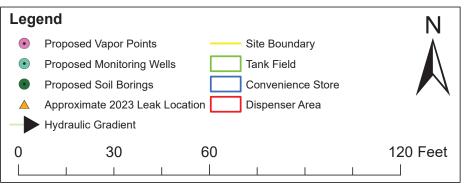














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Mill Creek Sunoco 7040 Mill Creek Road Levittown, PA 19057 Facility ID #09-43609

Date: 04/05/2023

**Project Manager: Martin Ebel** 

**Prepared By: Steven Rhein** 



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## APPENDIX A SITE RECONNAISANCE SUMMARY

### **Site Reconnaissance Summary**

The site is at 7040 Mill Creek Road, Levittown, Bucks County, Pennsylvania 19057 located in Bristol Township, and encompasses a triangular area of approximately 0.285 acres. The site contains one Underground Storage Tank (UST) area, two fuel pump islands with two double sided dispensers each, and a single-story convenience store. Most of the site is covered by asphalt and concrete with a few small, landscaped areas. Petroleum products are stored at the site in three USTs. The USTs-are all constructed of fiberglass with flex connectors, over fill alarms, and mechanical leak detectors. Only one facility number is associated with this site. The site is at an elevation of approximately 46 ft above mean sea level showing a natural gentle slope towards the east. The soil and bedrock makeup on the site is predominantly a mix of mafic gneiss and unconsolidated sand, gravel, and clay. Surrounding the site is a predominantly residential area to the south and west, with commercial and farming to the north and east of the property.

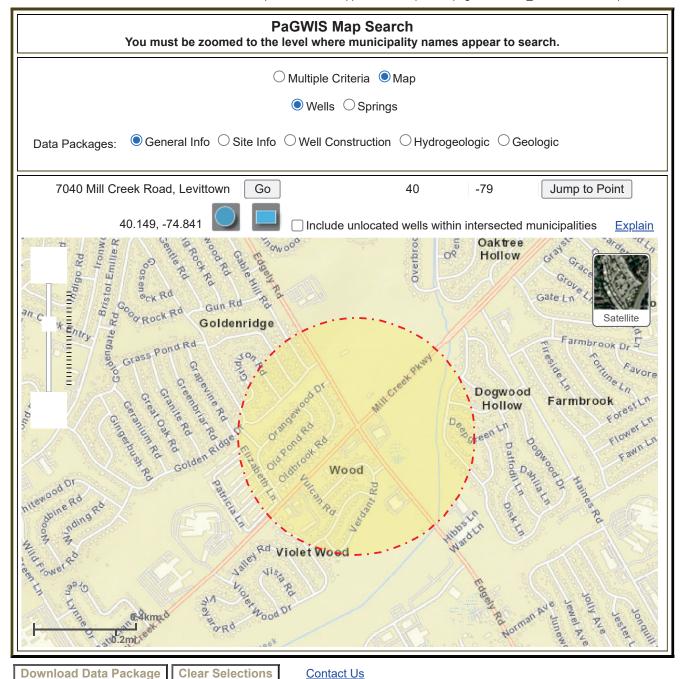
The USTs are near the surface, approximately five feet deep with piping branching off from the tanks. A single active observation well is on site, while three abandoned monitoring wells exist on-site. A sewer cleanout is located near to the tank field and dispenser islands, as well as near the location where the leak occurred in the piping. The leak was caused by a small opening in the pipe on an elbow of the piping system near the northern most dispenser.



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# APPENDIX B SITE RESTRICTIONS



'Download Data Package' creates a data package-specific CSV file that you may open or download. If you choose to open the file, it may open in Excel (if you have Microsoft Office installed). Because of the relational nature of the database, there may be more than 1 line per well in the downloaded data. For data on public water supply wells, or water quality data, please see instructions.

#### Instructions

Total Records To Download: 3 Records

View Items Below

'View Items Below' creates a general list (not data package-specific) that contains links to individual well information. It is based on the search criteria entered. Not all of the records displayed below will necessarily have data corresponding to the data package you have selected.

For correct record counts after changing any search criteria or data package, you must click again on the "View Items Below" button.

Total Records Returned: 3 Records Click on the column headers to sort the Search Results.

PA Well ID	<u>Driller</u>	Driller Ref	Date Drilled	Owner	<u>County</u>	<u>Municipality</u>	Image
	C S GARBER & SONS INC	MW11077	4/11/2012	DILLON	BUCKS	BRISTOL TWP.	
<u>623875</u>	EICHELBERGERS INC.	DS07032-MW2	5/31/2007	CITGO	BUCKS	BRISTOL TWP.	
623876	EICHELBERGERS INC.	DS07032-MW1	5/31/2007	CITGO	BUCKS	BRISTOL TWP.	

DEPARTMENT OF CONSERVATION & NATURAL RESOURCES BUREAU OF TOPOGRAPHIC AND GEOLOGIC SURVEY WATER WELL PROGRAM 3240 Schoolhouse Rd Middletown, PA 17057 717-702-2017

#### WATER WELL INFORMATION REPORT

Local Permit #: PA Well ID: 498872 Local Well ID:

LOCATION INFORMATION

**BUDDY & ELIZABETH DILLON** Owner:

Image Available:

Original Paper Record No

Address of Well: 115 VIOLETWOOD DRIVE

County: BUCKS

Municipality: BRISTOL TWP.

**GPS** - Global Latitude: Coordinate Method: 40.13835 **Positioning System** 

Longitude: -74.84858 Data Reliability:

**MONITORING WELL #P-5 -**Description of Well Location

and Other Notes: MANHOLE REMOVED

WELL CONSTRUCTION INFORMATION

Well Driller: C S GARBER & SONS INC Driller Well ID: License: 0188 MW11077

Original Well By: UNKNOWN

Type of Activity: Well Abandonment Date Drilled: 4/11/2012 Drilling Method: OTHER/UNKNOWN

Well Depth (ft): Well Finish:

**WELL SIZE** 

Top (ft) Bottom (ft) Diameter (in)

0 10

GROUNDWATER AND GEOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Well Yield (GPM - gal per min): Yield Measurement Method:

Water Level when not pumped: Water Level after yield test: (ft below land surface) (ft below land surface)

Length of Yield Test (minutes): Saltwater Zone (ft):

Use of Well: Use of Water: **ABANDONED** 

MATERIALS WELL PENETRATES

<u>Top</u> Bottom **Description** <u>(ft)</u>  $(\underline{ft})$ 

**CEMENT GROUT W/5%** 10 POWDERED BENTONITE

Depth to Bedrock (ft): Was Well Drilled Into Bedrock? Yes

Date Printed: 4/20/2023

DEPARTMENT OF CONSERVATION & NATURAL RESOURCES BUREAU OF TOPOGRAPHIC AND GEOLOGIC SURVEY WATER WELL PROGRAM 3240 Schoolhouse Rd Middletown, PA 17057 717-702-2017

#### WATER WELL INFORMATION REPORT

PA Well ID: 623875 Local Well ID: Local Permit #:

LOCATION INFORMATION

Owner: CITGO Original Paper Record Image No

Available:

Address of Well: 7039 MILL CREEK

RD. 19057

County: BUCKS

Municipality: BRISTOL TWP.

Latitude: 40.14167 Coordinate Method: Commercial Street Atlas

Program

Longitude: -74.84639 Data Reliability:

Description of Well Location and

Other Notes:

#### WELL CONSTRUCTION INFORMATION

Well Driller: EICHELBERGERS INC. License: 0198 Driller Well ID: DS07032-MW2

Type of Activity: New Well Date Drilled: 5/31/2007 Drilling Method: BORED OR AUGERED

Well Depth (ft): 15 Well Finish: SCREEN

**WELL SIZE** 

<u>Top (ft)</u> <u>Bottom (ft)</u> <u>Diameter (in)</u>

0 15 10

CASING

Top<br/>(ft)Bottom<br/>(ft)Diameter<br/>(in)Casing MaterialSeal<br/>TopSeal<br/>BottomSeal Type

0 5 4 PVC OR OTHER 0 3 BENTONITE CHIPS OR

PLASTIC PELLETS

**SCREEN/SLOT** 

<u>Top (ft)</u> <u>Bottom (ft)</u> <u>Diameter (in)</u> <u>Type</u> <u>Material</u> <u>Size (in)</u> <u>Packing</u>

5 15 4 SCREEN PLASTIC 10 SAND - SCREENED

#### GROUNDWATER AND GEOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Well Yield (GPM - gal per min): Yield Measurement Method:

Water Level when not pumped: Water Level after yield test: (ft below land surface) (ft below land surface)

Length of Yield Test (minutes): Saltwater Zone (ft):

Use of Well: OBSERVATION Use of Water: UNUSED

MATERIALS WELL PENETRATES

 Top (ft)
 Bottom (ft)
 Description

 0
 8
 GRAVEL/SOIL

 8
 15
 SILT SAND CLAY

Depth to Bedrock (ft): Was Well Drilled Into Bedrock? No

Date Printed: 4/20/2023

DEPARTMENT OF CONSERVATION & NATURAL RESOURCES BUREAU OF TOPOGRAPHIC AND GEOLOGIC SURVEY WATER WELL PROGRAM 3240 Schoolhouse Rd Middletown, PA 17057 717-702-2017

#### WATER WELL INFORMATION REPORT

PA Well ID: 623876 Local Well ID: Local Permit #:

LOCATION INFORMATION

Owner: CITGO Original Paper Record Image No

Available:

Address of Well: 7039 MILL CREEK

RD. 19057

County: BUCKS

Municipality: BRISTOL TWP.

Latitude: 40.14167 Coordinate Method: Commercial Street Atlas

Program

Longitude: -74.84639 Data Reliability:

Description of Well Location and

Other Notes:

#### WELL CONSTRUCTION INFORMATION

Well Driller: EICHELBERGERS INC. License: 0198 Driller Well ID: DS07032-MW1

Type of Activity: New Well Date Drilled: 5/31/2007 Drilling Method: BORED OR AUGERED

Well Depth (ft): 20 Well Finish: SCREEN

**WELL SIZE** 

<u>Top (ft)</u> <u>Bottom (ft)</u> <u>Diameter (in)</u>

0 20 10

**CASING** 

Top<br/>(ft)Bottom<br/>(ft)Diameter<br/>(in)Casing MaterialSeal<br/>TopSeal<br/>BottomSeal Type

0 5 4 PVC OR OTHER 0 3 BENTONITE CHIPS OR

PLASTIC PELLETS

**SCREEN/SLOT** 

Top (ft) Bottom (ft) Diameter (in) Type Material Size (in) Packing

5 20 4 SCREEN PLASTIC 10 SAND - SCREENED

#### GROUNDWATER AND GEOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Well Yield (GPM - gal per min): Yield Measurement Method:

Water Level when not pumped: Water Level after yield test: (ft below land surface) (ft below land surface)

Length of Yield Test (minutes): Saltwater Zone (ft):

Use of Well: OBSERVATION Use of Water: UNUSED

MATERIALS WELL PENETRATES

Top (ft) Bottom (ft) Description

0 14 SAND SOIL

14 17 GRAVEL AND SILT
17 20 SILT, CLAY, AND SAND

Depth to Bedrock (ft): Was Well Drilled Into Bedrock?

\_\_\_\_

Date Printed: 4/20/2023

#### Chapter 201

#### WATER

	ARTICLE I	ARTICLE II	
	Public Water System	Water Conservation Performance Standards	:
§ 201-1.	Definitions.		
§ 201-2.	Connection to public system required; water meters; private	§ 201-7. Conformance required; applicability.	
	water supplies.	§ 201-8. Plumbing fixtures and fitting	gs.
§ 201-3.	Connection requirements and	§ 201-9. Special provisions.	
	permits.	§ 201-10. Modifications of standards.	
§ 201-4.	Power of Engineer to enter		
	upon premises.	ARTICLE III	
§ 201-5.	Damage of system prohibited.	Water Rates	
§ 201-6.	Violations and penalties; notice.	§ 201-11. Rate increases authorized.	
		§ 201-12. Late charge.	

[HISTORY: Adopted by the Board of Commissioners (now Township Council) of the Township of Bristol as indicated in article histories. Amendments noted where applicable.]

#### **GENERAL REFERENCES**

Uniform construction codes — See Ch. 84.

Sewers and sewage disposal — See Ch. 160.

## ARTICLE I Public Water System [Adopted 9-27-1973 by Ord. No. 831]

#### § 201-1. Definitions.

Unless the context specifically indicates otherwise, the meaning of the terms used in this article shall be as follows:

AUTHORITY — Bristol Borough Water and Sewer Authority.

OCCUPIED BUILDING — Each single dwelling unit, household unit, flat or apartment unit, store, shop, office, business, commercial or industrial unit or family unit contained within any structure, erected and intended for continuous or periodic habitation, occupancy or use by human beings.

OWNER — Any person vested with ownership, legal or equitable, sole or partial, of any property situated in the Township.

201:1 06 - 15 - 2005

PERSON — Any individual, partnership, company, association, society, corporation or group.

PRIVATE WATER SUPPLY — Any supply of water in the Township, including wells and other similar sources, other than the public water system operated by the Authority.

SERVICE CONNECTION — That part of the water system extending from a water distribution main to the curbline or, if there shall be no curbline, to the edge of the street abutting property affected and including the curb stop, or if no such service connection shall be provided, then "service connection" shall mean that portion of or place in a water main which is provided for the connection of any service line.

SERVICE LINE — A water transmission line extending from an occupied building to its connection with the service connection.

TOWNSHIP — The Township of Bristol, Bucks County, Pennsylvania.

TOWNSHIP ENGINEER — An engineer employed by the Township or an authorized member of his staff.

WATER MAIN — The water distribution lines which are part of the water system.

WATER SYSTEM — Water mains, service connections, service lines, pumping stations, water treatment facilities and all appurtenant facilities operated by the Borough of Bristol or the Authority in furnishing water to the Township.

#### § 201-2. Connection to public system required; water meters; private water supplies.

- A. Each owner of any occupied building situate on property abutting on any street, alley or right-of-way in which there has been constructed a water main and where any part of such building is within 150 feet of said main shall, at his own expense, install a service line and connect such line with the service connection in accordance with the provisions of this chapter within 60 days after the date of official notice to do so, given in the manner provided by law. In the event any such owner shall refuse or neglect to so connect within said sixty-day period, he shall be deemed to be in violation of this chapter, and the Township Council or its agents may enter upon such property and construct such connection. In such case, the Township Council shall forthwith, upon completion of the work, send an itemized bill of the cost of the construction of such connection to such owner, which bill shall be payable forthwith. In case of neglect or refusal by such owner to pay said bill within 30 days thereafter, it shall be the duty of the Township Council to file a municipal lien. [Amended 10-20-1992 by Ord. No. 92-17]
- B. Each connection made pursuant to this chapter shall be made in compliance with Chapter 84, Construction Codes, Uniform, including payment of inspection fees which may be required by said chapter. A water meter furnished by the Authority shall be installed for each such connection at such place on the service line as the Authority shall determine.
- C. Private water supplies.
  - (1) No private water supply shall be connected, directly or indirectly, with the water system at any time or be used on any property subject to Subsection A above for human consumption. A private water supply may be used for nonhuman

201:2

- consumption at properties subject to Subsection A above, but only after written consent by the Township specifying the purposes for which such water may be used.
- (2) Each such private water supply shall be abandoned upon the making of connection to the water system (unless its use for nonhuman consumption has been approved by the Township) and, at the request of the Township, shall be filled under its direction and supervision; and any such facility not so abandoned and, if required by the Township, filled, shall constitute a nuisance and such nuisance shall be abated as provided by law at the expense of the owner of such property.

#### § 201-3. Connection requirements and permits.

- A. No person shall uncover, connect with, make any opening into or use, alter or disturb in any manner any part of the water system without first making application for and obtaining a permit, in writing, from the Township and the Authority.
- B. Application to the Township and the Authority for a permit required under this section shall be made by the owner of the property to be served, in such form as may be prescribed by the Township. The application shall be accompanied by any required connection charge and tapping fee imposed by the Authority and any inspection fee imposed by the Township.
- C. No person other than the Township or its agents shall make or cause to be made the connection of any property with a service connection until such person shall have fulfilled each of the following conditions:
  - (1) Such person shall have notified the Township of the desire and intention to connect to a service connection.
  - (2) Such person shall apply for and obtain a permit as required by this chapter.
  - (3) Such person shall have given the Township at least 24 hours' notice of the time when such service line is to be connected and such connection made so that the Township may inspect the service line, the work of connection and perform necessary testing.
- D. All costs and expenses of construction of a service line and all costs and expenses of connecting such service line to a service connection shall be borne by the owner of the property to be connected; and such owner shall indemnify and save harmless the Township and the Authority from all loss or damage that may be occasioned, directly or indirectly, as a result of the construction of a service line or the connection of a service line to a service connection.
- E. Whenever the surface of any public street, sidewalk or cartway is disturbed by the construction of a service line, it shall be the responsibility of the applicant for a connection to obtain street opening permits from the Township or highway occupancy permits from the Pennsylvania Department of Transportation. Unless otherwise required, all surfacing materials must be restored in kind, thickness and construction to the

201:3 06 - 15 - 2005

satisfaction of the Township or of the Pennsylvania Department of Transportation, as the case may be.

#### § 201-4. Power of Engineer to enter upon premises.

The Township Engineer and other duly authorized representatives or employees of the Township and the Authority, bearing proper credentials and identification, shall be permitted at all reasonable times to enter upon any premises connected or about to be connected or required to be connected to the water system for the purpose of inspection, observation, measurement, sampling and testing in accordance with the provisions of this article.

#### § 201-5. Damage of system prohibited.

No person shall maliciously, willfully or negligently damage, destroy, deface, block or otherwise tamper with any water main, service connection or service line or any other structure or equipment which is part of the water system, or discharge or insert any substance into the water system.

#### § 201-6. Violations and penalties; notice.

- A. Notice of violation.
  - (1) Any person who shall violate any provision of this article other than §§ 201-4 and 201-5 shall be served by the Township with written notice stating the nature of the violation and providing a reasonable time limit for the satisfactory correction thereof. The notice provided for in § 201-2A above shall be deemed to be notice of a violation for this purpose in respect to violations of such section.
  - (2) The offender shall, within the period of time (if any, otherwise forthwith) stated in such notice, permanently cease all violations.
- B. Any person who shall continue any violation beyond the time limit fixed as provided for in Subsection A shall be subject to a fine in an amount not exceeding \$600 for each violation. A new and separate violation shall be deemed to have been committed for each day any violation continues beyond such time limit. [Amended 10-20-1992 by Ord. No. 92-17]
- C. Any person who shall violate any provision of §§ 201-4 and 201-5 shall, upon summary conviction, be subject to a fine not to exceed \$600 for each violation, together with costs of prosecution in each case. [Amended 10-20-1992 by Ord. No. 92-17]
- D. All fines and penalties imposed for violation of any provision of this article shall be paid to the Treasurer of the Township for the use of the Township. Default in payment of the fine and costs shall make the defendant liable for imprisonment for a term not to exceed 30 days.

201:4 06 - 15 - 2005

E. Any person violating any of the provisions of this article, in addition to becoming liable for a fine and penalty, shall become liable to the Township for nay expense, loss or damage occasioned by the Township by reason of such violation.

## ARTICLE II Water Conservation Performance Standards [Adopted 3-17-1992 by Ord. No. 92-6]

#### § 201-7. Conformance required; applicability.

No water shall be provided for internal or external use to any residential, commercial, industrial, agricultural, recreational, governmental or public building or structure of any kind which is constructed or remodeled and in which plumbing, water piping or water fixtures are to be installed, extended or altered in any way and for which construction a permit is required to be obtained from Bristol Township (or would be required but for an exemption from a permit requirement for public or governmental agencies) unless the new, extended or altered plumbing, water piping and other water using fixtures therein conform to the requirements and standards of § 201-8 of this article. The provisions of this article shall apply to any such building or structure for which such a building permit is issued or would otherwise be required to be issued but for such an exemption, on or after the date of adoption of this article.

#### § 201-8. Plumbing fixtures and fittings.

- A. Water closets and associated flushing mechanisms. The water consumption of water closets shall not exceed an average of 1.6 gallons per flush cycle over a range of test pressures from 20 pounds per square inch to 80 pounds per square inch. The fixture shall perform in accordance with the test requirements of the ANSI A112.19.2M and ANSI A112.19.6M.
- B. Urinals and associated flushing mechanisms. Urinal water consumption shall not exceed an average of 1.5 gallons per flush cycle over a range of test pressures from 20 pounds per square inch to 80 pounds per square inch. The fixtures shall perform in accordance with the test requirements of ANSI A112.19.2M and ANSI A112.19.6M.
- C. Showerheads. Showerhead discharge rates shall not exceed 3.0 gallons of water per minute over a range of test pressures from 20 pounds per square inch to 80 pounds per square inch. The fixture shall perform in accordance with the test requirements of ANSI A112.18.1M.
- D. Faucets. Sink and lavatory faucet discharge rates shall not exceed 3.0 gallons of water per minute over a range of test pressures from 20 pounds per square inch to 80 pounds per square inch. The fixture shall perform in accordance with the test requirements of ANSI A112.18.1M.

201:5 06 - 15 - 2005

#### § 201-9. Special provisions.

- A. Special purpose equipment. The performance standards of § 201-8 shall not apply to fixtures and fittings, such as emergency showers, aspirator faucets and blowout fixtures, that, in order to perform a specialized function, cannot meet the specified standards.
- B. Exemptions. Any person(s) may apply to the Township of Bristol for an exemption to the terms of this article, which may be granted by the Board of Supervisors, upon proof that some other device, system or procedure will save as much or more water as those set forth herein or that those set forth herein cannot be complied with without undue hardship.

#### § 201-10. Modifications of standards.

The Board of Supervisors may, from time to time, modify, add to or remove from the standards and restrictions herein.

## ARTICLE III Water Rates [Adopted 10-11-1994 by Ord. No. 94-12]

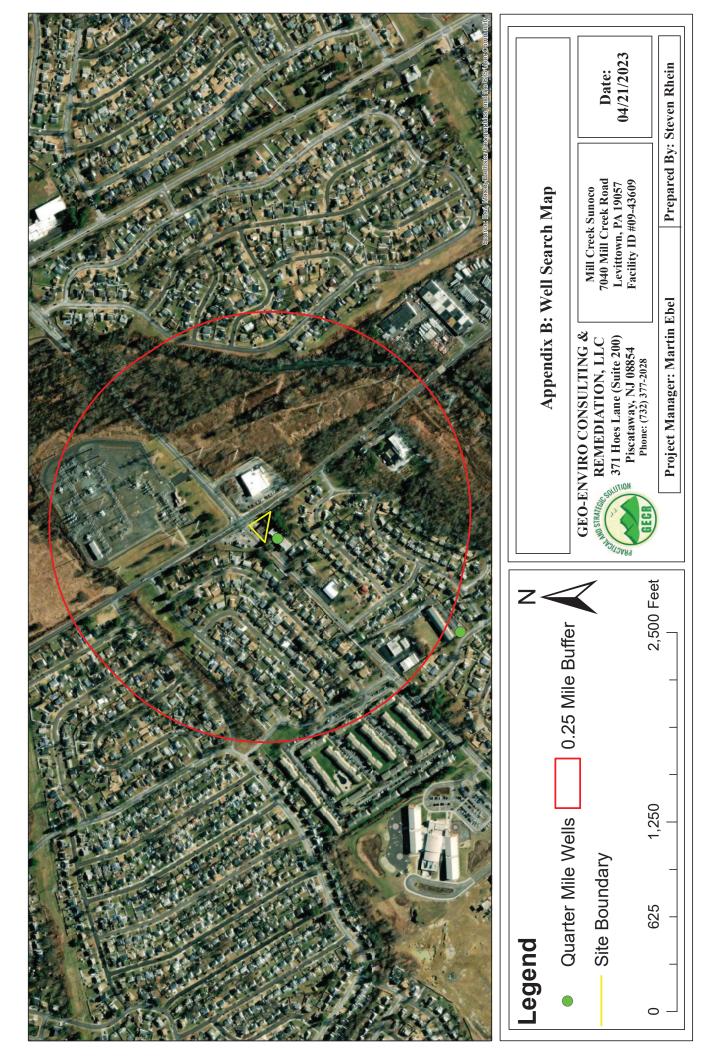
## § 201-11. Rate increases authorized. [Amended 10-15-1996 by Ord. No. 96-13; 4-21-1998 by Ord. No. 98-8]

- A. The appropriate Township officials and departments shall increase the current per-gallon water rates charged by the Township by 14%, with said increase being retroactive to January 1, 1998.
- B. Beginning January 1, 1998, the per-gallon water rates charged by Bristol Township shall be increased on a yearly basis by an amount equal to the consumer price index increase for that year as reported in the Wall Street Journal or other comparable publication, but in no event shall the yearly increase exceed 3%.
- C. The total increase defined in Subsections A and B will be 14% and 1.7%, or a total of 15.7%, for the 1998 calendar year.

#### § 201-12. Late charge.

The current late charge is hereby amended to be a fee equal to 41/2% of all past-due amounts and shall be billed on a quarterly basis.

201:6 06 - 15 - 2005





### **GEO-ENVIRO CONSULTING & REMEDIATION LLC (GECR)**

371 Hoes Lane, (Suite 200), Piscataway NJ 08854 Phone: (732) 377-2028, Fax #866-604-2364 Email: admin@geoenviroconsulting.com www.gecr.org

# APPENDIX C COST ESTIMATE

## Geo Enviro Consulting & Remediation LLC (GECR)

371 Hoes Lane( Suite 200)
Piscataway, NJ 08854
+1 7323772028
accounting@geoenviroconsulting.com
www.gecr.org



#### Estimate

ADDRESS ESTIMATE 242-041823
P-242 ( 7040 Mill Creek Road, Levittown, PA 19057) DATE 04/18/2023

DATE	ACTIVITY	QTY	RATE	AMOUNT
	P-242 ( 7040 Mill Creek Road, Levittown, PA 19057)			
	Task 1: Drilling- installation of Soil borings, Monitoring Wells and Vapor points			
	Drilling Cost Estimated (Vac Clearing fess are included as a part of drilling cost)			10,000.00
	PG- Drilling Oversight and soil sample collection ( includes office and field time)	30	105.00	3,150.00
	Envt. Scientist	30	85.00	2,550.00
	Field Vehicle	3	110.00	330.00
	PID	3	98.00	294.00
	Interface meter	3	98.00	294.00
	Analytical - Soil Samples	10	65.00	650.00
	Encores for soil samples	10	10.00	100.00
	Soil Data Tabulation and soil sampling locations figure prepration	2	98.00	196.00
	Groundater from Temporary well Points	3	98.00	294.00
	Preparation Monitoring Well Location for Buck County	1	98.00	98.00
	Monitoring Well Permit Fees by Buck County		275.00	275.00

			Subtotal: 18,231.00
Task 2: First Round of Sampling of three monitoring wells			
PG	1	105.00	105.00
Sampling Technician ( office and field time)	10	75.00	750.00
PID	1	98.00	98.00
Interface meter	1	98.00	98.00
Sampling Equipment and supplies ( pump, tubing and bailers)	1	150.00	150.00
Analytical	3	75.00	225.00
Data Tabulation ( GW )	1	98.00	98.00
Figure Prepration	1	98.00	98.00
PG- PADEP update	1	100.00	100.00
			Subtotal: 1,722.00
Task 3 :Survey of Monitoring Wells			
Scheduling of survey	1	105.00	105.00
Surveyor Cost	1	900.00	900.00
GECR Staff member for the oversight of Survey	8	98.00	784.00
Field Vehicle	1	110.00	110.00
GW flow calculation-PG	1	100.00	100.00
			Subtotal: 1,999.00
Task 4: Second round of GW sampling			
PG	1	100.00	100.00
Sampling Technician ( office and field time)	10	75.00	750.00
PID	1	98.00	98.00
Interface meter	1	98.00	98.00
Sampling Equipment and supplies ( pump, tubing and bailers)	1	150.00	150.00
Analytical	3	75.00	225.00
Data Tabulation ( GW )	1	98.00	98.00
Figure Prepration	1	98.00	98.00
PG- PADEP update	1	100.00	100.00

Subtotal: 1,	717.0	0
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Task 5 : First round of Vapor Intrusion (VI) Sampling				
PG	1	100.00		100.00
Sampling Technician ( office and field time)	10	98.00		980.00
PID	1	98.00		98.00
Analytical	5	250.00		1,250.00
Data Tabulation ( VI)	2	98.00		196.00
Figure Prepration	2	98.00		196.00
PG- PADEP update	2	105.00		210.00
			Subtotal:	3,030.00
Task 6: Second round of VI sampling				
PG	1	100.00		100.00
Sampling Technician ( office and field time)	10	98.00		980.00
PID	1	98.00		98.00
Data Tabulation ( VI)	5	250.00		1,250.00
PG- PADEP update	2	105.00		210.00
			Subtotal:	2,638.00
Task 7 : Summary Report ( if required)				
PG	10	100.00		1,000.00
Envt. Scientist	4	98.00		392.00
This task will only be performed if requeste by PADEP				
			Subtotal:	1,392.00
Task 8 : Drum Disposals				
Estimated				1,500.00
			Subtotal:	1,500.00
Task 9: PADEP Laison (PADEP is requiring weekly updates due to presence of Light Non- Aqueous Phase Liquid and Vapor Intrusion Concerns). The purpose of this task is to keep PADEP informed on weekly basis)				
PADEP	10	105.00		1,050.00

Principal 10 105.00 1,050.00

Subtotal: 2,100.00

TOTAL \$34,329.00

Accepted By

Accepted Date



#### GEO-ENVIRO CONSULTING & REMEDIATION LLC (GECR)

371 Hoes Lane, (Suite 200), Piscataway NJ 08854 Phone: (732) 377-2028, Fax #866-604-2364 Email: admin@geoenviroconsulting.com www.gecr.org

## APPENDIX D FEBRUARY 2002 RACR



### **Start Sheet Scanning**

Box No.: 7040 MILL CREEK RD LEVITTOWN PA 19057

Agency: DEP

**Bureau: ENV CLEANUP & BROWNFIELDS ECB** 

**Document Type: REPORTS** 

File Breakdowns: STORAGE TANKS

Tags:

**Confidential: PUBLIC** 

Records Retention Code: STORAGE TANK CASE FILE (907)

Region: SOUTHEAST REGIONAL OFFICE

County: BUCKS

Municipality: BRISTOL TOWNSHIP

**Permit / Project #: 09-43609** 

Case Name: MILL CREEK SUNOCO - RACR 2/6/02

Year: 2002

eFacts Facility ID: 583285





#### Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection

#### Lee Park, Suite 6010 555 North Lane Conshohocken, PA 19428 February 12, 2002

#### Southeast Regional Office

610-832-5950 Fax 610-832-6143

Mr. Charlie Kominas Exxon Mobil Refining & Supply Global Remediation P.O. Box 288 Fort Washington, PA 19034

Re: Storage Tank Program
Mobil Station No. 15-DAC
Facility ID No. 09-43609
7040 Mill Creek Road
Falls Township
Bucks County

Dear Mr. Kominas:

On February 8, 2002 we received your report entitled "Act 2 Closure Request", dated February 6, 2002, for the storage tank facility referenced above. We consider this submittal to be the Remedial Action Completion Report required by the Corrective Action Process regulations, 25 Pa. Code Section 245.313.

You have identified your selected cleanup standard as the Department's Site Specific Standard and Statewide Health Standard. As such, the Department will attempt to review this report within 90 days of its receipt and send a review letter to the facility owner.

If you have any questions concerning the requirements of the Corrective Action Process Regulations, please contact me at 610-832-5968.

Sincerely,

Stephan B. Sinding

Chief, Storage Tank Section Environmental Cleanup

cc: Bucks County Health Department

Falls Township Mr. Bedle, B & B McClennen

Ms. Mapleton

Re 30 (RW02ECP) 043.20

B & B

DIVERSIFIED ENTERPRISES, INC.

Tel (215) 699-5191 Fax (215) 699-5147 PO Box 3282 Maple Glen, PA 19002 cbastian@bbde.com

February 6, 2002

Ms. Lauren Mapleton Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection Lee Park, Suite 6010 555 North Lane Conshohocken, PA 19428

RE:

Act 2 Closure Request — Remedial Action Completion Report
Exxon Mobil Corporation
Former Mobil Station No. 15-DAC, Facility ID No. 09-43609

Levittown, Pennsylvania

Bristol Township, Bucks County

Dear Ms. Mapleton:

B&B Diversified Enterprises, Inc. is pleased to submit the enclosed revised Act 2 Closure Request, dated February 6, 2002, for the Exxon Mobil Corporation - Former Mobil Station No. 15-DAC located in Levittown, Pennsylvania. Per our recent conversations, B&B has revised the air model section (Appendix E) and the report Section 6.1 – Evaluation of Inhalation Pathways to reflect the revision in the air model run. Please note that the new result obtained from the air model run has not changed the conclusions of this Act 2 Closure Report.

If you have any questions or comments on this report, please contact us at your convenience.

Sincerely,

B&B DIVERSIFIED ENTERPRISES, INC.

Mars O Selle

and Bastian

Carl P. Bastian, P.G.

President

Mark D. Bedle

Senior Project Manager

cc:

Mr. Charlie Kominas – Exxon Mobil Refining and Supply

Mr. Steve Quattro – Tosco Marketing Company

B & B

DIVERSIFIED ENTERPRISES, INC.

ACT 2 CLOSURE REQUEST
FOR
EXXON MOBIL CORPORATION
FORMER MOBIL STATION NO. 15-DAC
7040 MILL CREEK ROAD
LEVITTOWN, PENNSYLVANIA

#### Prepared for:

Mr. Charlie Kominas
ExxonMobil Refining and Supply - Global Remediation
PO Box 288
Fort Washington, Pennsylvania 19034

Prepared by:

B&B DIVERSIFIED ENTERPRISES, INC. P.O. Box 3282 Maple Glen, Pennsylvania 19002 (215) 699-5191

> February 7, 2002 Revision 2.1

#### **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

		Page
1.0	SUMMARY	1
2.0	SITE DESCRIPTION	2
2.1 2.2	SURROUNDING PROPERTIES	
3.0	SITE CHARACTERIZATION	4
3.1 3.2	SITE HISTORY	
4.0	REMEDIATION	8
5.0	CONCEPTUAL MODEL	9
5.1 5.2	Upgradient Offsite Source Conceptual Model Onsite Secondary Source Conceptual Model	
6.0	RISK ASSESSMENT AND POTENTIAL RECEPTORS	11
6.1 6.2 6.3	EVALUATION OF INHALATION PATHWAYS  EVALUATION OF SOIL PATHWAYS  EVALUATION OF GROUNDWATER PATHWAYS	11
7.0	SITE-SPECIFIC REMEDIATION CLEANUP STANDARDS	14
7.1 7.2 7.3	SOILS GROUNDWATER PROPOSED SITE-SPECIFIC REMEDIATION CLEANUP STANDARDS	14
8.0	ATTAINMENT	18
9.0	FATE & TRANSPORT MODELING / ANALYSIS	19
9.1 9.2 , 9.3	SITE-SPECIFIC QUICK DOMENICO MODELING ANALYSIS	20
10.0	CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS	22
11.0	SIGNATURES	24
12.0	DEEEDENCES	25

#### **ATTACHMENTS**

#### **TABLES**

Table 1: Summary of Federal, State, and Public Supply Well Search

Table 2: Soils Quality Data

Table 3: Groundwater Monitoring and Quality Data

#### **FIGURES**

Figure 1: Site Location Map

Figure 2: Site Map with Groundwater Data Figure 3: Surrounding Properties Map

Figure 4: Soil Sampling Locations and Area of Concern

#### **APPENDICES**

Appendix A: Local Public Water Supplier Interview Summary
Appendix B: InfoMap Well Search Report & PaGWIS Search Data

Appendix C: PADEP Correspondence / Select Site Files
Appendix D: Monitoring Well Construction Details

Appendix E: Quick Domenico (Groundwater), Soil, and Inhalation Models

Appendix F: Upper Confidence Limit Statistical Tests

#### 1.0 SUMMARY

This report represents a formal request to the Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection (PADEP) for releases from liability under Site-Specific Standards, as stipulated under Pennsylvania's Land Recycling and Environmental Remediation Standards Act (Act 2) at the ExxonMobil Corporation (ExxonMobil) Former Mobil Service Station No. 15-DAC (Site). The Site is located at the intersection of Mill Creek and Edgely Roads in Levittown, Pennsylvania. Closure is being requested for the following:

- Act 2 Release from Liability for soils under Statewide Health Standards for benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and xylenes.
- Act 2 Release from Liability for groundwater under a Statewide Health Standard for xylenes.
- Act 2 Release from Liability for groundwater under Site-Specific Standards for benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, methyl tertiary butyl ether, naphthalene, and isopropylbenzene.

The report is a comprehensive compilation of all pertinent information that justifies the closure request using both Statewide Health and Site-Specific Standards. Many factors bearing on the closure request have been examined:

- Types and uses of surrounding properties
- Water usage in the area
- Potential sensitive receptors
- Risk exposure pathways
- Historical concentrations/trends
- Predictive modeling to evaluate future conditions

All of these factors have been thoroughly evaluated to ensure that the final closure of the Site under the Statewide Health and Site-Specific Standards is protective of human health and the environment.

The objective of the site-specific standard is to develop and evaluate detailed Site information using a rigorous scientific evaluation of a remedy to provide a protective cleanup standard unique to that Site. The site-specific standard is a risk management approach. All risk exposure pathways are evaluated and the past, current, and future use of the land is considered.<sup>1</sup>

Any person selecting the site-specific standard established by Section 304 of Act 2 should submit a risk assessment report to the PADEP unless no present or future pathways exist as demonstrated by a fate and transport analysis. If no complete present or future pathways exist, a risk assessment report and cleanup plan are not required and no remedy is required to be proposed or completed [Act 2, Section 304(l)(1)(v)]. When no complete pathways exist, a person only needs to follow the streamlined reporting requirements in Section II.C.8 of the Act 2 Technical Guidance Manual. Considering that no complete risk exposure pathways exist for this Site, the format of this report will follow the streamlined reporting requirements outlined on Pages II-78-81 of the December 1997 Act 2 Technical Guidance Manual.

<sup>1</sup> Page II-53 of December 1997 Act 2 Technical Guidance Manual

<sup>2</sup> Page II-60 of December 1997 Act 2 Technical Guidance Manual

<sup>3</sup> Page II-59 of December 1997 Act 2 Technical Guidance Manual

#### 2.0 SITE DESCRIPTION

The Site is located on the United States Geological Survey Trenton West, Pennsylvania/New Jersey 7.5 minute topographic quadrangle at approximately 40° 08′ 30″ north latitude and 74° 50′ 45″ west longitude (Figure 1). The Site is located on the southern junction of the intersection of Mill Creek Road, which runs roughly northeast-southwest, and Edgely Road, which runs roughly northwest-southeast. Currently, the Site is an active gasoline service station. A Site Map is provided as Figure 2. There are underground storage tanks (USTs), dispensers, and associated piping located at the Site. Land use in the area is mixed, consisting primarily of residential with some commercial along Mill Creek Road. The Site and surrounding area receives potable water from the Lower Bucks Joint Municipal Authority (LBJMA).

#### 2.1 SURROUNDING PROPERTIES

Surrounding properties, depicted on Figure 3, consist of the following:

Surrounding Property Description	Property's Direction from Site
Mill Creek Road and Car Care Auto Repair (Former Citgo Gasoline Station - upgradient contaminant source) and Residential (Goldenridge Development).	North
Mill Creek Road, Car Care Auto Repair and Residential (Goldenridge Development).	Northwest
Mill Creek Road and Residential (Goldenridge Development)	West
Apartment Complex, Commercial Properties, and Residential (Violet Woods Development).	Southwest
Undeveloped woodland and Residential (Woods Development).	South
Edgely Road and Undeveloped woods (possible wetlands noted on the USGS Topographic Map).	Southeast
Edgely Road and Undeveloped woods.	East
Intersection Of Mill Creek & Edgely Roads and PECO Energy Substation.	Northeast

#### 2.2 SENSITIVE RECEPTOR SURVEY / WATER USAGE IN THE VICINITY

An InfoMap Technologies Incorporated (InfoMap) Environmental FirstSearch Report<sup>™</sup> was obtained for an approximate one-mile radius from the site by B&B Diversified Enterprises, Inc. (B&B) on September 26, 2000 to search available environmental records for groundwater withdrawal wells in the vicinity of the Site. Two key items are contained within this survey:

- 1. A map with the annotated locations (relative to the subject property) of wells located within the search radius contained in the Federal, State, and Public Supply databases.
- 2. Summary sheets for all wells located with the specific radius of the search.

An additional well search was also conducted using the Pennsylvania Groundwater Information Systems (PaGWIS) (Version 3.0, dated 1999). The PaGWIS search was conducted for approximately

2,500 feet in each cardinal direction (N, S, E, W) from the project site. The well searches are summarized in Table 1 (summary table limited to a 1,000-foot radius). Appendix B contains the raw data collected from both the InfoMap and PaGWIS searches. The surveys indicate that there are no public or domestic supply wells located within a 1,000-foot radius of the Site. The closest supply well noted in the report is located approximately 3,600 feet southeast of the Site and is reported as being used for domestic purposes. Sensitive Receptors (i.e., potable wells, basements and sewer lines, etc.) are discussed in detail in Section 5.2.3.

A surrounding property canvass was conducted at the Site to determine surrounding property status (undeveloped, abandoned, residential, commercial). The LBJMA supplies potable water to the surrounding businesses and residences. B&B contacted the LBJMA to verify water usage by the properties located within a 1,000-foot radius of the Site (Appendix A). All of the properties listed in the above table (including the surrounding three developments) and within an approximately 1,000-foot radius of the Site, receive their potable water from the LBJMA. The closest body of water in the area is Mill Creek located approximately 1,500 feet south of the Site.

#### 3.0 SITE CHARACTERIZATION

#### 3.1 SITE HISTORY

In November 1989, IT Corporation (IT) conducted a Phase I Investigation at the Site. The Phase I included the installation of 4 monitoring wells (MW-1 through MW-4). Soil samples were not obtained during the well installation. The results of the Phase I Investigation indicated impact to groundwater at the Site.

In February 1990, IT was contracted to perform closure activities for five underground storage tanks (USTs) including (4) - 8,000 gallon gasoline USTs and (1) - 6,000 gallon UST. Post excavation soil samples indicated total petroleum hydrocarbon concentrations ranging from 93 mg/kg to 490 mg/kg. A copy of the UST closure report is provided in Appendix C.

In August 1991, Pollution Enterprises, Inc. (PEI) was contracted to perform closure activities for two USTs at the Site. Upon uncovering the USTs, it was discovered that the tanks had previously been filled with concrete. After correspondence with the PADER (now PADEP), permission was granted to leave the USTs in place and backfill over them. Two soil samples collected from beneath the USTs were analyzed for BTEX and TPH. The laboratory results of the analyses indicated BTEX concentrations of 149 mg/kg and 257 mg/kg and TPH concentrations of 630 mg/kg and 640 mg/kg.

On April 17, 1991, the former Mobil Oil Corporation (Mobil – its successor is ExxonMobil) contracted PEI to perform a Phase II Investigation and to install and operate a pump and treat groundwater remediation system at the Site. The Phase II Investigation confirmed on-site impact and identified contamination in an off-site, hydraulically upgradient monitoring well adjacent to an abandoned gasoline service station (Former Citgo Petroleum Corporation (Citgo) gasoline station) now operating as a Car Care Auto Repair.

On September 4 and 9, 1991, PEI supervised the installation of two offsite (upgradient) monitoring wells (MW-6 and MW-7) and an onsite recovery well (RW-5 - currently MW-5). The installation of these wells included the collection of soil samples and groundwater monitoring and sampling.

On October 4, 1991, PEI conducted a pre-pump test on RW-5 at the Site. The results of this test were used to determine the parameters (pumping rate & length) at which to run the pump test. A 7-hour pump test was conducted at the Site on October 8, 1991. The results of the pump test indicated a hydraulic conductivity value of approximately 1.50 feet/day.

The final NPDES permit was received on April 2, 1992 and remediation system operations commenced on April 20, 1992. The remediation system consisted of a groundwater pump and treat system that recovered groundwater from RW-5. The recovered groundwater was then processed through an air-stripper before being pumped through granular activated carbon (GAC) units and discharged to the NPDES outfall point (storm sewer). The remediation system was deactivated in 1993 due to decreasing concentrations and the threat of pulling off-site impacted groundwater onto the Site.

On January 6, 1993, PADEP issued a letter to Citgo regarding the former Citgo gasoline station located upgradient of the Site. The letter directed the former owner of the USTs located at the Citgo gasoline station (Cities Service Oil Company and its successor Oxy USA) to investigate, document, and develop a remedial action plan for the contamination located at the subject property. A copy of the January 6, 1993 PADEP directive is provided in Appendix C.

In October 1995, two free-phase petroleum hydrocarbons (free product) samples were collected from monitoring wells MW-1 (onsite) and MW-6 (offsite-upgradient). These samples were submitted to a laboratory for free product characterization. The results of this characterization suggested that the MW-1 and MW-6 products were not from the same source and were different ages.

Free product (at thicknesses >0.01 feet) has not been detected at the Site in the onsite wells (MW-1 through MW-5) since January 1996 (MW-1 – 0.01 feet). Free product was detected in the upgradient off-site monitoring well MW-6 at a thickness of 0.13 feet during the December 29, 1999 groundwater monitoring and sampling event.

In December 1998, Groundwater Environmental Services (GES) conducted a subsurface investigation at the upgradient former Citgo gasoline station. Ten soil borings (SB-1 through SB-10) were conducted at the site using the Geoprobe direct push method. Samples were collected from the borings for laboratory analyses of BTEX, MTBE, naphthalene and isopropylbenzene using EPA Method 8260B. Five groundwater samples were collected from the borings SB-1, SB-3, SB-5, SB-7 and SB-8 and analyzed for BTEX, MTBE, naphthalene and isopropylbenzene by 8260B. The results of the investigation are provided in Appendix C (selected sections of the GES investigation report).

In 1998, B&B Diversified Enterprises, Inc. submitted to the PADEP an Amended Remedial Action Plan (RAP) for the Site indicating ExxonMobil's intentions of closing the Site under the Pennsylvania's Act 2 regulations.

In November 1991, ExxonMobil began a groundwater monitoring and sampling program that included 24 sampling events conducted from November 1991 through December 1999. The results of this work are described in various groundwater monitoring and sampling reports prepared by ExxonMobil's consultants. A summary of the historical groundwater monitoring and quality data is provided in Table 3.

On April 16, 2001, B&B Diversified Enterprises, Inc. submitted to the PADEP an Act 2 Closure Request report (dated March 1, 2001) including a comprehensive Site history, summary of soil and groundwater data, a sensitive receptor survey, fate and transport model/analysis, risk assessment, and a proposed combination of Background, Statewide Health, and Site-Specific Standards for soils and groundwater.

Based on PADEP's review of the March 1, 2001 Act 2 Closure Request report and discussions between PADEP and B&B, it was determined that Site-Specific Standards were more appropriate and applicable for closure under Act 2 for those media and regulated constituents for which Background Standards had been previously developed. Development and proposal of the applicable Site-Specific Standards are provided in Section 7.0 - Site-Specific Remediation Cleanup Standards.

#### 3.2 LOCAL HYDROGEOLOGY

The Site is located in the Piedmont Physiographic Province, Upland Section of Pennsylvania. According to the Geologic Map of Pennsylvania published by the Pennsylvania Geologic Survey (Socolow, 1978), the bedrock underlying the Site is comprised of mafic gneiss, pyroxene-bearing of lower Paleozoic age. These rocks are characterized as dark and medium grained; includes rock of probable sedimentary origin.

Based on a review of the topographic map, the elevation of the Site is estimated at 45 feet above mean sea level. The topography of the Site and surrounding area has a low relief with a general slope to the east. Based on a review of the MW-1 through MW-7 soil boring logs, approximately 25 feet of orange, brown, and gray sandy silt underlie the Site. The sediments were poorly sorted. Competent bedrock was not encountered during the drilling activities. Groundwater was present in the unconsolidated materials at approximately 6 feet below grade (fbg). Soil boring logs and monitoring well construction diagrams are provided in Appendix D.

Based on site-specific liquid level data, groundwater flows to the south across the property at a gradient of approximately 0.0068 foot per foot. Groundwater depths typically range from 4 to 8 fbg.

In order to ascertain subsurface hydrogeologic characteristics for a given site, pump tests or slug tests are typically conducted to determine hydraulic conductivity (K), transmissivity, and storativity values. With these hydrogeologic values available, rates of contaminant movement can be projected and models can be developed which predict contaminant levels at property boundaries and beyond if necessary.

Hydrogeologic testing was conducted at the Site in October 1991 by PEI. The testing consisted of a 7-hour pump test conducted on RW-5. The results of the testing indicated a hydraulic conductivity value of 1.50 feet per day. This calculated hydraulic conductivity value is used as a baseline estimate in the Predictive Modeling section of this report to predict downgradient contaminant levels over time.

Predictive model input values for hydraulic conductivity used in Section 8.0 – Fate & Transport Modeling / Analysis may be obtained from literature available for the subject Site vicinity. Three factors justify the use of hydraulic conductivity values other than site-specific derived values:

- 1. Formation Alteration Around the Borehole: This could be particularly true with slug test data, which may not be representative of actual aquifer conditions due to the well drilling or well development process. Fine-grained particles congregating around the borehole or smear zones due to the drilling process can skew the data values obtained in field tests.
- 2. Published literature offer a range of hydraulic conductivity values for different subsurface media. Two key hydrogeologic reference texts ("Groundwater", by Freeze & Cheery, Table 2.2, p.29; and "Groundwater and Wells", by Driscoll, Figure 5.14, p.75) offer a range of hydraulic conductivity values for particular subsurface media.

3. Local Heterogeniety of the Formation On-Site: Variations in local stratigraphy across the site could cause a range of site-specific derived hydraulic conductivity values at different points on the Site.

Therefore, when predictive model calibration is not achievable with the actual site-specific hydraulic conductivity values, the published text values may justifiably be used as alternate input values.

#### 4.0 REMEDIATION

Since the Phase I Site Assessment was performed in February 1989, impact to groundwater has been closely monitored on a periodic basis. In April 1992, a groundwater pump and treat recovery system was activated at the Site. The recovery system recovered groundwater from one recovery well (RW-5) via a submersible pump. The recovered groundwater then passed through an air-stripper before it was pumped through a GAC unit and discharged at the NPDES outfall location. The remediation system was deactivated in 1993 due to the threat of drawing off-site impacted groundwater onto the Site (free-product and dissolved hydrocarbons present in the upgradient well MW-6).

Adequate soil and groundwater data exist to assess potential impact to these media. Based upon observed historic petroleum compound concentrations in these media (both onsite and upgradient of the Site), the volume of data available to assess hydrogeologic conditions, the locations of exceedances and their magnitude, and the absence of complete risk pathways, further active remediation at this Site was not necessary.

#### 5.0 CONCEPTUAL MODEL

The development of a site conceptual model is an important step in identifying additional data needs in site characterization and in defining both existing and potential exposure. A conceptual model identifies all potential or suspected sources of contamination (both onsite and offsite), types and concentrations of contaminants detected at the site or from an offsite source, potentially contaminated media, potential exposure pathways, and receptors. The conceptual model provides a systematic way to identify and summarize information to ensure that potential exposures at the site are accounted for accurately<sup>4</sup>.

The conceptual models for this Site are based on the fact that the source of observed impact to the subsurface was related primarily to an upgradient offsite contamination source and secondarily to a past onsite small volume underground storage tank release or overfill. Therefore, there are two conceptual models for the Site.

#### 5.1 Upgradient Offsite Source Conceptual Model

The first conceptual model addresses the upgradient offsite contamination source of benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, xylenes, naphthalene and isopropylbenzene. This conceptual model assumes that the source of observed impact to the Site's groundwater was related to a past underground storage tank/line release or surface spill at the upgradient former Citgo gasoline station. Petroleum compounds, specifically benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, xylenes, naphthalene and isopropylbenzene constitute the sources of impact to subsurface soil and groundwater media. These petroleum compounds initially impacted soil (as demonstrated by laboratory analyses of soil samples collected from MW-6). The soil sampling results from upgradient well MW-6 indicate concentrations of benzene above the PADEP MSC. Over time, through vertical and horizontal migration, the petroleum compounds impacted groundwater at the upgradient site (as demonstrated by laboratory analyses of groundwater samples collected from upgradient MW-6). Groundwater samples collected from MW-6 have indicated free-product (at various times) and concentrations of BTEX, naphthalene, and isopropylbenzene above the PADEP MSCs. Over time, these dissolved compounds have migrated downgradient beneath the former Mobil Station No. 15-DAC. This conceptual model assumes that the only viable potential exposure pathway is groundwater ingestion, so evaluation efforts in obtaining the Site-Specific Standard for benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, xylenes, naphthalene and isopropylbenzene are focused on assessing whether or not this pathway is complete. Consequently, a thorough evaluation of potential downgradient groundwater receptors is conducted as part of this closure request.

Because the Citgo station ceased to operate (June 1984) prior to Citgo's use of MTBE as a gasoline additive (third quarter of 1986 - per Citgo's correspondence dated August 25, 1993 - provided in Appendix C), a conceptual model related to the MTBE impact to groundwater is provided in the following section.

<sup>4</sup> Page II-57 of December 1997 Act 2 Technical Guidance Manual

#### 5.2 ONSITE SECONDARY SOURCE CONCEPTUAL MODEL

The second conceptual model for this Site assumes that the source of observed MTBE impact to the subsurface was related to a past small volume underground storage tank release or overfill. The petroleum compound MTBE constitutes the source of impact to the subsurface groundwater media. MTBE initially impacted groundwater present within the UST hold, which in turn migrated out of the tank hold downgradient towards MW-4. Soil impact did not occur since the release was within the tank hold. This conceptual model also assumes that the only viable potential exposure pathway is groundwater ingestion, so evaluation efforts in obtaining the Site-Specific Standard for MTBE are focused on assessing whether or not this pathway is complete. Consequently, a thorough evaluation of potential downgradient groundwater receptors is conducted as part of this closure request.

#### 6.0 RISK ASSESSMENT AND POTENTIAL RECEPTORS

Current and future exposure pathways should be identified based on the Site-Specific Standard Conceptual Models. A potentially complete exposure pathway generally consists of four elements:<sup>5</sup>

- 1. A source and mechanism of chemical release
- 2. A retention or transport medium
- 3. A point of potential receptor contact with the contaminated medium (the exposure point)
- 4. An exposure route (e.g. ingestion) at the exposure point

Risk exposure pathways for the Site were evaluated with respect to impacted soil and groundwater media. Ingestion, inhalation, and dermal contact of chemical compounds typically pose the greatest risk to human health and ecological organisms. Complete pathways from source to receptor must exist to realize any adverse impacts.

#### 6.1 EVALUATION OF INHALATION PATHWAYS

The inhalation pathway poses an unlikely risk to human health. The Site is capped with blacktop/concrete, thereby precluding the soil inhalation pathway. The Site is zoned commercial and will be used for commercial purposes in the future. With commercial use, the Site will likely remain covered in blacktop and or structures. The only viable pathway for inhalation would be volatilization of constituents from groundwater. The only realistic way to complete this pathway would be for groundwater to infiltrate into a leaky sewer line and or basement. An occupant or worker would then be potentially exposed to the concentration of the compound in air that volatilized from the groundwater. For this Site, such potential scenarios are presented in Appendix E. Air modeling for a leaky sewer scenario indicates that allowable benzene groundwater concentrations can be as high as 335.55 milligrams per liter (mg/l) without risk to human health via the inhalation pathway from groundwater volatilization. Air modeling for a leaky basement scenario indicates that allowable benzene groundwater concentrations can be as high as 1.2690 mg/l without risk to human health via the inhalation pathway from groundwater volatilization. Current downgradient groundwater concentrations are below the leaky sewer and basement thresholds. In addition, the benzene detected in the groundwater at the Site is attributable to the upgradient source (Citgo gasoline station). Concentrations of benzene in the groundwater decrease to below the State-wide Health Based Standard across the Site from upgradient well MW-3 (300 µg/l – 12/29/99) to downgradient well MW-5 (non detectable – 12/29/99). Furthermore, the area located directly downgradient of the Site is undeveloped woodlands. A small portion of the adjacent apartment building (with sub basement apartments) is located downgradient of the Site.

#### 6.2 EVALUATION OF SOIL PATHWAYS

For the subject Site, there are <u>incomplete</u> exposure pathways with respect to inhalation, dermal contact, and ingestion of soil because the <u>Site is covered</u> with <u>blacktop</u>, stone fill, and concrete, thereby precluding any contact. The <u>Site is zone commercial</u> and will be used for commercial purposes in the future. With commercial use, the <u>Site will remain covered in blacktop</u>/concrete and

<sup>5</sup> Section 250.404-"Pathway Identification and Elimination" & Page II-58 of the December 1997 Act 2 Technical Guidance Manual

or structures. Furthermore, the soil samples collected during the installation of MW-5 (RW-5) indicated concentrations of BTEX below the PADEP MSCs. MW-5 is located at the downgradient property line. Soil samples collected during the installation of offsite well MW-6 (located on the upgradient Citgo gasoline station) indicated concentrations of benzene above the PADEP MSC (2.8 mg/kg and 4.3 mg/kg).

#### 6.3 EVALUATION OF GROUNDWATER PATHWAYS

At any site with petroleum compound impact to groundwater; all viable pathways must be assessed. Inhalation of groundwater is not a realistic risk pathway. At the concentrations indicated by the groundwater analytical data, the chemical compounds would not cause a dermal reaction, even if direct contact were possible (e.g. from a potable well). Therefore, both of these pathways are considered incomplete.

The remaining *potentially* complete risk pathway is ingestion of groundwater. Any time that groundwater is impacted; the migration of chemical constituents and potential sensitive receptors must be assessed. Groundwater flow direction, velocity, as well as compound concentration, solubility, dispersion, and natural attenuation must be examined. Potential receptors must also be investigated to determine whether a complete ingestion pathway exists that poses a risk to human health or the environment.

The attainment of the Site-Specific Standard under Act 2 requires the performance of a limited screening for ecological receptors<sup>6</sup>. A site owner obtaining liability protection using the statewide health standards is not required to perform the limited ecological receptor screening for sites impacted with only light petroleum products<sup>7</sup>. As such, attainment of Statewide Health Standards for this Site does not require the ecological receptor screening. However, because liability protection is being requested using Statewide health and site-specific standards (requires screening) at the Site, a limited screening for ecological receptors was performed. More specifically, a determination was made to the potential impact from regulated substances stored at the Site to the following receptors<sup>8</sup>:

- Individuals of threatened or endangered species (as defined under the United States Fish and Wildlife Service under the Endangered Species Act)
- Exceptional value wetlands (as defined in Section 105.17)
- Habitats of concern
- Species of concern

On April 5, 2000, B&B Diversified Enterprises, Inc. conducted a field survey of Mill Creek located approximately 1,500 feet south of the Site. During the field survey, <u>no evidence of stress vegetation</u> or animals was observed in or adjacent to Mill Creek.

<sup>6</sup> Page 4217 of the Pennsylvania Bulletin, Section 250.311 - Evaluation of ecological receptors under Act 2 Rules and Regulations.

<sup>7</sup> Section 250.311 (b-1) & Page II-29 of the December 1997 Act 2 Guidance Manual.

<sup>8</sup> Section 250.311 (1, 2, 3 and 4) - " Evaluation of Ecological Receptors" and Section 250.402 (c) - " Human Health and Environmental Protection Goals".

The ecological screening process described in Section 311 (Evaluation of Ecological Receptors) of Act 2 was followed to evaluate whether surface soils or sediments at the property have the potential to pose substantial impact on potential ecological receptors, requiring further evaluation. In accordance with paragraph (b) of Section 311, no additional evaluation was required because: (1) gasoline is the only constituent detected on Site; (2) the area of contaminated soil is less than 2 acres, and the area of contaminated sediment is less than 1,000 square feet; and (3) the site features eliminate the exposure pathways.

All of the properties lying immediately adjacent to (including the Site) and 1,000 feet downgradient of the Site receive their potable water from the LBJMA (see Appendix A). Therefore, there are incomplete pathways for groundwater ingestion at all properties located within 1,000 feet downgradient of the Site, since groundwater is neither withdrawn nor consumed at these properties.

The sensitive receptor survey summarized the results of a groundwater withdrawal well search for the Site vicinity (Table 1). Based on a physical site reconnaissance where no downgradient potable wells were found within a 1,000-foot radius of the Site and the closest downgradient water body is located approximately 1,500 feet from the Site, there are no downgradient sensitive receptors within 1,000-feet of the Site.

In summary, the table below depicts an evaluation of potential exposure pathways for each media of concern.

Potential Exposure Pathway	Soil	Groundwater
Inhalation	Incomplete	Incomplete
Dermal Contact	Incomplete	Incomplete
Ingestion	Incomplete	Incomplete

#### 7.0 SITE-SPECIFIC REMEDIATION CLEANUP STANDARDS

#### 7.1 Soils

Petroleum hydrocarbons measured in the soil samples collected during the Site investigation include benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene and xylenes. The Medium Specific Concentrations (MSCs) for Organic Substances in Soil (Act 2 Regulations; Appendix A, Table 3B) for Non-Residential, Used Aquifers for these constituents are compared to the available soil analytical data for the Site in Table 2 (soil samples collected during the installation of monitoring wells MW-5 (onsite) and MW-6 through MW-7 (offsite)). As shown in Table 2, benzene is the only compound detected at a concentration above the MSCs. Furthermore, benzene was only detected in the soil sample collected during the installation of upgradient wells MW-6 and MW-7. BTEX was not detected in the soil samples collected during the installation of onsite well MW-5 (all concentrations below method detection limits).

The risk pathway evaluation conducted in Section 6.2 of this report eliminates the soil to groundwater pathway as a complete risk pathway. The Site is covered with blacktop and concrete, thereby precluding contact with potential receptors.

#### 7.2 GROUNDWATER

Dissolved-phase hydrocarbons measured at the Site and upgradient of the Site include benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, xylenes, methyl tertiary-butyl ether (MTBE), naphthalene, and isopropylbenzene. The MSCs for Organic Substances in Groundwater (Act 2 Regulations; Appendix A, Table 1) under the Used Aquifers, <2,500 TDS, Residential, for these constituents are compared to the latest available analytical data for the Site below:

#### **Current Groundwater Analytical Data versus MSCs**

Well	Benzene (µg/l)	Toluene (µg/l)	Ethyl- benzene (µg/l)	Xylenes (µg/l)	MTBE (µg/l)	Naphtha- lene (µg/l)	Isopropyl -benzene (µg/I)
MSC	5	1,000	700	10,000	20	100	25
MW-1	<50	<50	1,200	1,300	<50	420	120
MW-2	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0
MW-3	300	14	11	34	21	82	25
MW-4	78	<5.0	9	80	640	20	21
MW-5	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0	94	<5.0	<5.0
MW-6 *	240	1,900	2,600	- 11,000	<50	970	670
MW-7	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0	, 51	<5.0	<5.0

#### Explanation:

MSC – Maximum Contaminant Concentration MTBE – methyl tertiary butyl ether µg/l – micrograms per liter

MW-6 contained 0.13 feet of product during the 12/29/99 sampling event. Data presented is from the 10/13/99 sampling event.

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For a basis of comparison, the Site's available historical analytical data is compared to the respective MSCs below to identify MSC exceedances for the compounds of interest. Benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and xylenes data (other than total BTEX concentrations) is not available prior to the December 18, 1997 sampling event. However, MTBE data is available from May 1992 through the current data set (December 29, 1999).

#### Historical Analytical Data versus MSCs

Benzene (MSC = 5 μg/l)	
MW-1	Ranging from 26 to 62 ug/l
MW-2	Never detected above (since December 1997)
MW-3	Ranging from 98 to 744 ug/l
MW-4	Ranging from below MSC to 78 ug/l (<1,000 μg/l in April 1999)
MW-5	Ranging from below to 18 ug/l
MW-6	Ranging from 170 to 360 μg/l & LPH
MW-7	Never detected above (since April 1999)

Toluene (MSC = 1,000 μg/l)	
MW-1, MW-2, MW-3, MW-5, & MW-7	Never detected above (since December 1997)
MVV-4	Ranging from below MSC to 2,700 ug/l
MVV-6	Ranging from 1,400 to 2,200 μg/l & LPH

Ethylbenzene (MSC = 700 μg/l)	
MW-2, MW-3, MW-4, MW-5, & MW-7	Never detected above (since December 1997)
MW-1	Ranging from below MSC to 1,300 ug/l
MW-6 .	Ranging from 2,400 to 4,100 μg/l & LPH

Xylenes (MSC = 10,000 μg/l)	
All wells except MW-6	Never detected above MSC (since December 1997)
MW-6	 Ranging from 10,000 to 21,000 μg/l & LPH

MTBE (MSC = 20 ug/l)	
MW-1 – Onsite	Below MSC since December 1997
MW-2 – Onsite	Never Detected Above MSC
MW-3 – Onsite	Ranged from below MSC to 1,540 ug/l
MW-4 - Onsite	Ranged from below MSC to 38,000 ug/l (April 1999)
MW-5 – Onsite	Ranging from below MSC to 3,300 ug/l (July 1993)
MW-6 – Offsite	Ranging from below MSC to 2,100 ug/l & LPH

MTBE (MSC = 20 ug/l)					
MW-7 – Offsite		Never Dete	cted Above	MSC (since May 1992)	

Naphthalene (MSC = 100 μg	/I)
MW-1	Ranging from below to 530 ug/l
MW-2	Never detected above (since December 1997)
MVV-3	Ranging from below to 217 ug/i
MVV-4	Ranging from below to 130 ug/l
MVV-5	Never detected above (since December 1997)
MVV-6	Ranging from below to 1,900 ug/l & LPH
MVV-7	Never detected above (since April 1999)

Isopropylbenzene (MSC = 25 ug/l)	
MW-2 - MW-3, MW-5, & MW-7	Never detected above (since April 1999)
MW-1	Ranging from 33 to 150 ug/l
MW-4	Ranging from below to 37 μg/l
MW-6	Ranging from 230 to 670 ug/l & LPH

The most recent groundwater sampling event (December 29, 1999) indicates that concentrations of one or more of the regulated unleaded gasoline constituents including benzene, ethylbenzene, MTBE, naphthalene, and isopropylbenzene in groundwater were above the Statewide MSCs in MW-1, MW-3, MW-4, MW-5, and MW6 (LPH). Historically, all wells except MW-2 and MW-7 indicated some residual benzene and MTBE concentrations above the MSCs, and toluene, ethylbenzene, xylenes, naphthalene, and isopropylbenzene concentrations in some of the wells exceeded the MSCs. However, as noted in Section 5.0 - Conceptual Model and Section 6.0 - Risk Assessment and Potential Receptors, no threat to human health exists due to incomplete risk pathways for soil and groundwater.

#### 7.3 Proposed Site-Specific Remediation Cleanup Standards

The following <u>Recommended Site-Specific Standards</u> are set at the highest observed concentrations of BTEX (soil and groundwater) and MTBE, naphthalene, and isopropylbenzene (groundwater only) in onsite wells MW-1 through MW-5. No soil or groundwater concentrations observed in onsite wells MW-1 through MW-5 have exceeded the Site-Specific Standards.

#### Recommended Site-Specific Standards

site specific
---------------

Media	Compound	Recommended Background Standard ?
Soils	Benzene	0.5 mg/kg (statewide)
Soils	Toluene	100 mg/kg (statewide)
Soils	Ethylbenzene	70 mg/kg (statewide)
Soils	Xylenes	1,000 mg/kg (statewide)
Groundwater	Benzene	1,000 ug/l
Groundwater	Toluene	2,700 ug/l
Groundwater	Ethylbenzene	1,300 ug/l
Groundwater	Xylenes	10,000 ug/l (statewide)
Groundwater	Methyl tertiary-butyl ether	38,000 μg/l
Groundwater	Naphthalene	530 ug/l
Groundwater	Isopropyibenzene	150 ug/l

Current groundwater concentrations are at or below these recommended Site-Specific Remediation Standards in all wells. Based upon the risk exposure pathways evaluated, these proposed Site-Specific Remediation Standards are protective of human health and the environment.

The historic groundwater data contained in Table 3 meets the attainment requirements for groundwater as per Sections 704 (General Attainment Requirements for Groundwater) and 707 (Statistical Tests) of Act 2. The above referenced Site-Specific Remediation Standards proposed for the Site were set to the maximum concentrations ever observed in onsite wells MW-1 through MW-5 at the Site for those compounds that exceeded Statewide Health Standards. The historic data set meets the attainment criteria for groundwater based upon the 95%UCL of the arithmetic mean analysis as indicated in Appendix F. The groundwater attainment evaluation for this Site also verified the following (as per 250.704d):

- There was adequate spatial sampling of the plume upgradient, which indicated a decreasing concentration trend toward the downgradient property boundary.
- The parameters affecting the fate and transport of regulated substances within the plume were fully evaluated.
- Concentrations of regulated substances in the plume at the point of compliance monitoring wells downgradient were all less than the proposed site-specific cleanup levels. Predictive modeling scenarios for compounds of concern as displayed in Section 9.0 verify that no compounds of concern exceed the proposed site-specific cleanup standards.
- The age and stability of the plume are well documented.

#### 8.0 ATTAINMENT

The point of compliance for demonstration of attainment of Site-Specific Standards is contained in Section 250.407 of the Act 2 regulations. For any standard selected, the attainment demonstration for groundwater media shall be made at the point of compliance as defined in Subchapters B-D (Section 250.707). Site-specific standards must be attained at and beyond the point of compliance, where the plume has migrated beyond the property boundary. For groundwater, the point of compliance is the property boundary that existed at the time the contamination was discovered.<sup>9</sup>

To ensure that contaminant concentration at the point of compliance will not exceed the selected standard in the future, a statistical time trend analysis or knowledge of plume stability must be provided to the PADEP as part of the closure report. Act 2 requires that statistical methods be applied to verify the cleanup of a site (Section 250.707). The selection of a statistical method for use in assessing the attainment of cleanup standards depends on the characteristics of the environmental media. Statistical methods can be divided into two categories: parametric and non-parametric procedures.

The statistical test selected for this data set is the Upper Confidence Limit (UCL). As per Section 250.707c, p. 4228 "Statistical Tests", in order "to demonstrate attainment of the site-specific standard, a person may use a statistical test identified in subsection (b)(1)(ii) and (2)(ii) where the 95% UCL of the arithmetic mean is below the site-specific standard". Figure IV-1 "Flow Chart of Recommended Statistical Methods", Section IV of the Technical Guidance Document provides the basis for the selection of this statistical method. These tests statistically verify attainment with the established Site-Specific Cleanup Levels (Appendix F).

In Appendix F, B&B performed statistical analyses on the actual data set for MTBE in MW-4 between 11/20/91 and 12/29/99 using the 95% Upper Confidence Level (UCL) of the arithmetic mean analysis. If 95% UCL of arithmetic mean is less than the proposed cleanup standard, it can be concluded that the area is "clean". The number resulting from the 95% UCL analysis on the MTBE data set was 7,714 ug/l, which is less than the proposed site-specific standard of 38,000 ug/l for MTBE; therefore, it can be concluded the area is "clean".

<sup>9</sup> Page II-65 of the 12/97 Act 2 Technical Guidance Manual 10 Page II-66 of the 12/97 Act 2 Technical Guidance Manual

#### 9.0 FATE & TRANSPORT MODELING / ANALYSIS

There are no downgradient sensitive receptors within 1,000 feet of the Site and therefore no threat to human health exists due to incomplete risk pathways for soil and groundwater. The Site is situated in an urban environment. All downgradient properties located with a 1,000-foot radius are provided with public drinking water. Although the aquifer beneath the Site and 1,000 feet downgradient of the Site is not used for potable water, projected concentrations resulting from the predictive modeling scenarios in this section were compared to the MSCs for Residential Used Aquifers. The overall purpose of the predictive modeling was to demonstrate that dissolved concentrations of regulated unleaded gasoline components in groundwater at the Site would not impact downgradient sensitive receptors, even if they existed.

The fate and transport modeling scenarios contained in Appendix E were performed to demonstrate that the residual concentrations in the groundwater would quickly attenuate a short distance downgradient to levels below each compound's MSC. For each compound of concern, the distance downgradient and the elapsed time until attenuation below the MSC are determined. A predictive fate and transport model known as the Quick Domenico (QD) Model is used to illustrate that those compounds above MSC levels in the Site wells will continue to attenuate naturally and not impact any potential downgradient receptors. The QD Model is a Microsoft® Excel spreadsheet application of "An Analytical Model For Multidimensional Transport of A Decaying Contaminant Species", by P.A. Domenico, Journal of Hydrology, 91 (1987), pp. 49-58.

The QD Model calculates the concentration of contaminants at any point in time downgradient of a source area of known size and magnitude. The types of contaminants for which QD Model is intended are dissolved contaminants whose fate and transport can be described or influenced by first order decay and reaction with organic carbon in the soil. The model allows for first order decay, retardation, and three-dimensional dispersion.

Input data (See Appendix E) to the QD Model includes the following:

- Source Concentration (mg/l)
- Distance to Location of Concern (feet)
- Longitudinal Dispersivity (Ax = X/10 where X is distance a contaminant has traveled by advective transport (i.e. velocity x time))
- Transverse Dispersivity (Ay = Ax/10)
- Vertical Dispersivity (Az = Ax/20 to Ax/100)
- Lambda (days-1 First Order Decay Constant)
- Source Width (feet)
- Source Thickness (feet)
- Hydraulic Conductivity (K in ft/day)
- Hydraulic Gradient (ft/ft)
- Porosity (%)
- Soil Bulk Density (g/cm3)
- KOC (Organic Carbon Partition Coefficient-Chemical Specific)
- Fraction Organic Carbon (decimal fraction)

- "y" feet = y coordinate for which solution is desired
- "z" feet = z coordinate in the vertical axis
- "t" (days) = time in days after a contaminant began moving in the groundwater for which a solution is desired

The QD Model will yield a projected concentration for a specific compound at a given downgradient location (i.e. the potential downgradient receptor or the property boundary) at a given future point in time. The output of the QD Model allows verification that the MSC for a specific compound is not exceeded at the point of compliance.

#### 9.1 SITE-SPECIFIC QUICK DOMENICO MODELING ANALYSIS

Several QD Modeling scenarios were generated of for each compound of concern at the Site. Historical data indicated that benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, MTBE, naphthalene, and isopropylbenzene have exceeded their respective MSCs in one or more of onsite wells MW-1 through MW-5 in the past. The purpose of performing QD modeling analysis on these compounds is to demonstrate, by predictive modeling, the progress of natural attenuation over time. The QD Model shows the predicted distance downgradient at which the individual compounds fall below their MSC.

#### 9.2 DOMENICO MODEL CALIBRATION

Calibration is the process of adjusting hydraulic parameters, initial conditions, and boundary conditions within reasonable ranges to obtain a match between observed and modeled data. If model output correlates with actual plume concentrations, then the model is appropriately calibrated and residuals (differences between actual and modeled contaminant concentrations) are minimized. A well-calibrated model accurately simulates actual conditions and increases the degree of confidence in the model's output.

For this Site, actual laboratory data was used as the input "source concentration" for MW-3 (benzene), MW-4 (toluene & MTBE), and MW-6 and MW-1 (ethylbenzene, naphthalene, and isopropylbenzene) due to the different wells indicating the highest observed concentrations for their respective source components. The component source concentrations were then projected downgradient and concentrations were compared to the actual concentration in the calibration wells. The use of two separate "source concentration" wells was required due to the existence of both the upgradient offsite source (MW-6) and the onsite residual source (tank hold area) as described in Section 5.0 – Conceptual Model. Finally, input variables were adjusted until the predicted data matched the actual data for each compound of concern (Appendix E).

#### 9.3 PREDICTIVE MODELING SCENARIOS

The objective in running the QD Model was to determine the distance downgradient and the time that a compound would attenuate to below its MSC. The procedure was performed for each of the compounds of concern. The results are summarized on the next page:

#### **Predictive Modeling Results**

Compound of Concern	MSC (µg/l)	Peak Concentration (μg/l)	Peak Concentration Location	Time in Years to Attainment of MSC	Distance to Location of Concern (feet)	Predicted Concentration (μg/l)
Benzene	5	744	MVV-3	23.7	128	5
Toluene	1,000	2,700	MVV-4	1.2	76	0
Ethylbenzene	700	1,300	MVV-1	8.2	8	446
Xylenes <sup>1</sup>	10,000	N/A	N/A	·N/A	N/A	N/A
MTBE	20	38,000	MW-4	1.5	76	. 0
Naphthalene	20	530	MVV-1	7.7	8	64
Isopropylbenzene	25	150	MVV-1	0.5	8	0

Explanation:

MSC – Maximum Contaminant Concentration MTBE – methyl tertiary butyl ether

μg/l - micrograms per liter

N/A -Not Applicable

Input and output QD Model data is contained in Appendix E. The results of the QD Model demonstrate that predicted concentrations for benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, MTBE, naphthalene, and isopropylbenzene remained below the Site-Specific Cleanup Standards outlined in Section 7.0 of this report. In addition, modeling predicted that each compound of concern attenuated to below its Statewide Health Standard Concentration either onsite or at a relatively short distance downgradient of the Site.

Typically, several predictive modeling runs are also generated that factored in the potential additive impact to groundwater from soils. Any residual petroleum hydrocarbon compounds entrained in the vadose zone soils at the Site could leach from the soil to the groundwater. However, for this Site, concentrations of BTEX were not detected or in the onsite soil boring samples (MW-5 well installation).

<sup>1</sup> Xylenes were never detected above MSC in onsite wells MW-1 through MW-5 and therefore were not modeled.

#### 10.0 CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

ExxonMobil Corporation requests from the Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection under Pennsylvania's Land Recycling and Remediation Standards Act (Act 2) the following for Former Mobil Station No. 15-DAC:

- Act 2 Release from Liability for soils under Statewide Health Standards for benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and xylenes.
- Act 2 Release from Liability for groundwater under a Statewide Health Standard for xylenes.
- Act 2 Release from Liability for groundwater under Site-Specific Standards for benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, methyl tertiary butyl ether, naphthalene, and isopropylbenzene.

This request is based on the following reasons:

- The onsite source of contamination to the subsurface (i.e. former USTs and associated piping and dispensers) has been removed from the Site.
- There are no risk exposure pathways for soil. The inhalation, dermal, and ingestion pathways are incomplete.
- Air modeling indicates that residual concentrations in the groundwater do not pose an inhalation risk to potential receptors such as sewers and basements. Current downgradient groundwater concentrations are below the leaky sewer and basement threshold values.
- There are no risk exposure pathways for groundwater. The inhalation, dermal, and ingestion pathways are incomplete. No downgradient sensitive receptors exist within 1,500 feet of the Site.
- Benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, xylenes, naphthalene, and isopropylbenzene are present in the groundwater. However, the source of these concentrations is attributable to an upgradient source (former Citgo gasoline station)
- Xylene values have indicated below MSC (10,000 μg/l) values in all onsite monitoring wells (MW-1 through MW-5) since at least December 1997. So has tolvere
- Predictive fate and transport analysis further supports Act 2 closure of the Site. Modeling
  scenarios demonstrate that benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, MTBE, naphthalene, and
  isopropylbenzene remains below the proposed Site-Specific Remediation Cleanup Standard for
  the Site. UCL statistical tests verify attainment with the proposed cleanup standards.
- Furthermore, predictive modeling indicates that each compound of concern will continue to naturally attenuate to below its MSC either onsite or at a relatively short distance downgradient of the Site. Based on these modeling results, no offsite adverse impact to groundwater is expected in the future, nor do the contaminant concentrations presently existing at the Site pose a risk to human health or the environment.

Based upon the bullet items above, it is recommended that no further action is necessary at this Site and that an Act 2 release from liability for Benzene, Toluene, Ethylbenzene, and Xylenes for soils and for Benzene, Toluene, Ethylbenzene, Xylenes, Methyl Tertiary Butyl Ether, Naphthalene, and Isopropylbenzene for groundwater be granted for this Site.

CARL BASTIAN

#### 11.0 SIGNATURES

This closure report has been prepared on behalf of ExxonMobil Refining and Supply – Global Remediation by the following individuals:

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#### 12.0 REFERENCES

The following reference materials were used in the compilation of this report:

Pennsylvania's Land Recycling Program Technical Guidance Manual, Final Draft December 1997, by the PADEP.

Pennsylvania Bulletin, Vol. 27, No. 33, August 16, 1997 (Act 2 Regulations).

"An Analytical Model for Multidimensional Transport of a Decaying Contaminant Species", by P.A. Domenico, Journal of Hydrology, 91 (1987), pp. 49-58.

PA Department of Environmental Protection Microsoft® Excel Quick\_Domenico.XLS Spreadsheet Application of "An Analytical Model for Multidimensional Transport of a Decaying Contaminant Species" P.A. Domenico (1987) Modified to Include Retardation

InfoMap Technologies Incorporated – Environmental FirstSearch Report<sup>™</sup> for Mobil Station No. 15-DAC in Levittown, PA 19057, dated 09/26/00.

"Groundwater", by Freeze & Cheery, Table 2.2, p.29

"Groundwater and Wells", by Driscoll, Figure 5.14, p.75

**TABLES** 

# TABLE 1

# Summary of Federal, State and Public Potable Supply Well Search ExxonMobil Corporation Former Mobil Station No. 15-DAC Levittown, Pennsylvania

Well Yield	(mdg)
Depth to Water Bearing Zone	(reer)
Depth to Water Casing Length	(reet)
Well Depth	(reet)
	Well Owner
Primary Use of	Water
`	Constructed
Direction from	I arget Property
Database ID Distance from Direction f	I arger Property Targer Property (InfoMap Report)
Database ID	Number adius of the Site (I
į	on wap Latabase Lype Number Larget Propert None Reported Within 1,000 Foot Radius of the Site (InfoWap Report)
Well ID Number	on map None Reported W

Explanation:

NR - not recorded

gpm - gallons per minute

<sup>1.</sup> Federal, State and Public Potable Supply Well Search was conducted using an Environmnetal Technologies Inc. InfoMap Database Report. Additional information was also obtained from the PAGWIS Database and interviews with the local public water supplier(s).

# TABLE 2

Soils Quality Data Exxon Mobil Corporation Former Mobil Station No. 15-DAC Levittown, Pennsylvania

Compound	Appendix A	Appe	Appendix A						Anna	Annendix A					Γ
of	Table 3A	Tat	Table 3A						Tab	Table 3B					
Concern	MSCs for Organics in Soil		MSCs for Organics in Soil					W	Cs for Or	MSCs for Organics in Soil	Soil				
	Direct Contact	Direct	Direct Contact					4)	soil to Gro	Soil to Groundwater	ı				
	Numeric Values	Numeri	Numeric Values						Numeric	Numeric Values					
	Residential	Non-Re	Non-Residential		Residential	_	Noi	Non-Residential	ntial	R	Residential		Non	Non-Residential	lal
		Surface	Subsurface	Š	<b>Used Aquifers</b>	SLS	n	<b>Used Aquifers</b>	ers	-Non-	Non-Use Aquifers	ers	Non-	Non-Use Aquifers	ers
	Soil	Soil	Soil		TDS<2500	•	,-	TDS<2500	0					•	
	(0-15 feet)	(0-2 feet)	(2-15 feet)	100xGW MSC	Generic		100xGW MSC	Generic		100xGW MSC	Generic Value		100xGW MSC	Generic Value	
Benzene	38 N	200 N	230 N	0.50	0.13	ш	0.50	0.13	Ш	22	13	ш	22	13	ш
Toluene	7,600 N	10,000 C	10,000 C	100	44	Ш	100	44	ш	10,000	4,400	Ш	10,000	4,400	ш
Ethylbenzene	10,000 C	10,000 C	10,000 C	70	46	ш	20	46	ш	70,000	4,600	ш	70,000	4,600	ш
Xylenes (Total)	10,000 C	10,000 C	10,000 C	1,000	850	ш	1,000	820	Ш	10,000	10,000	ш	10,000	10,000	ш
MTBE	10,000 C	10,000 C	10,000 C	2	0.28	ш	7	0.28	Ш	20	2.8	ш	20	2.8	ш
Naphthalene	8,800 G	110,000 G	190,000 C	10	2	ш	5	သ	ш	2,000	5,000	ш	2,000	5,000	ш
Isopropylbenzene	170 N	480 N	550 N	2.5	18	ш	5.2	37	ш	250	1,800	ш	520	3,700	ш
Explanation:			Selec	ction of S	oil MCSs	is based	on proce	ss in Ac	t 2 Techni	ical Guida	Selection of Soil MCSs is based on process in Act 2 Technical Guidance Manual -	<u>[a</u>			
G - Ingestion				Final Dra	Final Draft 12/1997 (Section II Remediation Standards, pages II 22 - II 24)	Section	I I Remed	diation S	tandards,	pages II.	22 - 11 24)				
C-Cap		Which Is:													
N - Inhalation		Select	Select highest MSC listed in Table 3B "Soil to Groundwater Numeric Values" - Under Used Aquifers with <2,500 TDS - Non-Residential Col.	in Table	3B "Soil to	Ground	water Nun	neric Valu	nes" - Und	ler Used A	\quifers wi	th <2,500	N-SQL (	n-Resider	ntial Colu
E - Number calculated by the soil to	by the soil to	And Compare To:													_
groundwater equatic	groundwater equation in decide 200,000.														_
NOTE:	of population is market	MSC	MSC listed in Table 3A "Direct Contact Numerio Values" - Under Non-Residential Subsurface Soil 2-15 feet Column	Direct Con	tact Nume	ric Value	s"- Unde	r Non-Re	sidential 🤄	Subsurface	e Soil 2-15	feet Coli	umr		
i. All collectionations a	le leponed in mg/kg.	Misc is the lowes	MISO IS THE TOWEST OF THE TWO HUMBERS SELECTED ADOVE	Select	ed apove										

# TABLE 2

Soils Quality Data Exxon Mobil Corporation Former Mobil Station No. 15-DAC Levittown, Pennsylvania

				Site Specific S	Site Specific Soil Data Compared to Selected MSGs	to Selected MSCs	rA)		
			Benzene	Toluene	Ethylbenzene	Xylenes	MTBE	Naphthalene	Isopropylbenzene
	Compour	Compound of Concern	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)
	Š	Selected MSC -							
	Non	Non- Residential,	0.5	100	02	1.000	2	100	37
	Used Aquife	Used Aquifers, TDS<2500						!	
Sample Location	Depth (ft)	Date							
MW-5	2-2	4-Sep-91	QV	QN	Q	Ð	NA	ΝA	ΨN
MW-5	13-15	4-Sep-91	Q	QN	Q	2	NA	AN	ΑN
MW-6	2-5	9-Sep-91	2.8	34	23	130	NA	AN	AN
MW-6	10-12	9-Sep-91	4.3	35	21	120	NA	ΝA	NA
MW-7	2-5	9-Sep-91	0.61	6.1	3.8	21	ΝA	NA	NA
MW-7	10-12	9-Sep-91	20.0	0.49	0.3	1.8	AN	NA	NA

Explanation:
ND - Not detected
NA - Not Analyzed
BRL - Below Reporting Limits

### Note:

All concentrations are reported in milligrams per kilogram (mg/kg)
 Bolded concentration note exceedances of PADEP MSCs.

# TABLE 3 Groundwater Monitoring and Quality Data Exxon Mobil Corporation Former Mobil Station No. 15-DAC Levittown, Pennsylvania

sopropyl	(hg/l)	25	NA	NA	NA NA	NA	¥.	NA NA	A'A	¥	A'A	NA	NA NA	¥	NA A	4	A'A	A'A	4	NA NA	4	۷	_	_	0
_		2	Z	Z	Z	Z	Ž	Z	z	Z	Ž	Z	Z	z	z	- NA	Ž	Ż	Ϋ́	Ž	NA	NA	33	53	150
	Naphthalene (µg/l)	100	۷V	ΝA	AN	ΝA	Ą	NA	Ϋ́	Ą	Ā	ΑN	Ą	Ą	ΑN	NA	ΑN	Ϋ́	Ϋ́	NA	192	430	210	170	530
	MTBE (µg/l)	20	NDA	NDA	190	120	82	96	55	Q	S	QN	64	72	Q	30	29	98	LPH	ГРН	87	17	.<25	<5.0	<5.0
	lotal B1EX (µg∕l)	SN	1,862	1,861	782	1,692	1,230	1,743	685	740	1,040	1,080	763	783	926	384	670	798	LPH	ГРН	1,339	872	786	910	2,762
	roral Aylenes (µg/l)	10,000	NDA	480	/ 420 //	420	1,400																		
į	Emylibezene (µg/l)	700	NDA	380	340	450	1,300																		
	Toluene (µg/l)	1,000	NDA	ADN	12	<25>	0.5>	0.5>																	
C	(hg/l)	2	NDA	<100	. 56	40	62																		
Product	(feet)	Selected MSC	NDA	QN	Sheen	Sheen	Q																		
Relative Groundwater	(feet)	S	90.88	91.55	92.34	91.39	91.31	92.36	93.01	91.60	92.41	93.40	93.81	91.85	92.10	92.08	91.74	91.69	91.13	93.45	93.33	91.50	92.40	90.70	92.48
Depth to	Groundwater (feet)		8.15	7.48	69.9	7.64	7.72	6.67	6.02	7.43	6.62	5.63	5.22	7.18	6.93	6.95	7.29	7.34	NDA	NDA	5.70	7.53	6.63	8.33	6.55
Top of Casing	(feet)		99.03	99.03	99.03	99.03	99.03	99.03	99.03	99.03	99.03	99.03	99.03	99.03	99.03	99.03	99.03	99.03	99.03	99.03	99.03	99.03	99.03	99.03	99.03
	Date		20-Nov-91	24-Feb-92	29-May-92	12-Aug-92	13-Nov-92	10-Feb-93	20-May-93	16-Jul-93	20-Oct-93	31-Jan-94	08-Apr-94	14-Jul-94	03-Oct-94	11-Jan-95	19-Apr-95	10-Jul-95	19-Oct-95	25-Jan-96	12-Dec-96	18-Dec-97	02-Apr-99	22-Jul-99	13-Oct-99
	Well		MW-1															.,						_	

TABLE 3
Groundwater Monitoring and Quality Data
Exxon Mobil Corporation
Former Mobil Station No. 15-DAC
Levittown, Pennsylvania

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Monitoring Well

Relative
Top of Casing Depth to Groundwater
Elevation Groundwater Elevation
(feet) (feet) (feet)

Product Thickness (feet)

Benzene (µg/l)

Ethylbezene Total Xylenes Total BTEX Naphthalene Τοίμεης (μg/l) (μg/l) (μg/l) ΜΤΒΕ (μg/l) (μg/l)

Isopropyl benzene (µg/l)

																							MW-2
29-Dec-99	13-Oct-99	22-Jul-99	02-Apr-99	18-Dec-97	12-Dec-96	25-Jan-96	19-Oct-95	10-Jul-95	19-Apr-95	11-Jan-95	03-Oct-94	14-Jul-94	08-Apr-94	31-Jan-94	20-Oct-93	16-Jul-93	20-May-93	10-Feb-93	13-Nov-92	12-Aug-92	29-May-92	24-Feb-92	20-Nov-91
98.69	98.69	98.69	98.69	98.69	98.69	98.69	98.69	98.69	98.69	98.69	98.69	98.69	98.69	98.69	98.69	98.69	98.69	98.69	98.69	98.69	98.69	98.69	98.69
5.94	5.98	7.70	5.86	7.23	4.95	4.81	7.51	6.61	6.47	6.31	6.18	6.44	4.42	4.94	5.94	6.74	5.23	5.98	7.18	7.00	6.02	6.91	7.59
92.75	92.71	90.99	92.83	91.46	93.74	93.88	91.18	92.08	92.22	92.38	92.51	92.25	94.27	93.75	92.75	91.95	93.46	92.71	91.51	91.69	92.67	91.78	91.10
N	ND	GN	ND	ND	ND	ND																	
<5.0	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0	<1.0	NDA																		
<5.0	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0	<1.0	NDA																		
<5.0	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0	<1.0	NDA																		
<5.0	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0	<3.0	NDA	NDA	NDA	NDA	ADN	NDA													
BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	NA	0.6	2.6	ND	0.2	3.5	ND	ND	ND	0.7	ND	ND	0.6	ND	ND	1.1	ND	ND	1.3
<5.0	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0	<1.0	NA	ND	ND	ND	ND	3.8	ND	4.7	ND	NDA	NDA								
0.5>	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0	NA	NA	NA	NA.	NA														
<5.0	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0	NA	AN	NA	NA	AN	NA	NA	NA	NA											

TABLE 3
Groundwater Monitoring and Quality Data
Exxon Mobil Corporation
Former Mobil Station No. 15-DAC
Levittown, Pennsylvania

		_		_	_		_	_	_	_		_		_	_								
Isopropyl benzene (µg/l)	AN	ž	AN	ΑA	NA A	N A	ΨZ	ΑN	Ą	¥	ΑŽ	Ā	ΑA	¥	Ą	Ą	¥	¥	W	Ā	4	8.0	23
Naphthalene (μg/l)	AN	ž	¥	ΑN	Ϋ́	Ϋ́	٧×	Ϋ́	ΑN	¥	ΑN	NA VA	AN	Ą	¥	¥	Ϋ́	Ϋ́	217	<100	110	99	93
I МТВЕ (µg/l)	AUN	ADA	27	Q	80	Q	QN	150	Q.	1,100	45	26	Q	116	44	154	Q	336	1,540	<50	47	95	44
Total BTEX (μg/l)	1 204	1.347	378	1,044	2,192	1,205	1,870	2,128	1,057	741	466	1,254	1,827	1,351	1,863	852	357	68	1,144	194	281	149	305
Ethylbezene Total Xylenes (µg/l) (µg/l)	ACN ACN	NDA	NDA	ADA	NDA	NDA	AON	NDA	154	28	18	28	16										
Ethylbezene (µg/l)	ACN	NDA	ADA	NDA	NDA	NDA	NDA	211	12	22	<5.0	19.											
Toluene (µg/l)	NDA	NDA	NDA	NDA	NDA	NDA	NDA	NDA	NDA	NDA	NDA	NDA	NDA	NDA	AGN	NDA	AGN	NDA	35	14	11	23	10
Benzene (µg/l)	AGN	NDA	744	140	230	98	260																
Product Thickness (feet)	Q	₽	S	ON	QN	ON	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	ND	QN	Q									
Relative Groundwater Elevation (feet)	66.06	91.66	92.47	91.54	91.44	92.50	93.06	91.75	92.51	93.32	93.67	92.01	92.29	92.24	91.94	91.75	91.11	93.41	93.32	90.77	92.66	90.85	92.57
Depth to Groundwater (feet)	7.33	6.66	5.85	6.78	6.88	5.82	5.26	6.57	5.81	5.00	4.65	6.31	6.03	6.08	6.38	6.57	7.21	4.91	5.00	7.55	5.66	7.47	5.75
Top of Casing Elevation (feet)	98.32	98.32	98.32	98.32	98.32	98.32	98.32	98.32	98.32	98.32	98.32	98.32	98.32	98.32	98.32	98.32	98.32	98.32	98.32	98.32	98.32	98.32	98.32
Date	20-Nov-91	24-Feb-92	29-May-92	12-Aug-92	13-Nov-92	10-Feb-93	20-May-93	16-Jul-93	20-Oct-93	31-Jan-94	08-Apr-94	14-Jul-94	03-Oct-94	11-Jan-95	19-Apr-95	10-Jul-95	19-Oct-95	25-Jan-96	12-Dec-96	18-Dec-97	02-Apr-99	22-Jul-99	13-Oct-99
Monitoring Well	MW-3	-															_						

98.32

TABLE 3
Groundwater Monitoring and Quality Data
Exxon Mobil Corporation
Former Mobil Station No. 15-DAC
Levittown, Pennsylvania

				Relative									
Monitoring		Top of Casing Elevation	Depth to Groundwater	Groundwater Elevation	Product Thickness	Benzene		Ethylbezene	Ethylbezene Total Xylenes	Total BTEX	_	Naphthalene	Isopropyl benzene
Well	Date	(feet)	(feet)	(feet)	(feet)	(l/grl)	Toluene (µg/l)	(hg/l)			MTBE (µg/l)	(l/gu)	(hg/l)
MW-4	20-Nov-91	98.50	7.61	90.89	DN	NDA	NDA	NDA	NDA	653	NDA	Α×	ΑN
	24-Feb-92	98.50	6.94	91.56	QN	NDA	NDA	NDA	NDA	QN	NDA	Ą	ΑΝ
	29-May-92	98.50	6.19	92.31	ND	NDA	NDA	NDA	NDA	19	110	ΑN	ΑN
	12-Aug-92	98.50	7.10	91.40	ND	NDA	AGN	NDA	NDA	360	22	ΑN	Ą
	13-Nov-92	98.50	7.12	91.38	ON	NDA	NDA	NDA	NDA	QN	4	¥	A'A
	10-Feb-93	98.50	6.19	92.31	QN	NDA	NDA	NDA	NDA	NDA	44	Ą	ΑΝ
	20-May-93	98.50	5.57	92.93	QN	NDA	NDA	NDA	NDA	307	250	ĄN	Ą
	16-Jul-93	98.50	6.88	91.62	QN	NDA	AGN	NDA	NDA	84	580	Ϋ́	ξ
	20-Oct-93	98.50	5.57	92.93	QN	NDA	ADN	NDA	NDA	20	73	¥	ΑN
	31-Jan-94	98.50	5.25	93.25	ND	NDA	NDA	NDA	NDA	103	320	¥	¥.
	08-Apr-94	98.50	4.92	93.58	QN	NDA	NDA	NDA	NDA	323	240	ΑN	ΑN
	14-Jul-94	98.50	6.63	91.87	ND	NDA	NDA	NDA	NDA	99	147	NA	Ą
	03-Oct-94	98.50	6.36	92.14	QN	NDA	NDA	NDA	NDA	19	170	ΑN	A'A
	11-Jan-95	98.50	6.41	92.09	ND	NDA	NDA	NDA	NDA	308	5,660	ΑN	AN A
	19-Apr-95	98.50	7.70	90.80	QN	NDA	NDA	NDA	NDA	107	946	NA	NA
	10-Jul-95	98.50	6.78	91.72	ON	NDA	NDA	NDA	NDA	15	146	NA	AN
	19-Oct-95	98.50	7.49	91.01	QN	NDA	NDA	NDA	NDA	16	2,790	NA	ΑN
	25-Jan-96	98.50	5.19	93.31	QN	NDA	NDA	NDA	NDA	143	(29,700)	NA	NA
	12-Dec-96	98.50	5.30	93.20	ND	3.5	QN	7.8	3.7	15	077-7	22	AN
	18-Dec-97	98.50	8.25	90.25	ND	<5.0	<1.0	<1.0	<3.0	BDL	1,900	12	Ā
	02-Apr-99	98.50	5.97	92.53	ND	<1,000	2,700	<1,000	5,500	8,200	((38,000))	130	37
	22-Jul-99	98.50	7.73	90.77	QN	28	<5.0	15	9.0	52	1	09	21
	13-Oct-99	98.50	6.00	92.50	QN	5.0	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0	5.0	21	<5.0	17
	29-Dec-99	98.50	6.03	92.47	ND	78	<5.0	9.0	80	167	640	20	21

Page 5 of 7

Groundwater Monitoring and Quality Data Exxon Mobil Corporation Former Mobil Station No. 15-DAC Levittown, Pennsylvania TABLE 3

1	. –	_	_							_	_		_		_					_	_			_	_
isopropyl benzene (µg/l)	2.4	5	Ϋ́	NA	AN	¥	Ą	ĄN	¥	ΑN	Ą	NA NA	ΝΑ	NA	Ϋ́	¥	V	NA	ΑN	¥	Ā	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0
Naphthalene (µg/l)	1	٤	ΑN	NA	Ϋ́	¥	¥ Z	Ą	¥	ĄN	Ą	٩	ΑĀ	ΑΝ	Ą	¥	Ą	NA	NA NA	ΑĀ	<10	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0
MTBE (µg/l)	YOU	5 2	NDA	AN	Ą	Ϋ́	ΑΝ	- 65	3,300	SN	230	440	216	275	100	2,560	455	12	720	498	16.	210	250	63	94
Total BTEX (µg/l)	1	2	53	NS	2.0	41	2	922	63	NS	0.8	78	94	12	1.5	35	9.0	2.4	4.5	0.3	BDL	BDL	28	BDL	BDL.
Ethylbezene Total Xylenes (µg/l)	401	5	AGN	NDA	NDA	NDA	NDA	NDA	NDA	MDA	NDA	<3.0	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0									
Ethylbezene (µg/l)	V C		NDA	NDA	NDA	NDA	NDA	NDA	NDA	ADA	NDA	<1.0	<5.0	10	<5.0	<5.0									
Toluene (µg/I)	2	5	NDA	NDA	AGN	NDA	NDA	NDA	NDA	AGN	NDA	<1.0	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0									
Benzene (µg/l)	2	Ç.	NDA	NDA	NDA	NDA	NDA	NDA	NDA	NDA	NDA	NDA	NDA	NDA	NDA	NDA	NDA	NDA	NDA	NDA	<1.0	<5.0	18	<5.0	<5.0
Product Thickness (feet)	900	3 5	QV	ON	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	QN	Q
Relative Groundwater Elevation (feet)	MN	ININI C	91.43	87.41	88.06	90.67	90.92	91.68	90.40	91.19	92.15	92.42	90.63	90.93	90.89	90.54	90.41	89.83	92.16	92.10	90.27	91.37	89.48	91.33	91.29
Depth.to Groundwater (feet)	ACM	5	5.89	9.91	9.26	6.65	6.40	5.64	6.92	6.13	5.17	4.90	69.9	6.39	6.43	6.78	6.91	7.49	5.16	5.22	7.05	5.95	7.84	5.99	6.03
Top of Casing Elevation (feet)	07.32	20:10	97.32	97.32	97.32	97.32	97.32	97.32	97.32	97.32	97.32	97.32	97.32	97.32	97.32	97.32	97.32	97.32	97.32	97.32	97.32	97.32	97.32	97.32	97.32
Date.	20 Nov. 94	100000	24-rep-92	29-May-92	12-Aug-92	13-Nov-92	10-Feb-93	-20-May-93	16-Jul-93	20-Oct-93	31-Jan-94	08-Apr-94	14-Jul-94	03-Oct-94	11-Jan-95	19-Apr-95	10-Jul-95	19-Oct-95	25-Jan-96	12-Dec-96	18-Dec-97	02-Apr-99	22-Jul-99	13-Oct-99	29-Dec-99
Monitoring Well	NAMA.E	?	_											· _ ·											L

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Top of Casing Depth to Elevation Groundwater

Relative Groundwater er Elevation (feet)

Product Thickness (feet)

Isopropyl benzene (µg/l)

	_																						MW-6	Monitoring Well
49-000-03	13-Oct-99	22-Jul-99	02-Apr-99	18-Dec-97	12-Dec-96	25-Jan-96	19-Oct-95	10-Jul-95	19-Apr-95	11-Jan-95	03-Oct-94	14-Jul-94	08-Apr-94	31-Jan-94	20-Oct-93	16-Jul-93	20-May-93	10-Feb-93	13-Nov-92	12-Aug-92	29-May-92	24-Feb-92	20-Nov-91	Date
41.16	97.74	97.74	97.74	97.74	97.74	97.74	97.74	97.74	97.74	97.74	97.74	97.74	97.74	97.74	97.74	97.74	97.74	97.74	97.74	97.74	97.74	97.74	97.74	Elevation (feet)
4.00	4.59	6.30	4.45	5.75	Z	NDA	NDA	NDA	NDA	NDA	4.88	5.09	3.23	3.85	4.94	5.69	4.26	4.93	6.11	5.95	4.98	5.90	6.55	Groundwater (feet)
93.19	93.15	91.44	93.29	91.99	MN	93.82	91.56	92.63	92.55	92.31	92.86	92.65	94.51	93.89	92.80	92.05	93.48	92.81	91.63	91.79	92.76	91.84	91.19	Elevation (feet)
0.73	NB NB	Sheen	Sheen	ND ND	SN	NDA	NDA	NDA	NDA	NDA	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	NO	ND	Thickness (feet)
댪	240	170	210	360	SN	NDA	NDA	NDA	NDA	NDA	NDA	NDA	NDA	NDA	NDA	NDA	NDA	NDA	NDA	NDA	NDA	NDA	NDA	Benzene (µg/l)
LPH	1,900	1,400	1,800	2,200	SN	NDA	NDA	NDA	NDA	NDA	NDA	NDA	NDA	NDA	NDA	NDA	NDA	NDA	NDA	NDA	NDA	NDA	NDA	Toluene (µg/l)
F	2,600	2,400	2,900	4,100	NS	NDA	NDA	NDA	NDA	NDA	NDA	NDA	NDA	NDA	NDA	NDA	NDA	NDA	NDA	NDA	·NDA	NDA	NDA	Ethylbezene (µg/l)
LPH	11,000	10,000	14,000	21,000	NS	NDA	NDA	NDA	NDA	NDA	NDA	NDA	NDA	NDA	NDA	NDA	NDA	NDA	NDA	NDA	NDA	NDA	NDA	Total Xylenes (µg/l)
Hd7	15,740	13,970	18,910	27,660	SN	LPH	LPH	LPH	LPH	HdT	23,890	Hd7	30,400	34,500	144	26,900	25,600	35,900	36,800	43,000	32,300	34,700	34,200	Total BTEX (µg/l)
LPH	<50	<25	<50	<500	SN	LPH	দ	LPH	LPH	LPH	ND	LPH	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	S	910	ND N	2,100	NDA	NDA	MTBE (µg/l)
দ	970	980	1,900	1,900	NA	N A	NA	N.	NA A	NA	N A	NA	NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA.	NA	NA	N <sub>N</sub>	NA A	N <sub>A</sub>	N.	NA.	Naphthalene (μg/l)
무	670	400	230	NA	NA	N N	NA A	NA A	NA	N A	N <sub>A</sub>	NA	N.	N A	N N	NA	NA	Z.	NA	NA A	N.	NA A	Ą	benzene (µg/l)

# Groundwater Monitoring and Quality Data Former Mobil Station No. 15-DAC Levittown, Pennsylvania **Exxon Mobil Corporation** TABLE 3

Monitoring Well

MVV-7

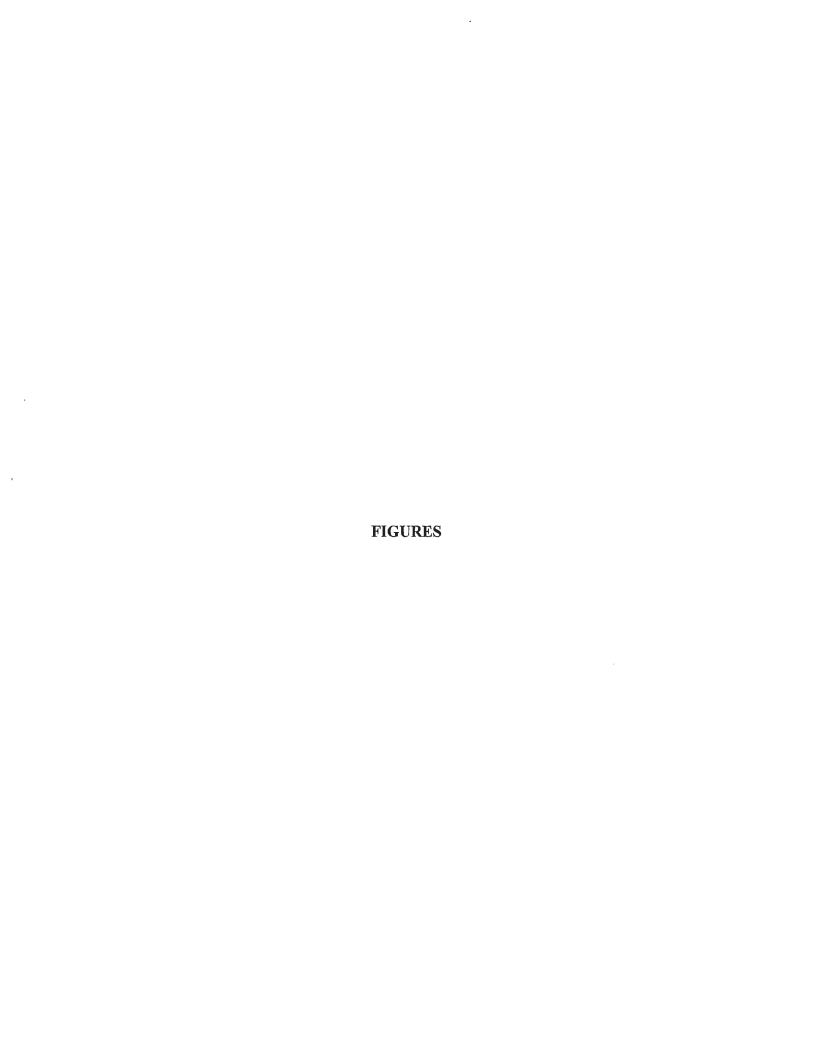
1	_	_	_	_					_						_										
Isopropyl benzene (µg/l)	¥	Ϋ́	ΑN	Ϋ́	ΑN	Ϋ́	Ā	ΑN	Ϋ́	ΑN	AN AN	Ϋ́	ΑŽ	Ϋ́	AN	ΑN	Ϋ́	ΑΝ	Ą	NS	SN	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0
Naphthalene (µg/l)	NA NA	₹	Ϋ́	Ϋ́	AN A	Ϋ́	Ϋ́	Ϋ́	Ϋ́	Ą	¥	ΑN	AN A	ΑN	ΑN	Ą	NA A	NA A	ΑN	SN	SN	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0
MTBE (µg/l)	NDA	ADA	Q	6.0	Q	2	S	ą	9	Q	SN	3.2	6.7	2.1	Q	QN	Q	Q	Q	SN	SN	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0
Total BTEX (µg/l)	9.5	Q	2	Q	QN	Q	2	S	Q	QN	SN	QN	0.3	9.0	0.2	QN	0.5	0.3	NS	NS	NS	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
Total Xylenes (µg/l)	NDA	SN .	NS	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0																		
Ethylbezene Total Xylenes (µg/l)	NDA	NS	SN	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0																		
Toluene (µg/l)	NDA	NS	SN	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0																		
Benzene (µg/l)	NDA	NS	NS	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0	<5.0																		
Product Thickness (feet)	0.00	NDA	QN	ND	ND	QN	QN	QN																	
Relative Groundwater Elevation (feet)	91.24	91.91	92.89	91.91	91.69	92.98	93.82	92.17	97.99	93.98	NM	92.51	92.83	92.57	92.43	92.40	91.37	94.16	94.11	NM	NM	93.15	91.29	93.00	93.08
Depth to Groundwater (feet)	6.75	6.08	5.10	6.08	6.30	5.01	4.17	5.82	00.00	4.01	NM	5.48	5.16	5.42	5.56	5.59	6.62	3.83	3.88	MN	MN	4.84	6.70	4.99	4.91
Top of Casing Elevation (feet)	97.99	97.99	97.99	97.99	97.99	97.99	97.99	97.99	97.99	66.76	97.99	97.99	97.99	97.99	97.99	97.99	97.99	97.99	97.99	97.99	97.99	97.99	97.99	97.99	97.99
Date	20-Nov-91	24-Feb-92	29-May-92	12-Aug-92	13-Nov-92	10-Feb-93	20-May-93	16-Jul-93	20-Oct-93	31-Jan-94	08-Apr-94	14-Jul-94	03-Oct-94	11-Jan-95	19-Apr-95	10-Jul-95	19-Oct-95	25-Jan-96	25-Jan-96	12-Dec-96	18-Dec-97	02-Apr-99	22-Jul-99	13-Oct-99	29-Dec-99

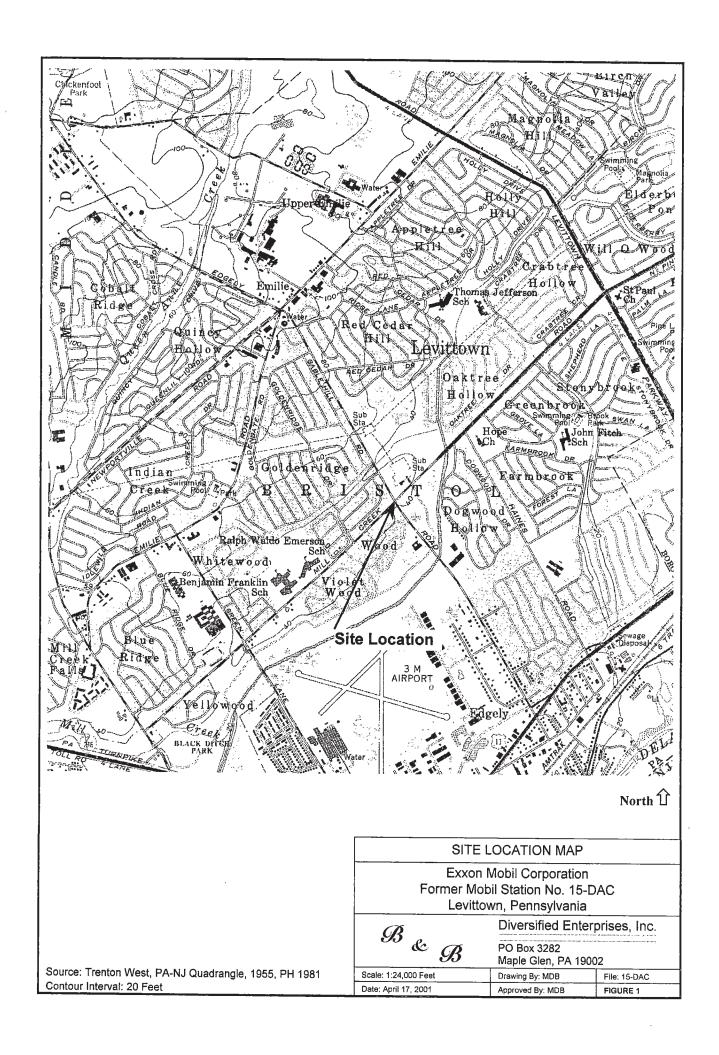
BDL = Below Detection Limits (Total BTEX) NS = Not Sampled NM = Not Measured ND = Not Detected NA = Not Analyzed

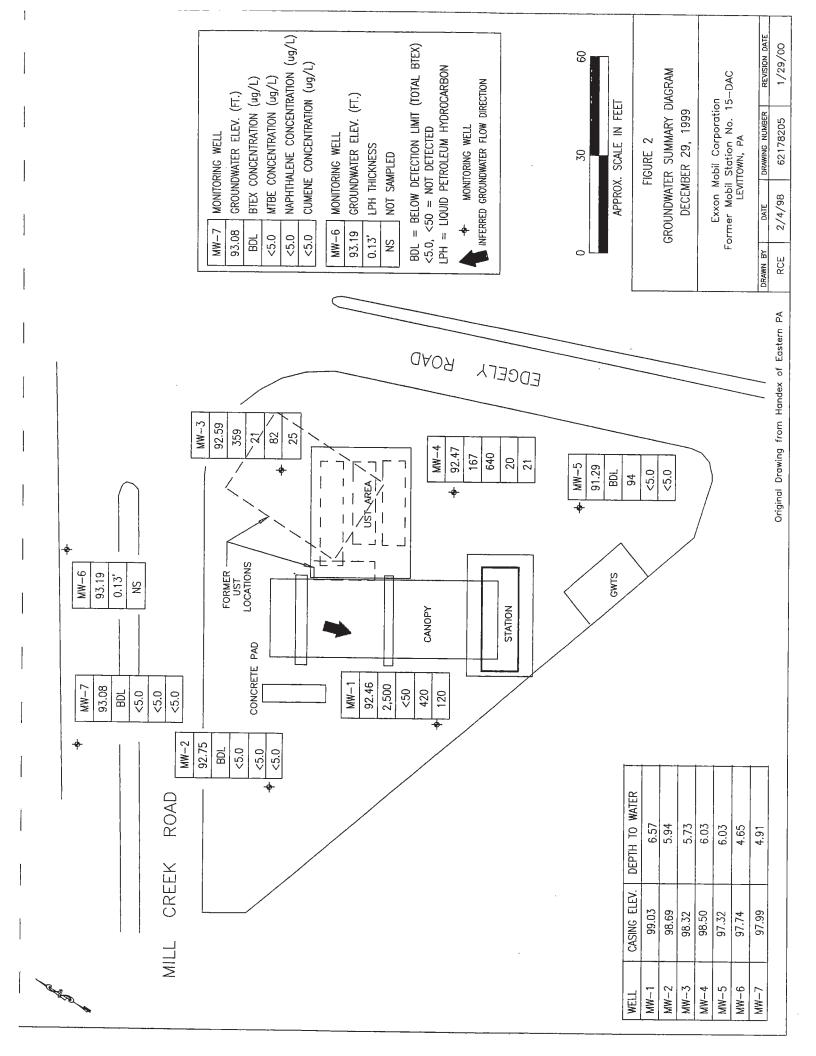
LPH: Liquid petroleum hydrocarbon detected in well; not sampled NDA = No Data Available

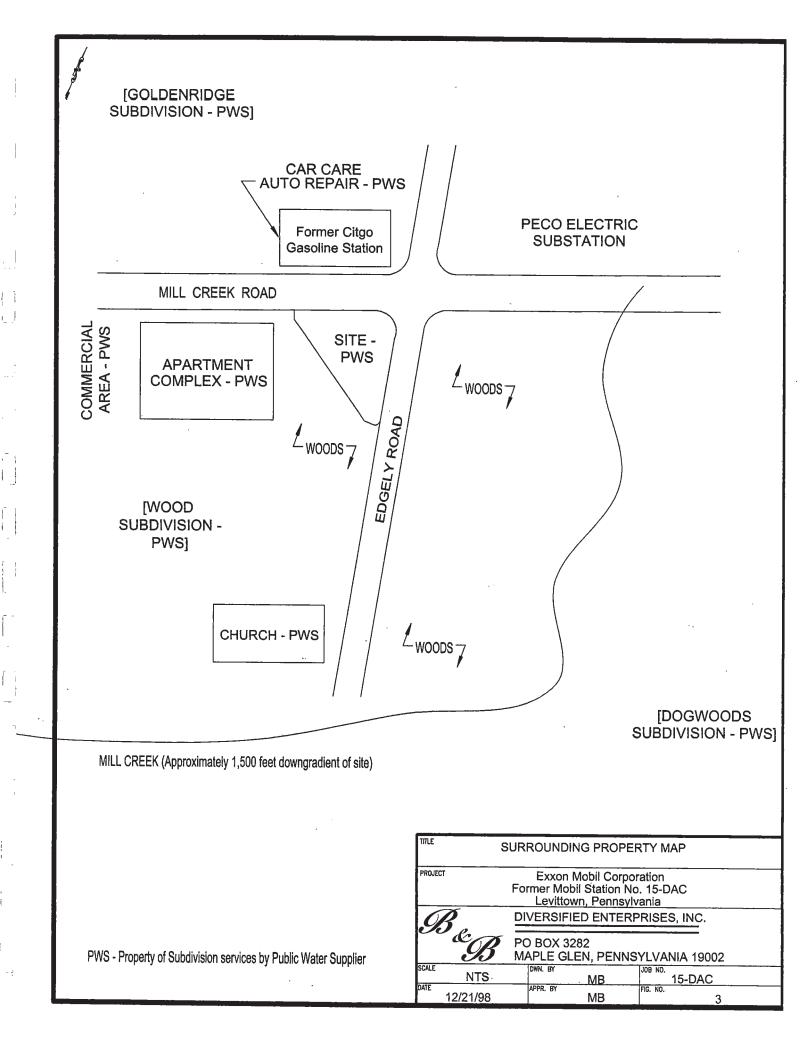
Well elevations are relative to an assigned datum of 100.00'.

BTEX, MTBE, and Naphthalene results were derived using EPA Method 8021A after January 1, 1997.
BTEX, MTBE, naphthalene, and cumene results were derived using EPA Method 8260B after April 1, 1998 except where noted by \*.
The break out of BTEX is provided on the attached table. Some of the data was not retrievable from the site file.









APPENDIX A
(Local Public Water Supplier Interview Summary)

Local Water Supplier Customer Records Search					
Site Name: Mobil 15-DAC			Location: 7040 Mill Creek Road, Levittown, PA		
Local Potable Water Supplier: Lower Bucks Joint Municipal Authority					
Communicated With: Customer Service Representative (Lauren)					
Communication via:	х	Telephone 215-945-7400		Letter	In Person
Recorded By: Mark Bedle			Of: B&B Diversified Enterprises, Inc.		
At: 14:00			On: 04/16/01		

#### Summary of Customer Record Search:

B & B Diversified Enterprises, Inc. contacted the Lower Bucks Joint Municipal Authority (LBJMA) to obtain information on customers supplied by the LBJMA near the Former Mobil Station No. 15-DAC, located in Levittown, Pennsylvania. According to LBJMA, all properties in the vicinity of the Site are serviced with public water.

#### Specific Records Searched:

- Site Serviced with public water
- Adjacent properties (condos, Car Care) Serviced with public water.
- Area Subdivisions (Violet Woods, Woods, Goldenridge and Dogwoods) serviced with public water.

Conclusions/Required Action/Follow-up: None

APPENDIX B (InfoMap Well Search Report & PaGWIS Search Data)

# DataMap Technology Corporation

## **Environmental FirstSearch™ Report**

TARGET PROPERTY:

7040 MILL CREEK ROAD

**LEVITTOWN PA 19057** 

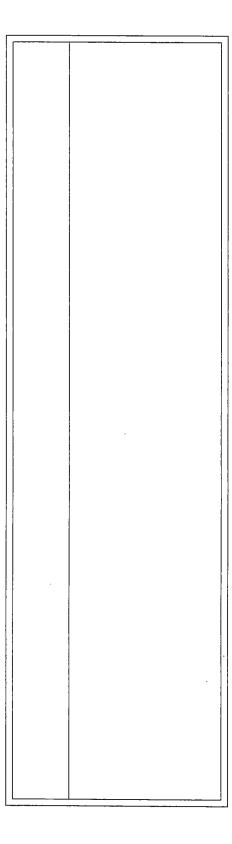
Job Number: MOBIL DAC

#### PREPARED FOR:

B&B Diversified Enterprises, Inc.

PO Box 16

Barto, PA 19504





Tel: (781) 320-3720

Fax: (781) 320-3715

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# Environmental FirstSearch Search Summary Report

**Target Site:** 

7040 MILL CREEK ROAD

LEVITTOWN PA 19057

#### FirstSearch Summary

Database	Sel	Updated	Radius	Site	1/8	1/4	1/2	1/2 >	ZIP	TOTALS
NPL	N	07-27-00	1.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
CERCLIS	N	08-10-00	1.00	-	-	· -	-	-	-	-
RCRA TSD	N	06-24-00	1.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
RCRA COR	N	06-24-00	1.00	-	-	-	~	-	-	-
RCRA GEN	N	06-24-00	1.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	=
RCRA NLR	N	10-18-99	1.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
ERNS	N	01-06-00	1.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NPDES	N	10-18-99	1.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
FINDS	N	09-21-99	1.00	-	-	-	_		-	-
TRIS	N	07-16-98	1.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
State Sites	N	08-21-00	1.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	•
Spills-1990	N	NA.	1.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Spills-1980	N	NA	1.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
SWL	N	01-15-00	1.00	-	-	-	_	-	-	-
Permits	N	NA	1.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other	N	NA	1.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
REG UST/AST	N	06-30-00	1.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Leaking UST	N	08-21-00	1.00	· <u>-</u>	-	-	_	-	_	-
State Wells	Y	06-01-98	1.00	0	0	0	0	2	0	2
Aquifers	N	NA	1.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
ACEC	N	NA	1.00	-	-	-	_	-	-	-
Wetlands	N	12-31 <b>-</b> 99	1.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Floodplains	N	NA	1.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Receptors	N	01-01-95	1.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	· -
Nuclear Permits	N	04-30-99	0.25	•	-	-	-	-	-	_
Historic/Landmark	N	09-01-99	0.25	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Federal Land Use	N	06-17-98	0.25	-	-	-	-	-	_	-
Federal Wells	N	NA	0.25	-	-	_	-	-	-	-
Releases(Air/Water)	N	NA	0.25	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
- TOTALS -				0	0	0	0	2	0	. 2

#### Notice of Disclaimer

Due to the limitations, constraints, inaccuracies and incompleteness of government information and computer mapping data currently available to DataMap Technology Corp., certain conventions have been utilized in preparing the locations of all federal, state and local agency sites residing in DataMap Technology Corp.'s databases. All EPA NPL and state landfill sites are depicted by a rectangle approximating their location and size. The boundaries of the rectangles represent the eastern and western most longitudes; the northern and southern most latitudes. As such, the mapped areas may exceed the actual areas and do not represent the actual boundaries of these properties. All other sites are depicted by a point representing their approximate address location and make no attempt to represent the actual areas of the associated property. Actual boundaries and locations of individual properties can be found in the files residing at the agency responsible for such information.

#### Waiver of Liability

Although DataMap Technology Corp. uses its best efforts to research the actual location of each site, DataMap Technology Corp. does not and can not warrant the accuracy of these sites with regard to exact location and size. All authorized users of DataMap Technology Corp.'s services proceeding are signifying an understanding of DataMap Technology Corp.'s searching and mapping conventions, and agree to waive any and all liability claims associated with search and map results showing incomplete and or inaccurate site locations.

## Environmental FirstSearch Site Information Report

Request Date:

09-26-00

Search Type:

**COORD** 

Requestor Name:

Mark Bedle

Job Number:

**MOBIL DAC** 

Standard: Well Search

Target Address:

7040 MILL CREEK ROAD

**LEVITTOWN PA 19057** 

### **Demographics**

Sites:

2

Non-Geocoded: 0

Population: NA

NA Radon:

### Site Location

Longitude:	

-74.845826

**Degrees (Decimal)** 

-74:50:45

Degrees (Min/Sec)

Easting:

513133.296

<u>UTMs</u>

Latitude:

40.141993

40:8:31

Northing:

4443318.322

Zone:

18

### Comment

Comment:

**EXXONMOBIL 15-DAC WELL SEARCH** 

### Additional Requests/Services

### Adjacent ZIP Codes:

1.00 Mile(s)

Services:

ZIP				
Code	City Name	ST	Dist/Dir	Sel
19030	FAIRLESS HILLS	PA	0.98 NW	Y
19055	LEVITTOWN	PA	0.01 NE	Y

	Requested?	<u>Date</u>
Sanborns	N	
Aerial Photographs	N	
Topo Maps (hardcopy)	N	
City Directories	N	
Title Search	N	
Municipal Reports	N	
Online Topo Map	N	

# Environmental FirstSearch Sites Summary Report

**TARGET SITE:** 

7040 MILL CREEK ROAD

LEVITTOWN PA 19057

JOB: MOBIL DAC EXXONMOBIL 15-DAC WELL SEARCH

TOTAL:

GEOCODED: 2

NON GEOCODED:

SELECTED:

ID	DB Type	Site Name/ID/Status	Address	Dist/Dir	Map ID
1	PWS	LEVITTOWN HDWR 14588/DOMESTIC	BRISTOL BORO PA	0.68 SE	1
2	PWS	MAGILO MRS C 14525/DOMESTIC	BRISTOL BORO PA	0.90 SE	2

# Environmental FirstSearch Site Detail Report

TARGET SITE:

7040 MILL CREEK ROAD LEVITTOWN PA 19057 **JOB:** MOBIL DAC EXXONMOBIL 15-DAC WELL SEARCH

No sites were selected!

# Environmental FirstSearch Federal Databases and Sources

1. NPL: National Priority List. The EPA's list of confirmed or proposed Superfund sites.

Updated quarterly.

2. CERCLIS: Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Information System. The EPA's database of current and potential Superfund sites currently or previously under investigation.

Updated quarterly.

3. RCRIS: Resource Conservation and Recovery Information System. The EPA's database of registered hazardous waste generators and treatment, storage and disposal facilities. Included are RAATS (RCRA Administrative Action Tracking System) and CMEL (Compliance Monitoring & Enforcement List).

Updated quarterly.

4. ERNS: Emergency Response Notification System.
The EPA's database of EPA emergency response actions.

Updated quarterly.

5. NPDES: National Pollution Discharge Elimination System.

The EPA's database of all permitted facilities receiving and discharging effluents to and from the environment.

Updated semi-annually.

6. FINDS: The Facility Index System. The EPA's Index of identification numbers associated with a property or facility which the EPA has investigated or has been made aware of in conjunction with various regulatory programs. Each record indicates the EPA office that may have files on the site or facility.

Updated quarterly.

# Environmental FirstSearch Pennsylvania Databases and Sources

- 1. STATE: The Pennsylvania Priorities List (SPL) is a priority list of sites which have released or could potentially release hazardous substances into the environment. Under the Hazardous Sites Cleanup Act (HSCA) and CERCLA, the Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection is authorized to investigate, assess, and cleanup sites in the Commonwealth regardless of whether or not these sites qualify for cleanup under the Federal Superfund Act.
- 2. LUST: The Pennsylvania List of Confirmed Releases report identifies facilities in the Commonwealth with known releases from above ground or underground storage tanks. In this report, the Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection, Bureau of Land Recycling and Waste Management provides pertinent site details such as name and address of the facility, type of substance released, and remediation status.
- 3. UST: The Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection, Bureau of Water Quality Management, provides a listing of registered underground storage tanks, known as the Regulated Storage Tank Listing.
- 4. SWL: Solid waste facilities within the Commonwealth are regulated by the Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection, Bureau of Waste Management. The lists provided by the DEP and searched in this report include Solid Waste Transfer Stations, Inactive Solid Waste Facilities, and the Solid Waste Inventory Database.

# Environmental FirstSearch Street Name Report for Streets within .25 Mile(s) of Target Property

TARGET SITE:

7040 MILL CREEK ROAD LEVITTOWN PA 19057 JOB: MOBIL DAC EXXONMOBIL 15-DAC WELL SEARCH

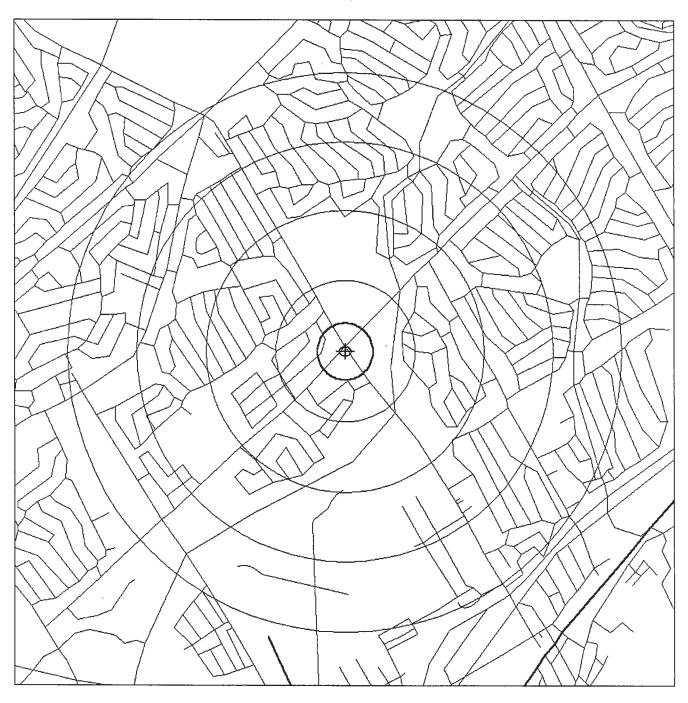
Street Name	Dist/Dir	Street Name	Dist/Dir
Dark Leaf Ln	0.22 NIE		
	0.22 NE		
Deepgreen Ln	0.21 NE		
Dogwood Dr	0.21 NE		
Edgely Rd	0.01 NE		•
Gable Hill Rd	0.21 NW	ŧ	
Gatewood Rd	0.21 NW		
Goodturn Rd	0.21 NW		
Gridiron Rd	0.22 NW		
Joseph Pl	0.25 SW		
Michael Pl	0.24 SW		
Mill Creek Pky	0.01 NE		
Mill Creek Rd	0.01 NW		:
Oldbrook Rd	0.14 NW		
Oldpond Rd	0.16 NW		
Orange End	0.24 NW	•	
Orangewood Dr	0.15 NW		
· Verdant Rd	0.14 SE		
Violet Rd	0.18 SE	-	
Violetwood Turn	0.14 SE	•	•
Vulcan Rd	0.19 SW		



1 Mile Radius ASTM Map: NPL, RCRACOR, STATE Sites



### 7040 MILL CREEK ROAD, LEVITTOWN PA 19057



Source: 1999 U.S. Census TIGER Files	
Target Site (Latitude: 40.141993 Longitude: -74.845826)	gr.
Identified Site, Multiple Sites, Receptor	
NPL, Solid Waste Landfill (SWL) or Hazardous Waste	$\otimes$
Railroads	

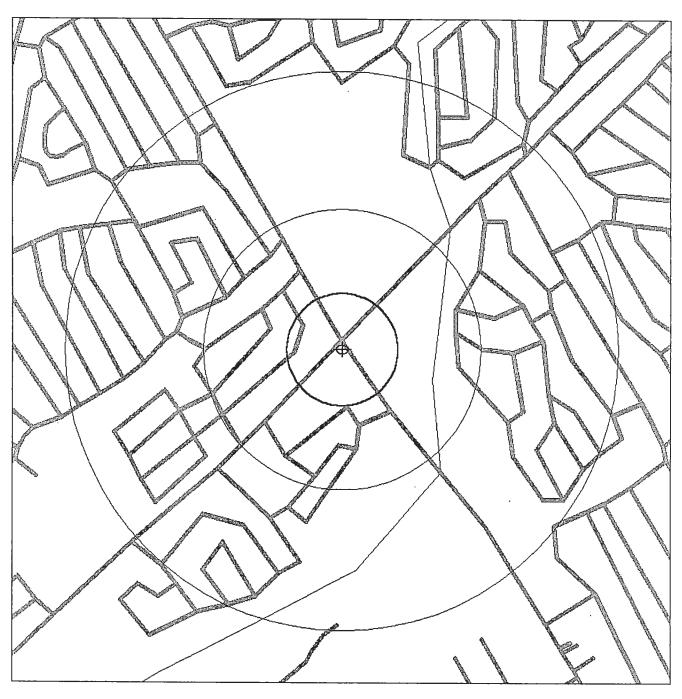
Black Rings Represent 1/4 Mile Radii; Red Ring Represents 500 ft. Radius



.5 Mile Radius ASTM Map: CERCLIS, RCRATSD, SPILLS90, SWL



# 7040 MILL CREEK ROAD, LEVITTOWN PA 19057



Source: 1999 U.S. Census TIGER Files Target Site (Latitude: 40.141993 Longitude: -74.845826)	_
Identified Site, Multiple Sites, Receptor	1
NPL, Solid Waste Landfill (SWL) or Hazardous Waste	$\otimes \otimes$
Railroads	

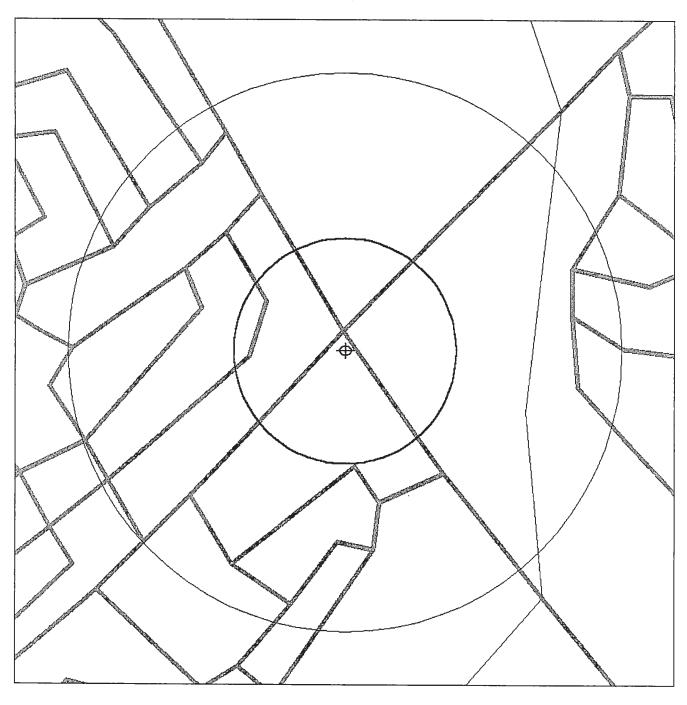
Black Rings Represent 1/4 Mile Radii; Red Ring Represents 500 ft. Radius



.25 Mile Radius ASTM Map: RCRAGEN, ERNS, UST



# 7040 MILL CREEK ROAD, LEVITTOWN PA 19057



Source: 1999 U.S. Census TIGER Files Target Site (Latitude: 40.141993 Longitude: -74.845826)	
Identified Site, Multiple Sites, Receptor	
NPL, Solid Waste Landfill (SWL) or Hazardous Waste	🔯
Railroads	—

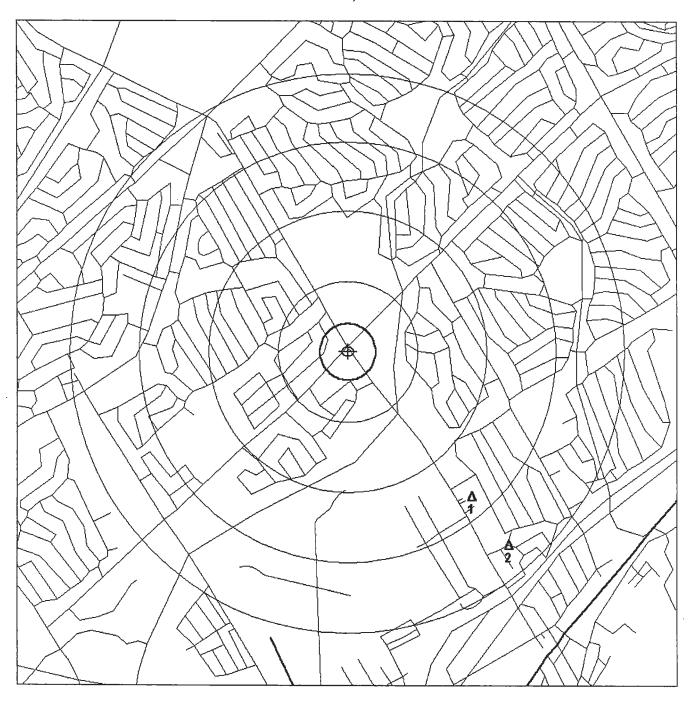
Black Rings Represent 1/4 Mile Radii; Red Ring Represents 500 ft. Radius



1 Mile Radius State Wells Sites



### 7040 MILL CREEK ROAD, LEVITTOWN PA 19057



Source: 1999 U.S. Census TIGER Files

Target Site (Latitude: 40.141993 Longitude: -74.845826) .......

Identified Site, Multiple Sites, Receptor .....

Black Rings Represent 1/4 Mile Radii; Red Ring Represents 500 ft. Radius

NPL, Solid Waste Landfill (SWL) or Hazardous Waste ..... Railroads .....

Public Water Supply, DEP Zone II Boundaries .....







151 Keith Valley Road • Horsham, PA 19044 • 215-343-7705

December 11, 1991

Ms. Cynthia Steele UST Program PADER Lee Park, Suite 6010 555 North Lane Conshohocken, PA 19428

RE:

Off-site Contaminant Sc. Mobil SS #16-DAC 7040 Mill Creek Road Levittown, PA PEI# 5055

Dear Ms. Steele:

On behalf of our client, Mobil Oil Corporation, I contacted Mr. Robert Day-Lewis of the UST Program on November 18, 1991, in reference to free-phase liquid hydrocarbons found in an upgradient, off-site monitor well (Well 06) at the referenced site on November 14, 1991. This product is of particular concern because we had intended to install a pump and treat system at the subject site to address low levels of dissolved-phase hydrocarbons. At the request of Mr. Day-Lewis, I have prepared a brief history of the site and our future remedial plans.

PEI is presently conducting an environmental investigation at the subject site. To date, six monitoring wells have been installed: four on-site and two off-site (Figure 1).

Analytical data from soil samples obtained during drilling indicate that total BTEX concentrations ranged from 180.3 - 189.9 ppm in Well 06, to 2.66 - 31.51 ppm in Well 07 (See the Concentrations of BTEX and TPH in Soil Table).

Analytical data from a recent groundwater sampling event indicate that total dissolved BTEX concentrations are 9.24 ppb in Well 07 and 34,200 ppb in Well 06. (see Concentrations of BTEX and TPH in Groundwater Table). It should also be noted that Well 06 has had a thin film of LHC on the water

APPENDIX C
(PADEP Correspondence / Selected Site Files)



151 Keith Valley Road • Horsham, PA 19044 • 215-343-7705

September 12, 1991

Mr. Arnie DiFlorio Mobil Oil Corporation P. O. Box 839 Valley Forge, PA 19482

RE:

Tank Closure Report
Mobil SS #16-DAC
7040 Mill Creek Road
Levittown, PA
PEI #5055

Dear Mr. DiFlorio:

On April 17, 1991, Mobil Oil Corporation contracted Pollution Enterprises, Inc. (PEI) to inert two abandoned USTs (6,000 gallon each) at the referenced site and provide a Tank Closure Report. This contract was subsequent to PEI's proposal dated April 4, 1991.

After receiving the appropriate tank registration numbers from the PADER, work commenced on August 26, 1991. The concrete and fill material overlying the tanks was removed, at which point it was discovered the tanks were already filled with concrete. The PADER was notified of this fact and, during the discussion, PEI obtained permission to backfill and repave the excavation. A copy of the correspondence with the PADER is enclosed for your review.

On the following day, August 27, two soil samples were obtained from between the two tanks at a depth of 9 feet. After samples were obtained, the excavation was backfilled.

Total BTEX levels for the two samples were 149,000 ppb and 257,000 ppb respectively, and TPH levels were 630 and 640, respectively. A copy of the analytical results have been included with this letter.

surface during the last three monitoring visits. See Figure 2 for Dissolved BTEX in Groundwater Map.

No sheens or free-phase films have ever been detected in any of the on-site wells (Wells 01-04). Water elevations indicate that groundwater flows southeasterly across the site under a 0.3% gradient (Figure 3).

Well 06 and 07 are located at the property boundary of an abandoned service station, directly upgradient (approximately 60 ft. - 80 ft.) from the subject site. The owner of this property is unknown.

As mentioned earlier, remedial action at this site included a pump and treat system. However, pumping groundwater from the subject site would induce the migration of contaminated groundwater towards Mobil's property. Mobil would effectively be "pulling" a higher concentration plume onto its site.

Any remedial action plan must take into account the presence of LHC in the offsite, upgradient well, as Mobil will not assume responsibility to remediate contamination caused by other parties. Therefore, it is imperative that the LHC in Well 06 be remediated by the property owner.

PEI will continue to monitor and sample on a regular basis as requested by Mobil. Construction and operation of the pump and treat system will be put on hold until the issue of off-site contaminant sources is addressed.

Should you have any questions or concerns regarding this project, please do not hesitate to call our office. Thank you for your time and co-operation.

Sincerely yours

Daniel F. Yonker Project Manager

DFY:kkh cc: Arnie DiFlorio, Mobil Oil 05055MRR.kh1 Encls.

# Concentrations (ppm) of BTEX and TPH in Soil

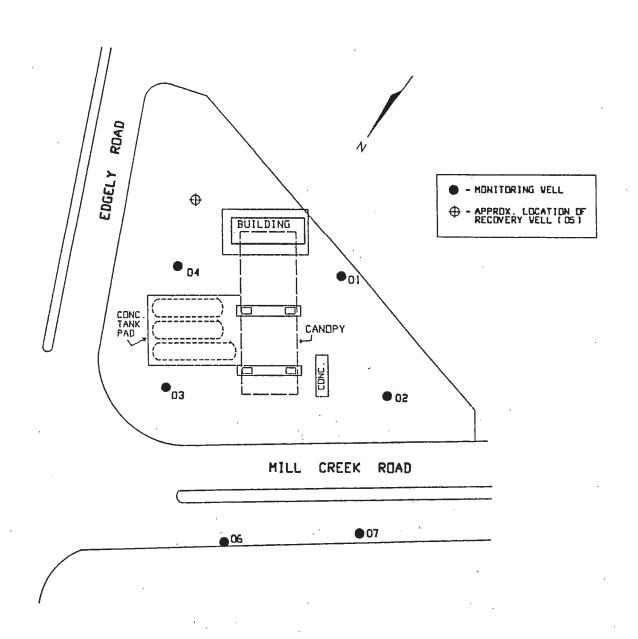
Well	Depth(ft)	Benzene	Toluene	E-Benzene	Xylenes	TPH	Tol BTEX	Date
05(RW)	05-07	0	0	0	0	0	0	09/04/91
05(RW)	13-15	0	0	0	0	0	0	
06	05-07	2.80	34.00	23.00	130.00	640.00	189.80	09/09/91
06	10-12	4.30	35.00	21.00	120.00	380.00	180.30	
07	05-07	0.61	6.10	3.80	21.00	0.00	31.51	
07	10-12	0.07	0.49	0.30	1.80	0.00	2.66	

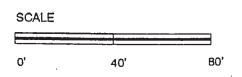
Concentrations below detection limits are shown as 0. Refer to lab data for actual values.

# Concentrations of BTEX (ppb) and TPH (ppm) in Groundwater

Well	Benzene	Toluene	E-Benzene	Xylenes	TPH	Tot BTEX	Dale
01 02	250 5.4	39 0.92	900 15	1600 18	3.9 0	2789 39.32	08/12/91
03	1200	72	780	310	1.1	2362	
04	230	0	280	15	0.7	525	
01	240	22	670	930	6.3	1862	11/20/91
02	0	0	0	1.3	0	1.3	
03	870	24	190	120	0.71	1204	
04	410	3.3	220	20	1.1	653,3	
06	3500	13000	2700	15000	21	34200	
07	0	2.7	0.84	5.7	0	9.24	

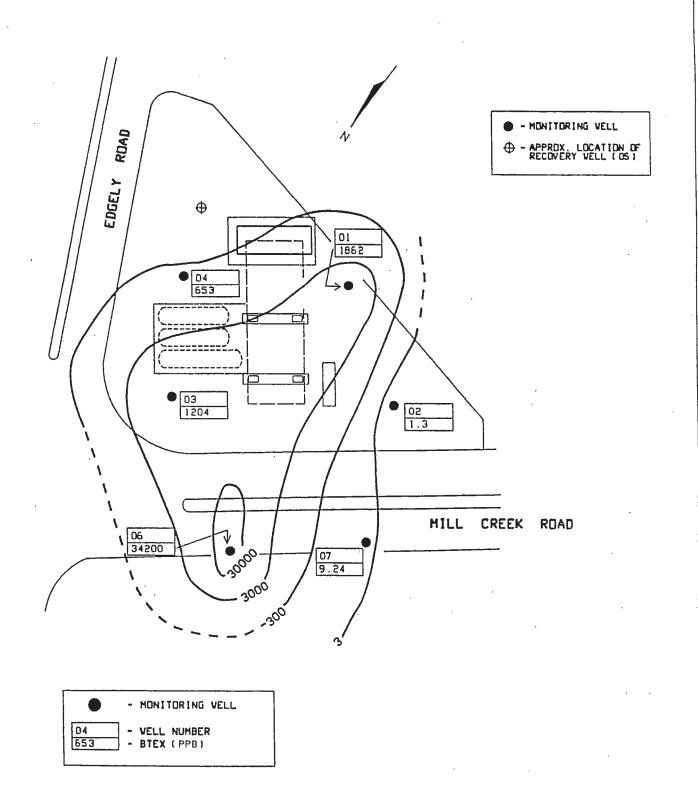
Concentrations below detection limits are shown as 0. Refer to lab data for actual values.

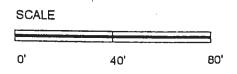




F	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	ENTERPRISES, INC. Horsham, PA 19044 215-343-7705
DATE:	12/09/91	DRAWN BY: KKH
SCALE:	See Legend	DRW No: 5055SP1

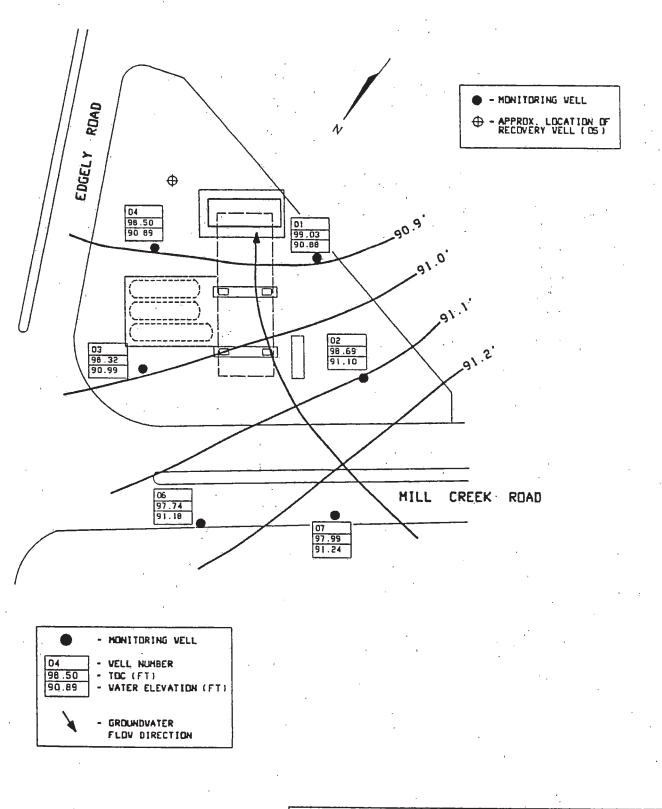
Figure 1 - Site Plan Map
Mobil Service Station #16-DAC
7040 Mill Creek Road
Levittown, PA

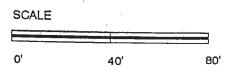




POLLUTION ENTERPRISES, INC. 151 Keith Valley Road Horsham, PA 19044 215-343-7705						
DATE:	12/11/91	DRAWN BY: KKH				
SCALE:	See Legend	DRW No: 5055SB1				

Figure 2 - Total BTEX in Groundwater (11/20/91) Mobil Service Station #16-DAC 7040 Mill Creek Road Levittown, PA





151	POLLUTION Keith Valley Road I	ENTERPRISES, INC.   Horsham, PA 19044 215-343-7705
DATE: 12/1	1/91	DRAWN BY: KKH
SCALE: See	Legend	DRW No: 5055SRG

Figure 3 - Groundwater Gradient Map (11/20/91)
Mobil Service Station #16-DAC
7040 Mill Creek Road



151 Keith Valley Road • Horsham, PA 19044 • 215-343-7705

STATUS REPORT (Reporting Period: April 17, 1991, to November 30, 1991)

Mobil Service Station #16-DAC 7040 Mill Creek Road Levittown, Pennsylvania

### PREPARED FOR

Arnie DiFlorio Mobil Oil Corporation Valley Forge Engineering Center P. O. Box 839 Valley Forge, PA 19482

INVESTIGATION CONDUCTED BY:

Daniel F. Yonker

Project Manager

PREPARED BY:

Larry Keffer Staff Geologist

REVIEWED BY:

James G. Gallagt/er, PE

Operations Manager

PEI# 5055

December 13, 1991

# CONTENTS

1.0	INTRODUCTION						
2.0	SITE DESCRIPTION						
3.0	REC	OVERY OPERATIONS AND PROGRESS	2				
	3.1	Monitor Well Installation	2				
	3.2	Pump Test	3				
	3.3	Water/Hydrocarbon Level Monitoring	. 3				
	3.4	Groundwater Sampling	4				
4.0	DATA	A SUMMARY	4				
,	4.1	Water/Liquid Hydrocarbon Level Monitoring Data	4				
	4.2	Groundwater Analysis	·. 4				
	4.3	Soil Analysis	5				
	4.4	Pump Test Data	5				
5.0	CON	CLUSIONS	5				
6.0	SCH	EDULED ACTIVITIES	6				
7.0	LIMIT	TATIONS	7				
	APPE	ENDIX	8				
:	Figure Figure Figure Figure Boring Labora	1 - Site Location Map 2 - Site Plan Map 3 - Groundwater Gradient Map (11/20/91) 4 - Total BTEX in Groundwater (08/21/91) 5 - Total BTEX in Groundwater (11/20/91) 6 - Drawdown @ 7 hrs. Map (10/08/91)					

### 1.0 INTRODUCTION

On April 17, 1991, Mobil Oil Corporation contracted Pollution Enterprises, Inc. (PEI). to perform the work as presented in PEI's proposal dated April 4, 1991, at Mobil Station #16-DAC in Levittown, PA (Figure 1). The scope of work included:

- \* A pump test to determine the hydrogeologic properties of the underlying aquifer.
- \* The installation of two groundwater monitoring wells (upgradient and off-site) and one eight-in. recovery well.
- \* The construction and operation of a pump and treat groundwater remediation system.
- \* Twice monthly monitoring of all monitoring wells, and quarterly groundwater sampling events, analyzing for BTEX (602) and TPH (418.1).
- \* Generate three Quarterly Reports.

The report which follows summarizes PEI's field procedures, data collection and recovery progress to date for the period beginning April 17, 1991, and ending November 30, 1991.

### 2.0 SITE DESCRIPTION

The subject facility is located on a site which is approximately 12,100 ft.², and consists of a one-story building with a small sales area and office. Two pump islands exist on site, both of which are located between the building and Mill Creek Road. Three underground storage tanks (UST's), two 10,000-gal. and one 12,000-gal., are located on the northeast corner of the site (Figure 2).

### 3.0 RECOVERY OPERATIONS AND PROGRESS

### 3.1 Monitor Well Installation

On September 4 and 9, 1991, PEI supervised the installation of two offsite monitor wells (Wells 06 and 07) and a recovery well (RW 05). The off-site wells were drilled in the shoulder of Mill Creek Road, approximately 40 ft. northwest (upgradient) of the site. The recovery well (RW 05) was drilled approximately 40 ft. southeast of Well 04. Each

monitor well was constructed with 4-in. ID flush joint threaded (FJT) PVC riser and .02-in. screen, with the exception of the recovery well which was constructed with 8-in. FJT PVC riser and screen. The annular space was packed with sand one to two ft. above the screened PVC, sealed with Bentonite, and secured in place with a cement/grout mixture. All wells were constructed in compliance with PADER and Mobil specifications. For specific construction and lithologic details, refer to the drilling logs in the Appendix.

Split spoon samples were obtained at 5-ft. intervals in each well during drilling operations. Sample collection procedures can be found in the Appendix. Refer to Section 4.3 for soil sample data.

After completion the wells were developed to counteract the effects of drilling. This was accomplished by hand bailing three times the volume of water from each well using a PVC bailer. The bailer was cleaned between each well using standard decontamination procedures.

On September 30, 1991, all the on-site and off-site monitoring wells were surveyed using an optical differential leveling technique. The recovery well will be surveyed when the manhole is installed. The northern corner of the building foundation was used as a benchmark.

### 3.2 Pump Test

On October 4, 1991, a pre-pump test was conducted on RW 05 at the subject site. The results of this test were used to determine the parameters at which to run the pump test several days later.

The pump test commenced on October 8, 1991, on RW 05 at an average pumping rate of 0.3 gpm, which increased to 0.75 gpm after 4.5 hours. The water was evacuated from the well using a submersible pump, and was discharged into a VAC truck. During the test, water levels were obtained from each well on a timed interval basis to determine aquifer response. At the conclusion of the pump test, a recovery test (which involves measuring the rate of recharge within a well) was performed to aid in determining hydraulic characteristics of the aquifer. The results from the pump test are discussed below in Section 4.4.

# 3.3 Water/Hydrocarbon Level Monitoring

Monitoring of the six observation wells was conducted eleven times during the reporting period. An interface probe and surface sampler were used during monitoring to determine water levels and the presence of liquid-phase hydrocarbons. PEI's exact QA/QC procedures can be found in the Appendix. Refer to Section 4.1 for monitoring data.

### 3.4 Groundwater Sampling

Groundwater samples were obtained from monitoring Wells 01 through 04 on August 12, 1991. The wells were sampled again on November 20, 1991, this time including new Wells 06 and 07. See the Appendix for PEI's sampling procedures. Refer to Section 4.2 for groundwater sampling data.

All samples were stored in a cooler and delivered to Enseco Laboratories in Somerset, New Jersey, to be analyzed for BTEX (EPA Method 602) and TPH (EPA Method 418.1).

### 4.0 DATA SUMMARY

### 4.1 Water/Liquid Hydrocarbon Level Monitoring Data

Water level data from November 20, 1991, were used to construct a groundwater gradient map, which indicates groundwater flows in an southeasterly direction across the site under a 0.3% gradient (Figure 3). Groundwater monitoring reports indicate that no floating liquid hydrocarbons or sheens were present in any of the wells until the November 13 visit, at which point a sheen was noted in Well 06. On the following visit (November 20) a film was noted in Well 06. Please refer to the Groundwater Monitoring Data Table in the Appendix.

### 4.2 Groundwater Analysis

Analytical results from samples collected (per Section 3.4) on August 12, 1991, indicate that total dissolved BTEX levels ranged from 39.32 ppb in Well 02 to 2,789 ppb in Well 01. Analytical results from the November 20, 1991 event indicate that total dissolved BTEX levels ranged from 34,200 ppb in Well 06 to 1.3 ppb in Well 02 (see Concentrations of BTEX and TPH in Groundwater Table). Two Total Dissolved BTEX in Groundwater maps has been constructed from this data to help delineate the dissolved BTEX plume (Figure 4 and 5). A copy of the lab data can be found in the Appendix.

With the exception of Well 04, dissolved BTEX concentrations decreased in the on-site wells from the August sampling event to the November sampling event.

### 4.3 Soil Analysis

Analytical results from soil samples collected during drilling indicate the presence of extensive hydrocarbon contamination in off-site Wells 06 and 07. Well 06 (from 5 ft. -7 ft.) had BTEX and TPH concentrations of 189.8 ppm and 640 ppm, respectively. From 10 ft. -12 ft., concentrations were 180.3 ppm and 380 ppm, respectively. In Well 07, BTEX and TPH concentrations from 5 ft. -7 ft. were 31.51 ppm and 0 ppm, respectively; from 10 ft. -12 ft. concentrations were 2.66 ppm and 0 ppm, respectively. Recovery Well 05 had no detectable BTEX or TPH concentrations from 5 ft. -7 ft. or 13 ft. -15 ft. See the Concentrations of BTEX and TPH in Soil Table in the Appendix.

### 4.4 Pump Test Data

The pumped well (05) showed a maximum drawdown of 5.16 ft. at the end of a 7 hour period. The pump rate at 7 hours was averaging .75 gpm. Well 04 (40 ft. from the pumping well) had .04 ft. of drawdown, Wells 01 and 03 (70 ft. and 80 ft. from the pumping well, respectively) had .03 ft. of drawdown, and Well 02 (110 ft. from pumping well) had .01 ft. of drawdown. There was no measured response in Wells 06 and 07 which are 140 ft. - 160 ft. from the pumping well. See Figure 6 for a Drawdown map.

At the conclusion of the pump test, a recovery test was performed for 40 minutes. The field data recorded during the 7 hour test and the recovery test are presented in tabular form in the Appendix.

An estimation of hydraulic conductivity was calculated from the recovery data using a computer software program. Specifically, a Recovery Test method designed by Bouwer and Rice was used to obtain a permeability value of approximately .001036 ft/min, which is typical for the poorly sorted stream deposits encountered during drilling operations. A graph of the recovery data can be found in the Appendix.

#### 5.0 CONCLUSIONS

Soil samples from off-site Wells 06 and 07 have excessively high dissolved BTEX and TPH concentrations. Because of their location (upgradient) and the shallow depth to groundwater (6 ft.), it can be concluded that the abandoned gasoline station (upgradient from the subject site) is a contributing factor to on-site hydrocarbon contamination.

This conclusion can be substantiated by noting that Well 06 has a thin LHC film (.01 ft.) and dissolved BTEX levels of 34,200 ppb. In the past,

the highest BTEX concentrations in on-site wells has been 2,789 ppb in Well 01.

Dissolved BTEX concentrations in groundwater indicate that the subsurface hydrocarbon plume has its highest concentrations around Well 06 (Figure 4).

Data from the pump test indicate that the recovery well (05) can yield 0.75-1.0 gpm. This flow rate is adequate for a low volume pump and treat system.

#### 6.0 SCHEDULED ACTIVITIES

The monitor wells are scheduled to be sampled in January, 1991. All wells will continue to be monitored on a twice-monthly schedule.

The PADER has been notified of the LHC found in Well 06. Installation of the pump and treat system has been delayed until the upgradient contaminant source has been addressed.

#### 7.0 LIMITATIONS

The purpose of this investigation is to determine the extent of on-site and off-site contamination through a network of monitoring wells and to determine hydrogeologic conditions for the installation of a remediation system. The report has been based on a limited number of monitoring wells and chemical analyses. The conclusions presented and the remedial actions taken are based only on the observations made during this investigation and data provided by others. The report presents a description of the conditions observed at each monitoring location selected during this and previous investigations, as well as observations made during well installations. The subsurface conditions may vary significantly with time, particularly with respect to groundwater elevations and groundwater quality. Should any additional data become available, this data should be reviewed by Pollution Enterprises, Inc. and the conclusions presented herein modified, as appropriate.

Information provided by others has been utilized in assessing the site conditions. The accuracy of conclusions drawn from this information is inherently based on the accuracy of the information that is provided.

This report was prepared exclusively for the use of the Mobil Oil Corporation. Use of this report or any portion thereof by others, out of its intended context, may invalidate conclusions presented herein. Likewise, the report was prepared for an evaluation of the referenced site and was confined to the scope as issued by the Mobil Oil Corporation. It is accurate only to the degree implied by the investigative methods used. Use of this data for any location other than the referenced site or beyond the scope of the contract may invalidate conclusions based thereon.

This report has been prepared in accordance with Pollution Enterprises, Inc. Standard Terms and Conditions. No other warranty, expressed or implied, is made.

Monitoring wells installed by Pollution Enterprises, Inc. become the property of the client. Maintenance and sealing of these wells is the responsibility of the client. Pennsylvania State Act 610. The Water Well Drillers Licensing Act of 1956 (PL 1840), requires that such wells be properly maintained and eventually sealed when abandoned. According to Act 610, a well is considered abandoned when no activity has occurred at the well after a period of one year.

Particular care should be taken to ensure that such wells are not destroyed, damaged and/or lost during any construction subsequent to their installation.

Wells should be sealed in accordance with the requirements and specifications as outlined in Act 610. Please refer to the Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Resources, Bureau of Topographic and Geologic Survey for guidelines on sealing abandoned wells.

### **APPENDIX**

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Tables
Graphs
Figure 1 - Site Location Map
Figure 2 - Site Plan Map
Figure 3 - Groundwater Gradient Map (11/20/91)
Figure 4 - Total BTEX in Groundwater (08/21/91)
Figure 5 - Total BTEX in Groundwater (11/20/91)
Figure 6 - Drawdown @ 7 hrs. Map (10/08/91)
Boring Logs
Laboratory Analyses and Chains of Custody
Standard QA/QC Procedures for Field Data Acquisition

# **Groundwater Monitoring Data**

Well	Depth to	Depth to Water(ft)	Clear/ Sheen	LHC Thick(ft)	Water Elev(ft)	Adj Wtr Elev(ft)	Date
01		6.75	С		92.28		05/28/91
02		6.10	С		92.59		
03		5.95	С		92.37		
04		6.29	С		92.21		
01		7.14	С		91.89		06/10/91
02		6.45	С		92.24		
03		6.34	C		91.98		
04		6.66	С		91.84		
01		7.13	С		91.90		06/25/91
02		6.59	С		92.10		
03		6.43	С		91.89		
04		6.75	¢		91.75		
01		7.35	С		91.68		07/15/91
02		6.74	С		91.95		
03		6.54	С		91.78		
04		6.85	С		91.65		
01		7.52	С		91.51		07/29/91
02		6.92	С		91.77		
03		6.73	С		91.59		
04		7.01	С		91.49		
01		7.47	С		91.56		08/12/91
02		6.92	С		91.77		
03		6.73	С		91.59		
04		7.02	C		91.48		
01		5.85	С		93.18		08/21/91
02		6.11	С		92.58		
03		6.09	С		92.23		
04		6.60	С		91.90		

# **Groundwater Monitoring Data (cont.)**

Well	Depth to	Depth to	Clear/	LHC	Water	Adj Wtr	Date
-	LHC(ft)	Water(ft)	Sheen	Thick(ft)	Elev(ft)	Elev(ft)	
01		7.79	С		91.24		10/08/91
02		7.21	С		91.48		, ,, ,,
03		6.98	С		91.34		
04		7.27	С		91.23		
06		6.17	С		91.57	a.	
07		6.33	С		91.66		•
01		5.81	c		93.22		10/28/91
02	,	6.23	С		92.46	*	,
03		6.11	С		92.21	1	
04		6.49	С		92.01		3
06		6.37	С		91.37		
07	* "	6.53	С		91.46		
01		8.05	C		90.98	•	11/13/91
02		7.50	. C		91.19		11,1901
03	r	7.24	С		91.08		
04		7.56	c.		90.94		
06	-	6.47	s		91.27	•	
07		6.64	C	1	91.35		
01		8.15	C		90.88		11/20/91
02		7.59	,c	- '	91.10		,,
03		7.33	C	•	90.99		
04		7.61	Ċ	•	90.89		
06	6.55	6.56		0.01	91.18	91.19	
07		6.75	С		91.24		

# Concentrations of BTEX (ppb) and TPH (ppm) in Groundwater

Well	Benzene	Toluene	E-Benzene	Xylenes	TPH	Tot BTEX	Date
01 02	250 5.4	39 0.92	900 15	1600 18	3.9 0	2789 39.32	08/12/91
03	1200	72	780	310	1.1	2362	
04	230	0	280	15	0.7	525	•
01	240	22	670	930	6.3	1862	11/20/91
02	. 0	0	0	1.3	. 0	1.3	
03	870	24	190	120	0.71	1204	
04	410	3.3	220	20	1.1	653.3	
06	3500	13000	2700	15000	21	34200	
07	0	2.7	0.84	5.7	0	9.24	

Concentrations below detection limits are shown as 0. Refer to lab data for actual values.

# Observation Well Data, 10/08/91

Well	Elapsed Time (min)	Depth to Water (ft)	Drawdowr
01	0	7.79	0
	420	7.82	0.03
02	0	7.21	0
	420	7.22	0.01
03	0	6.98	0
	420	7.01	0.03
04	0	7.27	0
	420	7.31	0.04
06	0 420	6.17 6.17	0
07	0 420	6.33 6.33	0

# Concentrations (ppm) of BTEX and TPH in Soil

Well	Depth(ft)	Benzene	Toluene	E-Benzene	Xylenes	TPH	Tol BTEX	Date
05(RW)	05-07	0	0	0	0	0	0	09/04/91
05(RW)	13-15	0	0	0	0	0	0	
06	05-07	2.80	34.00	23.00	130.00	640.00	189.80	09/09/91
06	10-12	4.30	35.00	21.00	120.00	380.00	180.30	
07	05-07	0.61	6.10	3.80	21.00	0.00	31.51	
07	10-12	0.07	0.49	0.30	1.80	0.00	2.66	

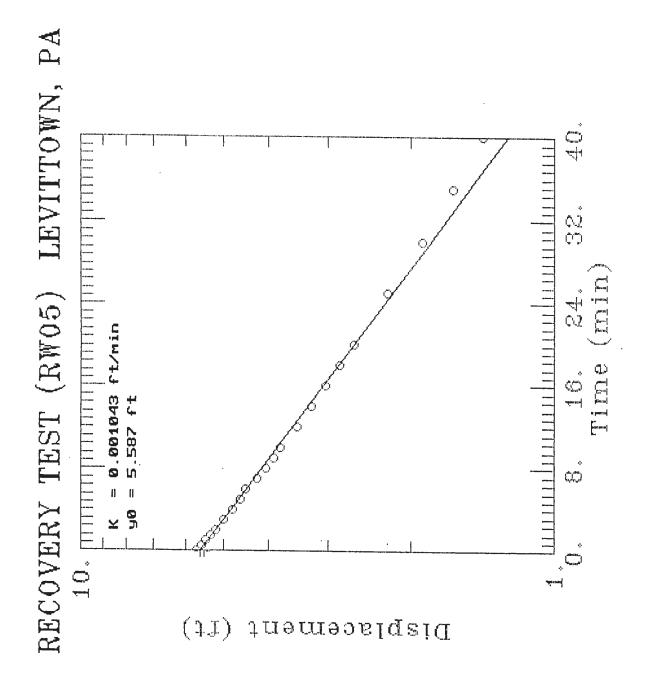
Concentrations below detection limits are shown as 0. Refer to lab data for actual values.

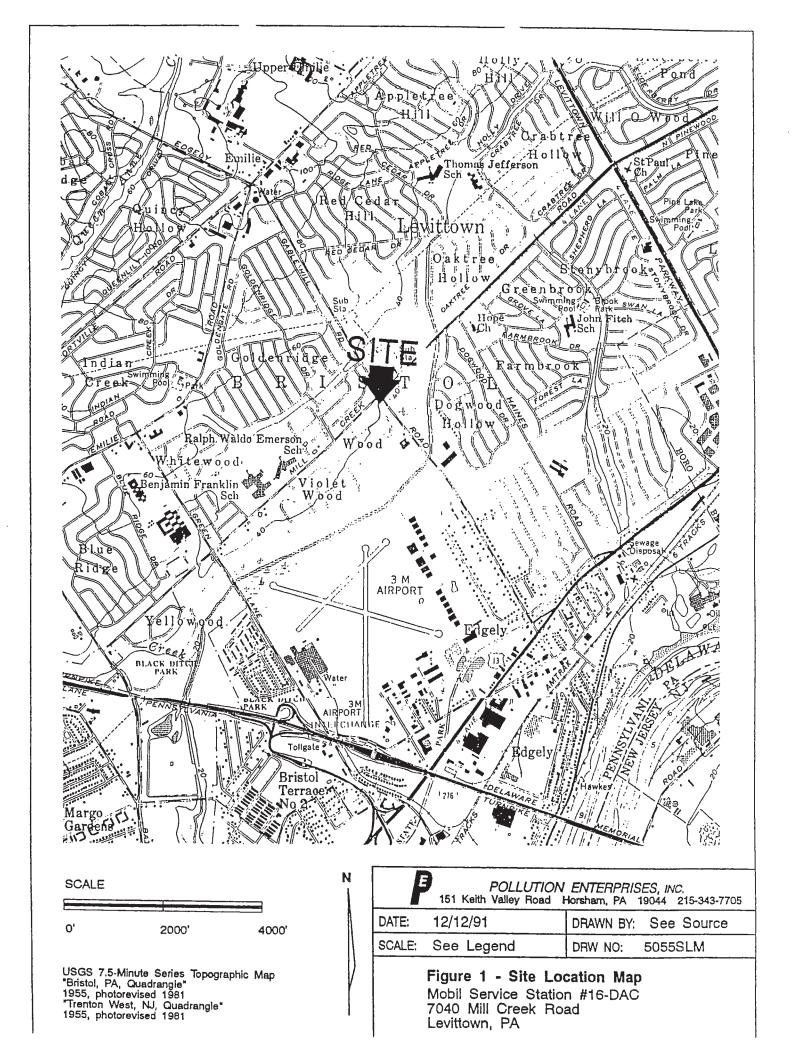
# Pumping Well Data, Well 05, 10/08/91

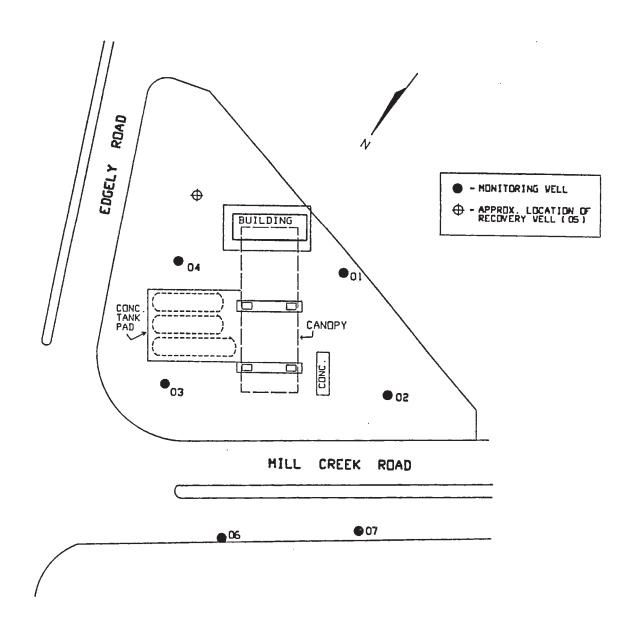
Elapsed Time (min)	Depth to . Water (ft)	Drawdown (ft)	GPM
0	6.29		
0.5	6.38	0.09	
1	6.41	0.12	
1.5	6.44	0.15	0.30
2	6.48	0.19	
3 .	6.56	0.27	
4	6.69	0.40	
5	6.82	0.53	
6	6.91	0.62	
7	6.97	0.68	
8	7.03	0.74	
9	7.08	0.79	
10	7.14	0.85	0.30
12	7.23	0.94	
14 16	7.28	0.99	•
18	7.31	1.02	
20	7.35	1.06	
25	7.39	1.10	
30	7.47	1.18	0.30
35	7.54 7.59	1.25	
40	7.59 7.64	1.30	
45	7.70	1.35	
50	7.70 7.73	1.41 1.44	
55	7.76	1.47	
60	7.80	1.51	0.30
70	7.88	1.59	0.50
80	7.98	1.69	
90	8.06	1.77	
100	8.11	1.82	
120	8.18	1.89	
140	8.22	1.93	
160	8.25	1.96	0.30
180	8.17	1.88	0.50
210	8.16	1.87	0.30
240	8.06	1.77	0.30
270	10.07	3.78	0.75
300	10.58	4.29	55
360	11.13	4.84	0.75
420	11.45	5.16	0.75

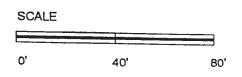
### Recovery Data, Well 05, 10/08/91

Elapsed	Depth to	Drawdown (ft)
Time (min)	Water (ft)	
0	11.98	5.69
0.5	11.86	5.57
1	11.73	5.44
1.5	11.62	5.33
2	11.49	5.20
3	11.28	4.99
4	11.08	4.79
5	10.88	4.59
6	10.69	4.49
7	10.53	4.24
8	10.37	4.05
9	10.21	3.92
10	10.07	3.78
12	9.79	3.50
14	9.54	3.25
16	9.32	3.03
18	9.12	2.83
20	8.93	2.64
25	8.53	2.24
30	8.19	1.90
35	7.92	1.63
40	7.70	1.41



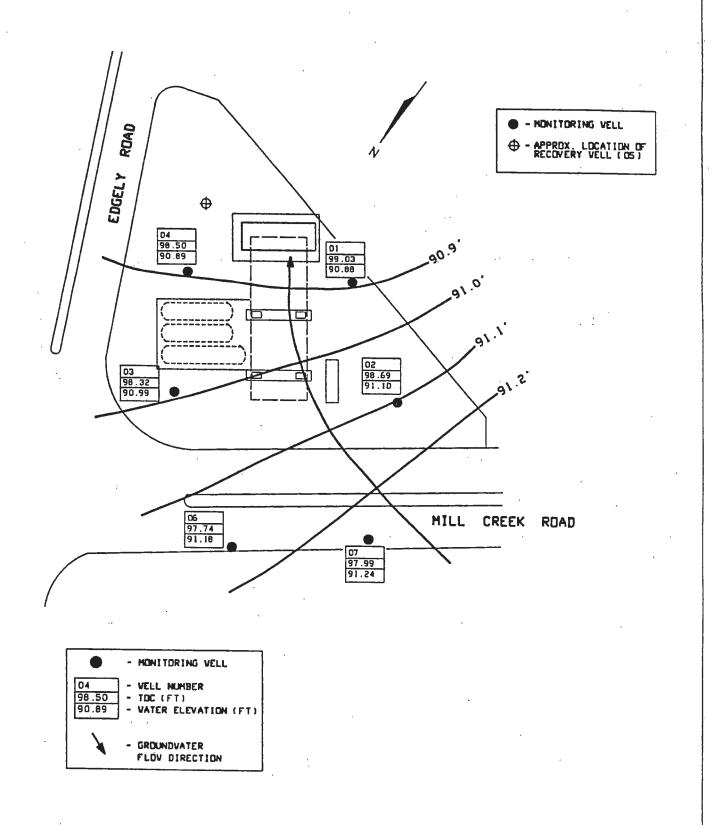


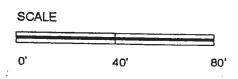




POLLUTIO 151 Keith Valley Road	ON ENTERPRISES, INC. I Horsham, PA 19044 215-343-7705
DATE: 12/09/91	DRAWN BY: KKH
SCALE: See Legend	DRW No: 5055SP1

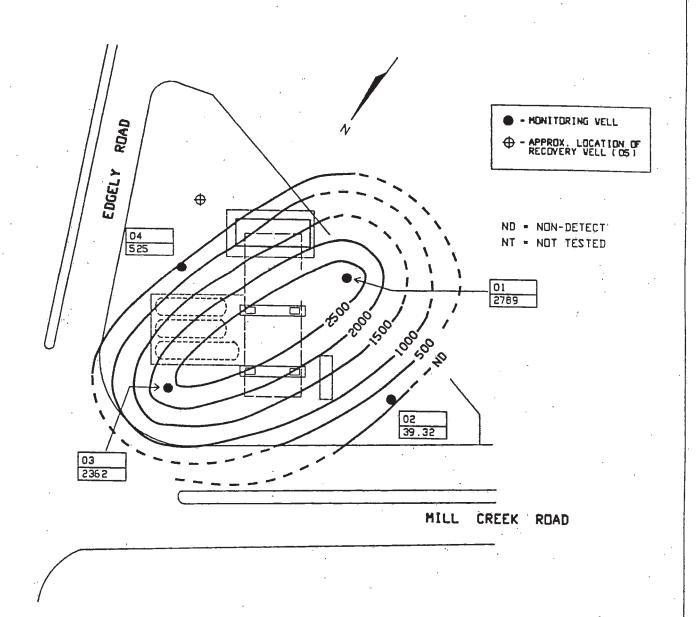
Figure 2 - Site Plan Map
Mobil Service Station #16-DAC
7040 Mill Creek Road
Levittown, PA

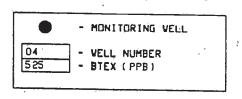


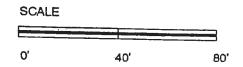


POLLUTION ENTERPRISES, INC. 151 Keith Valley Road Horsham, PA 19044 215-343-7705				
DATE:	12/11/91	DRAWN BY: KKH		
SCALE:	See Legend	DRW No: 5055SRG		

Figure 3 - Groundwater Gradient Map (11/20/91) Mobil Service Station #16-DAC 7040 Mill Creek Road Levittown, PA

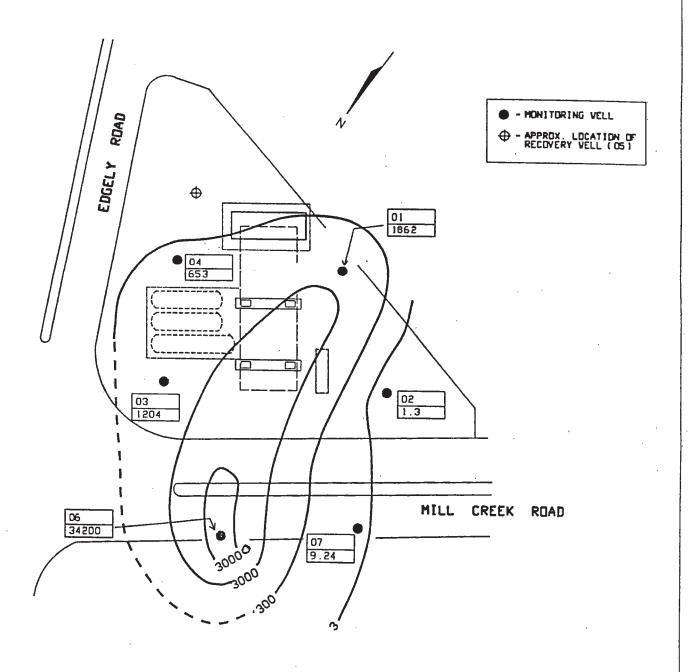


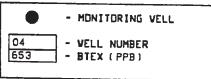


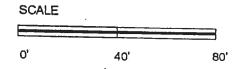


F	FULLUTION	I ENTERPRISES, INC. Horsham, PA 19044 215-343-7705
DATE:	12/13/91	DRAWN BY: KKH
SCALE:	See Legend	DRW No: 5055SRB

Figure 4 - Total BTEX in Groundwater (08/12/91) Mobil Service Station #16-DAC 7040 Mill Creek Road Levittown, PA







POLLUTION ENTERPRISES, INC. 151 Keith Valley Road Horsham, PA 19044 215-343-7705					
DATE:	12/13/91	DRAWN BY: KKH			
SCALE:	See Legend	DRW No: 5055SB1			

Figure 5 - Total BTEX in Groundwater (11/20/91) Mobil Service Station #16-DAC 7040 Mill Creek Road Levittown, PA

Environmental Services Laboratory Mobil Technical Center Princeton, New Jersey

November 8, 1995

W. Valencia Fairfax, 5W218

cc:

C.L. Tatsch - Princeton

FREE PRODUCT CHARACTERIZATION SS # 16-DAC LEVITTOWN, PA

ESL ENDORSEMENT NO. 95030-SP

We have completed a free product characterization on the above subject as requested on October 24, 1995 by Chris Sassaman of Land Tech Remedial. Two monitoring well free products were received at ESL on October 24, 1995

All analytical data are provided in the attached Table 1. Overall, we conclude:

- On-site MW-1 product is a moderately weathered gasoline whose lead content is 1.50 g/gal.
- Off-site MW-6 product is slightly weathered gasline whose lead content is 1.05 g/gal.
- Even accounting for the loss of volatile gasoline components by weathering and
  the loss of aromatics such as benzene, toluene, and xylenes by their dissolution
  in ground water, the GC fingerprints of the two monitoring wells products are
  not similar to each other. This suggests that MW-1 and MW-6 products are not
  from the same source. However, the lead contents of the products suggest that
  these gasolines are not of recent origin.

A.J. Malanowicz

attachment/ levitt.doc

#### TABLE 1

### FREE PRODUCT CHARACTERIZATION SERVICE STATION NO. 16-DAC ESL ENDORSEMENT NO. 95030-SP LEVITTOWN, PA

### SAMPLE INFORMATION

ESL Number:

9517038

9517039

Date of Sample:

10/24/95

10/24/95

Date Received:

10/24/95

10/24/95

Description on Label:

MW-1 (on-site)

MW-6 (off-site)

Appearance:

Dark amber hydro-

carbon in a 1 pint

glass bottle

pint ca

Dark amber hydrocarbon in a 1 pint

glass bottle

### ANALYTICAL DATA

API Gravity @ 60 F

50.3 (SVM 263-51)

50.5 (ESL LP 78)

Lead Content, g/gal (ASTM D-3237)

1.50

1.05

Comparative Hydrocarbon Distribution by Gas Chromatography, GC fingerprint (ESL LP 26)

The fingerprint of MW-1 product shows a moderately weathered gasoline and the fingerprint of MW-6 product shows a slightly weathered gasoline. The fingerprints are not similar to each other.

Environmental Services Laboratory, Mobil Technical Center, Princeton, NJ 08543-1027 AJMalanowicz

Environmental Services Laboratory Mobil Technical Center Princeton, New Jersey

November 14, 1995

W. Valencia Fairfax, 5W218

CC:

C.L. Tatsch - Princeton

FREE PRODUCT CHARACTERIZATION FINGERPRINTS SS # 16-DAC LEVITTOWN, PA

ESL ENDORSEMENT NO. 95032-SP

As you requested in our telephone conversation on November 10, 1995, attached you will find copies of the GC fingerprints of hydrocarbons sampled from MW-1 and MW-6 from the subject location. Also included is a copy of the fingerprint of the GC standard with a legend for the identification of the standard's components.

A.J. Malanowicz

attachment/ levitt2.doc

### TABLE 1

### LEGEND FOR GC FINGERPRINT STANDARD COMPONENTS

Designation	Name of Component
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	2,2-Dimethylbutane Benzene Cyclohexane (solvent) iso-Octane Toluene Octane Ethylbenzene m-Xylene p-Xylene o-Xylene
11	Nonane
12	1,2,3-Trimethylbenzene
13	Undecane

APPENDIX D
(Monitoring Well Construction Details)

Client: Mobil Oil Corporation	Job #: 5055	Boring #: RW 05
Job Location: Levittown, PA	Dates	Drilled: 9/4/91
Boring Location: 40 ft. southeast	of Well 04	
Drilling Method: Air rotary		
Logged by: D. Yonker	Well Ir	nstalled? Y/N: Yes
Total Depth: 24'		g Interval: 1.5' - 3.5'
Boring Diameter: 10"		n Interval: 3.5' - 24'
Depth to Water: 6'	Screen	n/Casing Diameter: 8"
Backfill Material: #2 Sand		n/Casing Material: PVC
Annular Seal Type: Bentonite		n Slot Size: 0.02"
Seal Interval: 2.5' - 2.0'	Manho	ole or Standpipe?: Manhole
Comments:		

Depth (ft)	Sample Interval	Recovery (%)	Blows/6"	OVA (ppm)	Lithologic Classification
0-5					Blacktop (0-3"). Angular fill w/ fine brown sand. Black organic matter. Slight petroleum odor.
5-13	5'-7'	50	3-7-6-8	3	Brown-gray sand w/ trace of silt. Moist to wet at 7'. No odor. Stream of deposit, poorly sorted.
13-25	13'-15'	40	2-2-3-7	0	Brownish-gray sand w/ misc. pebbles. Poorly sorted. Grades to orange silty sand at 14'-15'. Wet. No odor.

Client: Mobil Oil Corporation	Job #: 5055	Boring #: MW 06		
Job Location: Levittown, PA	Dates [	Drilled: 9/9/91		
Boring Location: Mill Creek Rd. ne	earest to intersection			
Drilling Method: Air rotary				
Logged by: D. Yonker	Well In:	stalled? Y/N: Yes		
Total Depth: 15'		Casing Interval: 6" - 4'		
Boring Diameter: 8.5"		Screen Interval: 4.0' - 15'		
Depth to Water: 6'		Screen/Casing Diameter: 4"		
Backfill Material: #2 Sand		Screen/Casing Material: FJT PVC		
Annular Seal Type: Bentonite		Screen Slot Size: 0.02"		
Seal Interval: 2.5' - 1.0'		Manhole or Standpipe?: Manhole		
Comments: Lithology from 6' - 9' v	vas heavily contaminate	ed, strong odor.		

Depth (ft)	Sample Interval	Recovery (%)	Blows/6"	OVA (ppm)	Lithologic Classification
0-5					Asphalt and concrete to approx. 3'. Grades to brown, fine sand. Strong odor. Dry.
5-10	5'-7'	40	8-9-9-8	400	Dark gray-black fine sand. Wet. Strong odor.
10-15	10'-12'	10	16-6-9-10	0	Orange-gray sand w/ pebbles. Poorly sorted.
,			·		
_					

Client: Mobil Oil Corporation	Job #: 505	55	Boring #: MW 07
Job Location: Levittown, PA  Boring Location: Mill Creek Rd. fu	irthest from inte	Dates Drilled: 9/9/	/91
Drilling Method: Air rotary		or decitori	
Logged by: D. Yonker Total Depth: 16'		Well Installed? Y/N	
Boring Diameter: 8.5"		Casing Interval: 1 Screen Interval: 5	
Depth to Water: 7' Backfill Material: #2 Sand		Screen/Casing Dia	meter: 4"
Annular Seal Type: Bentonite		Screen/Casing Ma Screen Slot Size:	terial: FJT PVC
Seal Interval: 2.5' - 1.0' Comments:		Manhole or Standp	
Comments.			

Depth (ft)	Sample Interval	Recovery (%)	Blows/6*	OVA (ppm)	Lithologic Classification
0-5			,		Asphalt and concrete to 3'. Grades to brown fine sand. Dry. No odor.
5-10	5'-7'	50	8-10-10-12	2	Brown-tan sand (fine - medium) w/ misc. pebbles. Wet at 7'. No odor.
10-16	10'-12'	70	8-8-7-11	2.3	Brown sand grading to orange, silty sand. Wet. No odor.
			r -		
				·	
	·				·
				,	
	ľ				

Relevan	I SITE HISTORY
Subsurface Impact Delineated:	Groundwater impact from an off-site, upgradient source has been identified.
Liquid Phase Hydrocarbons:	LPH has been identified in off-site, upgradient well (MW-6) as well as MW-1.
Off-Site Impacts:	No off-site impact has been identified originating from the Mobil source
DISSOLVED PHASE HYDROCARBON PLUME:	MTBE concentrations at the downgradient property wells exceed SWHB standards. BTEX plume is under SWHB standards within the property boundary.
SENSITIVE RECEPTORS:	A stream tributary is located 1000'south of the site, utilities under the roadway may be affected due to shallow groundwater conditions.

### CLOSURE STRATEGY

### WORKSCOPE FOR BASE TARGET: CONTINUED MONITORING

Continued sampling of on-site monitoring wells on a biannual basis. If concentrations indicate a decreasing trend, two geoprobe points should be installed across Edgely Road to demonstrate plume delineation. Prepare ROL using site specific standards.

### ADDITIONAL WORKSCOPE FOR OPTIONAL TARGET: NONE

### ADDITIONAL COMMENTS

A subsurface investigation to be completed by the PADEP on the former Citgo station upgradient of the Mobil site may result in the identification of an off-site source. Closure potential may be dependent upon the results of the investigation.

APPENDIX E (Quick Domenico (Groundwater), Soil, and Inhalation Models)

#### AIR MODELING **RISK & INHALATION**

### **Exxon Mobil Corporation**

Former Service Station No. 15-DAC

Spreadsheet for Calculating a Risk Based Screening Level (RBSLw) for Groundwater to Enclosed Space Vapor Inhalation Pathway (Based on ASTM E1739-95, Table X2.2 and X2.3)

The following equation is used to determine the RBSL<sub>W</sub> (Carcinagenic and Noncarcinogenic Effects):

$$RBSL_{W} \begin{bmatrix} mg \\ L-H_{2}O \end{bmatrix} = \frac{RBSL_{air} \begin{bmatrix} \mu g \\ m^{3}-air \end{bmatrix}}{VF_{wesp}} \times 10^{-3} \frac{mg}{\mu g}$$

$$Benzene$$

$$RBSL_{W} = \underbrace{1.2690}_{Toluene} \quad mg/l$$

$$Toluene$$

$$RBSL_{W} = \underbrace{17.5572}_{Ethylbenzene} \quad mg/l$$

$$RBSL_{W} = \underbrace{44.9301}_{Naphthalene} \quad mg/l$$

$$Naphthalene$$

$$RBSL_{W} = \underbrace{7547.2659}_{mg/l} \quad mg/l$$

Where:

RBSLw -Risk Based Screening Level for Groundwater to an Enclosed Space Vapor Inhalation Pathway

RBSLAIR -Risk Based Screening Level for Air

VF<sub>WESP</sub> -Volatilization Factor for Groundwater to Enclosed-space Vapors.

The following steps detail the method used to develop an allowable Compound of Concern in groundwater concentration (residential): Estimation of Allowable Indoor Air Concentration (Carcinagenic Effects)

$$RBSL_{AIR} \left[ \frac{\mu g}{m^3 - air} \right] = \frac{TR \times BW \times AT_C \times 365 \frac{days}{years} \times 10^3 \frac{\mu g}{mg}}{SF_i \times IR_{air} \times EF \times ED}$$

or Benzene

Chemical Specific RBSLair 0.0001 TR

= Risk Based Screening Level for Air

70 BW

= Target excess individual lifetime cancer risk, (unitless)

 $70 \text{ AT}_{\text{C}}$ 

= Adult body weight, (kg) = Averaging time for carcinogens, (years)

0.029 SF, 15 IR<sub>air</sub>

= Oral cancer slope factor, (mg/kg-day)-1

350 EF

= Inhalation-rate of indoor-air, (m3/hr)

= Exposure frequency, (days/year)

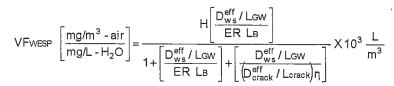
= Exposure duration, (years)

STEP 1B: Estimation of Allowable Indoor Air Concentration (Non-carcinagenic Effects)

$$RBSL_{AIR}\left[\frac{\mu g}{m^3 - air}\right] = \frac{TRQ \times RfD_i \times BW \times AT_n \times 365 \frac{days}{years} \times 10^3 \frac{\mu g}{mg}}{IR_{air} \times EF \times ED}$$

				Where:			
RBSL <sub>AIR</sub> = 535	5	for Toluene	Chemical	Specific	RBSLair	=	Risk Based Screening Level for Air
RBSL <sub>AIR</sub> = 141	11	for Ethylbenzene	Chemical	Specific	RfDi	=	Inhalation Chronic Reference Dose (mg/kg-day)
RBSL <sub>AIR</sub> = 973	33	for Xylenes		1	TRQ	=	Target hazard quotient for individual constituents, unitless
RBSL <sub>AIR</sub> = 19		for Naphthalene		70	BW	=	Adult body weight, (kg)
				30	$AT_N$	=	Averaging time for noncarcinogens, (years)
T	Foluene RfDi =	0.11		15	IR <sub>air</sub>	=	Inhalation rate of indoor air, (m3/hr)
Ethylb	enzene RfDi =	0.29		350	EF	=	Exposure frequency, (days/year)
>	(ylenes RfDi =	2		30	ED	=	Exposure duration, (years)
Naph	thalene RfDi =	0.004					

#### STEP 2: Calculating the Voiatilization Factor for Groundwater to Enclosed-space Vapors



VF <sub>WESP</sub> =	3.09E-02	for Benzene
VF <sub>WESP</sub> = VF <sub>WESP</sub> =	3.05E-02	for Toluene
VF <sub>WESP</sub> =	3.14E-02	for Ethylbenzene
VF <sub>WESP</sub> =	2.84E-02	for Xylenes
VFWESP =	2.58E-06	for Naphthalene

Benzene H = 0.22 Toluene H = 0.26 Ethylbenzene H = 0.32

Xylenes H = 0.29 Naphthalene H = 0.049

Where: Chemical Specific VF<sub>WESP</sub> Chemical Specific H

Chemical Specific Dettives Chemical Specific Deff/crack 183 L<sub>GW</sub>

> 200 L<sub>B</sub> 15 Lcrack 0.01 T

0.00014 ER

= Volatilization Factor for Groundwater to Enclosed Space Vapors

= Henery's Law Constant, (cm3-H2O)/(cm3-air)

= Effective diffusion coefficient between groundwater and soil surface

= Effective diffusion coefficient through foundation cracks

= Depth to groundwater, cm = Enclosed space air exchange rate, 1/sec

= Enclosed space volume/infiltration area ratio, cm

= Enclosed space foundation or wall thickness, cm

= Areal fraction of cracks in foundations/walls, cm2-cracks/cm2-total area

Average Depth to Groundwater (Ft)

$$\boxed{ D_{ws}^{eef} \left[ \frac{cm^2}{s} \right] = \left( h_{cap} + h_v \right) \left[ \frac{h_{cap}}{D_{cap}^{eef}} + \frac{h_v}{D_s^{eef}} \right] - 1}$$

#### D<sub>eff/ws = 7.18E-04</sub>

$$D_{\text{crack}}^{\text{eef}} \left[ \frac{\text{cm}^2}{\text{s}} \right] = D^{\text{air}} \frac{\theta_{\text{acrack}}^{3.33}}{\theta_T^2} + D^{\text{wat}} \frac{1}{\text{H}} \frac{\theta_{\text{wcrack}}^{3.33}}{\theta_T^2}$$

#### Deef/crack = 7.26E-03

$$\mathsf{D}_{\mathsf{s}}^{\mathsf{eef}} \left[ \frac{\mathsf{cm}^2}{\mathsf{s}} \right] = \mathsf{D}^{\mathsf{air}} \; \frac{\theta_{\mathsf{as}}^{3.33}}{\theta_T^2} + \mathsf{D}^{\mathsf{wat}} \, \frac{1}{\mathsf{H}} \, \frac{\theta_{\mathsf{ws}}^{3.33}}{\theta_T^2}$$

Deef/s = 7.26E-03

$$D_{\text{cap}}^{\text{eef}} \left[ \frac{\text{cm}^2}{\text{s}} \right] = D^{\text{air}} \frac{\theta_{\text{acap}}^{3.33}}{\theta_T^2} + D^{\text{wat}} \frac{1}{H} \frac{\theta_{\text{wcap}}^{3.33}}{\theta_T^2}$$

#### Where:

Chemical Specific Deff/ws Chemical Specific Deef/crack Chemical Specific Deel/s

Chemical Specific Deet/cep Chemical Specific H

5 h<sub>cep</sub> 178 h<sub>v</sub> 0.093 Dair 0.000011 Dwat

0.26 @ acrack 0.038 *θ* acap 0.26  $\theta$  as 0.12 @ wcrack 0.342 θ wcap

0.12 0 ws 0.38 *9* T

= Effective diffusion coefficient between groundwater and soil surface

= Effective diffusion coefficient through foundation cracks

= Effective diffusion coefficient in soil based on vapor-phase concentration = Effective diffusion coefficient through capillary fringe

= Henery's Law Constant, (cm3-H2O)/(cm3-air) = Thickness of capillary fringe, cm

= Thickness of vadose xone, cm = Diffusion coefficient in air, cm<sup>2</sup>/s = Diffusion coefficient in water, cm<sup>2</sup>/s

 Volumetric air content in foundation/walls, cm³-air/cm³-total volume Volumetric air content in capillary fringe soils, cm³-air/cm³-soil Volumetric air content in vadose zone soils, cm³-air/cm³-soil

 Volumetric water content in foundation/walls, cm<sup>3</sup>-water/cm<sup>3</sup>-total volume = Volumetric water content in capillary fringe soils, cm³-water/cm³-soil Volumetric water content in vadose zone soils, cm³-water/cm³-soil

= Total soil porosity, cm3/cm3-soil

$ \begin{bmatrix} \text{Deef} \\ \text{cap} \end{bmatrix} = \text{D}^{\text{air}} \frac{\text{Jacap}}{\theta_T^2} + \text{D}^{\text{wat}} \frac{1}{\text{H}} \frac{\text{Jacap}}{\theta_T^2} $			
D <sub>eef/cap</sub> = 2.17E-05	_		
Toluene Calculations			
$D_{eff/ws} = 6.01E-04$	Where:		
D <sub>eef/crack</sub> = 6.63E-03	0.085 Dair	= Diffusion coefficient in air, cm²/s	
D <sub>eef/s</sub> = 6.63E-03	0.0000094 D <sup>wat</sup>	= Diffusion coefficient in water, cm²/s	
D <sub>eef/cap =</sub> 1.80E-05			
Ethylbenzene Calculations			
D <sub>eff/ws</sub> = 5.03E-04	Where:		
D <sub>eeffcrack</sub> = 5.93E-03	0.076 Dair	= Diffusion coefficient in air, cm²/s	
D <sub>eef/s</sub> = 5.93E-03	0.0000085 Dwat	= Diffusion coefficient in water, cm²/s	
D <sub>eef/cap =</sub> 1.50E-05			
Xylenes Calculations			
D <sub>eff/ws</sub> = 5.01E-04	Where:		
D <sub>eef/crack =</sub> 5.62E-03	0.072 D <sup>air</sup>	= Diffusion coefficient in air, cm²/s	
D <sub>eef/s</sub> = 5.62E-03	0.0000085 D <sup>wat</sup>	<ul> <li>Diffusion coefficient in water, cm²/s</li> </ul>	
D <sub>eef/cap =</sub> 1.50E-05			
Naphthalene Calculations		<del></del>	
D <sub>eff/ws</sub> = 1.32E-03	Where:		
D <sub>eef/crack</sub> = 5.62E-03	0.072 D <sup>arc</sup>	= Diffusion coefficient in air, cm²/s	
D <sub>eef/s</sub> = 5.62E-03	0.0000094 D <sup>wat</sup>	= Diffusion coefficient in water, cm²/s	
D <sub>eef(cap =</sub> 4.66E-05			

#### Air Modeling: Risk & Inhalation

### Exoxn Mobil Corporation Former Service Station No. 15-DAC

The following steps detail the method used to develop:

- 1) Allowable soil vapor
- 2) Allowable soil concentrations
- 3) Allowable groundwater concentrations

#### STEP 1: Estimation of Allowable Indoor Air Concentration (Carcinogenic Effects)

	TR * BW * Atc* 365	RBSLa	=	Risk-based screening level in air (mg/m3)
RBSLa =		0.0001 TR	=	Target risk/increased chance of developing cancer over lifetime due to chemical exposure
	IRa * ED *EF * ET * SF	70 BW	=	Body weight (kg)
		70 Atc	=	Averaging time for carcinogens (years)
RBSLa =	3569.0054	20 Ira	=	Inhalation rate of air (m3/hr)
		0.0027 ED	=	Exposure duration (i.e., # of years a person stays in building with impacted air [years])
		4 EF	=	Exposure frequency (i.e., number of days in a year a person breaths impacted air [days])
	•	8 ET	=	Exposure time (i.e., number of hours a day a person breaths indoor air [hours])
		0.029 SF	=	Chemical-specific slope factor

#### STEP 2: Estimation of Allowable Chemical Mass Circulating Indoors

		"Leaky Se	wer" Airspace	
	W * L * h * N	Acs	= Air circulating per second	
Acs =	***************************************	ACMCs	= Allowable chemical mass circulating per second	Feet
	86400	0.91 W	= Width of indoor space (m)	3
		12.19 L	= Length of indoor space (m)	40
Acs =	0.000118	0.91 h	= Height of indoor space (m)	3
		1 N	= Volume of air changes per day (1/day)	
ACMCs =	ACs * RBSLa			
ACMCs =	0.421096	•		

#### STEP 3: Estimation of Chemical Emission Rate (Fick's Law of Diffusion)

E=	Deff * f * 100W *100L * d	CV RBSLa	
E=	5.64904631	E 0.093 Deff 183 d 91 100W 1219 100L 0.1 f 1 Cv/1000	Estimation of chemical emission rate (rate)     Effective diffusion coefficient in soil (cm²/s)     Depth to chemical in soil or groundwater (cm)     Width of indoor space (cm)     Length of indoor space (cm)     Fraction of floor area through which diffusion occurs     Vapor concentration in soil (mg/cm³)

### STEP 4: Equating the Emission Rates in Step 2 and Step 3 Allowable Vapor Concentration in Soil calculated as:

Cv = 77.8457648

#### STEP 5: Converting Allowable Soil Vapor Concentration to Allowable Water Concentration

RBSL winh =	Cv  H	RBSLwinh 0.232 H	Allowable concentration in groundwater protective of indoor inhalation (mg/l)     Henry's Law Constant
RBSL winh =	335.54209 mg/l		

### Exxon Mobil Corporation Former Service Station No. 15-DAC

Risk Allowable Risk = Allowable Dose \* Slope Factor 4.14286E-06 (i.e. Intake) CW \* IR \* EF\* ED Intake Intake (mg/kg-day) = 0.000142857 (aka Dose) BW \* AT Input Variable Description Source 0.005 lcw Chemical Concentration in Water (mg/liter) @ Distance X Site-specific or modeled value Ingestion Rate (liters/day) IR 2 liters/day (adult, 90th percentile) 365 EF Exposure Frequency (days/year) Pathway-specific (for residents, daily 365 days/yr. 70 ED Exposure Duration (years) 70 years (lifetime); 9 years (National Median at one residence) 70 BW Body Weight (kg) 70 kg. (average adult) 25550 Averaging Time (period over which exposure Pathway-specific period of exposure for non-carcinogenic effects(l.e. ED \* 365 days/yr) is averaged in days) Pathway-specific period of exposure for carcinogenic effects(l.e. 70 yrs. \* 365 days/yr) Benzene (Carcinogenic) 0.029 Slope Factor Represents the upper 95th percent confidence limit on probability of a response per unit intake of chemical over a lifetime. Slope = Risk/Dose (kg-d/mg) Toluene, Ethylbenzene, Xylenes: Not Applicable; Non-Carcinogenic 1800 Solubility Solubility (mg/l) 58 Koç Organic Carbon Partition Coefficient (mg/l) (cm3/g) 0.29 Κd Soil to Water Partition Coefficient (Kd = foc \* Koc) (I/kg) 1.8 рb Dry Bulk Density of Unsaturated Zone Soil (g/ml) or (g/cc) Density of Water (g/cc) рí 0.1 Oa Air Porosity 0.2 Ow Water Filled Porosity 0.005 foc Fractional Organic Carbon Content 0.232 Н Henry's Law Constant (mg/l / mg/l) Concentration Reduction Factor (CRF) in Unsaturated Zone 10 Concentration Reduction Factor (CRF) in Saturated Zone 0.00001 STEP 1: Total Acceptable Risk Due to Ingestion 0.029 STEP 2: Slope Factor for Benzene 0.000344828 STEP 3: Estimate Allowable Dose (=Allowable Risk/Slope Factor) (mg / kg-day) Dose \* BW \* AT 0.012068966 STEP 4: Estimate Allowable Receptor Point Concentration (Cw(benzene)) 50 STEP 5: Overall Concentration Reduction Factor (5 (Unsaturated) x 10 (Saturated) = 50) IR \* EF \* ED 0.120689655 STEP 6: Estimation of Allowable Leachate Concentration (mg/l) Concentration at Top of Water Table Directly Below the Source (CRF(10) \* Cw(benzene)) 0.603448276 Therefore, Allowable Leachate Concentration (mg/l) at the Source (Cw) = CI (mg/l) CRF(5) \* Concentration at Top of Water Table Below Source Concentration Reduction Factor (CRF) in Unsaturated Zone = 5 0.224844828 STEP 7: Estimation of Allowable Total Soil Concentrations [(Kd \* pb) + Ow + (Oa \* H)] Ct (mg/kg) The total soil concentration is obtained from the leachate concentration CI using this equation; (pb + Ow \* pl)

EQUILIBRIUM RELATIONSHIPS BETWEEN TOTAL SOIL CONCENTRATION AND DISSOLVED PHASE (LEACHATE) CONCENTRATION - FORWARD MODEL

mg/l

# Domenico Model Parameters & Assumptions

## Former Service Station No. 15-DAC **Exxon Mobil Corporation**

# Fixed/Calibration & Entries:

Dispersion parallel to direction of aroundwater flow $(X = \text{plume length})$ .	Dispersion perpendicular to direction of groundwater flow	Dispersion perpendicular to direction of connamerer flow and water table (No vertical data 0 002)	Maximum width of contaminated soils impacted.	Thickness of contaminated soils that contamination to water table	Ability of formation to transmit water (purm or slug fest data)	Measured from croundwater from the man	Obtained from description on boring literature lah	Dry weight of sample divided by its fotal volume (1 8 is often used)	Organic content of soil: (.005 commonly used)	For solution on centerline of plume, use 0.	Zero value will vield highest concentration at water table
30	τ-	0.001	30	10	0.003 to 200	0.0068	0.3	1.8	0.005	0	0
Ax (Longitudinal Dispersivity) (X/10)	Ay (Transverse Dispersivity) (Ax/10)	Az (Vertical Dispersivity) (Ax/20 or Ax/100)	Source Width	Source Thickness	Hydraulic Conductivity (K) (ft/day)	Hydraulic Gradient	Porosity (decimal fraction)	Bulk Density (g/cm3)	Fractional Organic Carbon	λ	Z

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### Assumptions:

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Lambda (days-1) is a first order decay constant. The Quick Domenico Model is very sensitive to the Lambda variable.

, ,	* I ambda values also available from the ASTM Emergency Std Childe ES 38 04 for Disc.
bda values available from Table 5 of Appendix A of the Act 2 regulations.	Criido Fo 38
ndix A of the A	Emergency Std
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* Lambd	* ambd

ES 38-94 for Risk-Based Corrective so ini cilielgelicy out. Action Applied at Petroleum Release Sites, page 33.

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ity in southeastern Pennsylvania are generally between 0.1 to 0.3 ft/day. .* I where I is the hydraulic gradient. iic Conductivity (cod/ft2 or ft/day): K = V / I, so 0.1 / 0.0068 = 14.7 ft/day ranging to 0.3 / 0.
--

5 700 10000 20 20 20 25

250 250 350 350 280 280 280 280

0.0019

0.0019 to 0.0495 0.0019 to 0.0866

Ethylbenzene

0.0250 0.0030

0.0009

0.0009 to 0.069 0.003 to 0.116 0.025 to 0.099

Benzene Toluene Xylenes

Not published

0.0433

Not published

0.0027

MSC (ug/l)

8

Appendix A

ES 38-94 Lambda

Compound Concern

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Table 5 Lambda

PADEP

MTBE	Napthalene	Isopropylbenzene	
* Therefore, Hydraulic Conductivity (gpd/ft2 or ft/day): K = V / I, so 0.1 / 0.0068 = 14.7 ft/day ranging to 0.3 / 0.0068 = 44.11 ft/day MTBE	* Published Hydraulic Conductivity values range from 0.003 ft/day (tight clay) to 200 ft/day (silt, sandy silts,	clayey sands, till, silty sands and fine sands).	# 15-15-15-15-15-15-15-15-15-15-15-15-15-1

Hydraulic Conductivity testing (10/91 pump test) indicated a K value of 1.50 ft/day.

### Methodology:

- Calibrate between "hot well" and downgradient well for each compound that exceeds its MSC. Step 1:
- Input all fixed parameters. Enter peak concentration (source concentration) for compound of concern from hot well (e.g. benzene). Step 2: Step 3:
  - Enter time in days from observed peak benzene concentration in "hot" well to calibration point in downgradient well.
- Adjust Lambda and/or Ax to match model's predicted benzene concentration in downgradient well to its actual benzene concentration. Once accomplished, calibration is achieved, Step 4:
  - Note: May also need to adjust hydraulic conductivity value from actual slug test value to published value to achieve calibration objective. Let all parameters remain fixed now and input the site's peak benzene concentration as the source concentration. Step 5: Step 6:
    - Adjust "Time in Days" until model reaches steady state. Step 7:
- Modify "Distance to Location of Concern" until "Projected Concentration" goes below the Compound of Concern's MSC. Step 8:
- When "Proj. Conc. Reaches MSC, the "Dist. To Location of Concern" is distance where compound will attenuate below its MSC. Step 9:
- Perform calibrations for each compound that exceeds its MSC, adjusting KOCs, lambda, input source concentration, and time in days. Step 10:
  - Repeat steps for predicting Distance to Location of Concern for each compound of concern. Step 11:

KOC is the Organic Carbon Partition Coefficient and is chemical specific. Obtained from Appendix A, Table 5 of Act 2 regulations.

Domenico Model Calibration was conducted from MW-4 to MW-5, MW3 to MW-4 & MW-5, and MW-6 to MW-1.

# Domenico Model Predictive Run Summary

# Exxon Mobil Corporation Former Service Station No. 15-DAC

# CALIBRATION SUMMARY

								Predicted	Actual	
							Actual Source	Downgradient	Downgradient	
•		Downgradient			Lambda		Concentration	Concentration	Concentration	_
Compound of Concern	Source Well	Well	Start Date	End Date	(day-1)	Number of Days	(qdd)	(qdd)	(qdd)	
Benzene	MW-3	MW-4	12/12/1996	12/29/1999	6000.0	1112	744	78	78	
Benzene	MW-3	MW-5	12/12/1996	12/29/1999	6000.0	1112	744	ო	<5.0	
Toluene	MW-4	MW-5	4/2/1999	12/29/1999	0.0250	271	2,700	0	<5.0	
Ethylbenzene	MW-6	MW-1	12/18/1997	12/29/1999	0.0030	741	4,100	0	1,200	
Ethylbenzene	MW-1	N/A	10/13/1999	12/29/1999	0.0030	77	1,300	æ	N/A	
Methyl-tert-butyl-ether	MW-4	MW-5	4/2/1999	12/29/1999	0.0205	271	38,000	94	94	
Naphthalene	MW-6	MW-1	12/18/1997	12/29/1999	0.0027	741	1,900	0	420	
Naphthalene	MW-1	N/A	10/13/1999	12/29/1999	0.0027	77	530		N/A	
Isopropylbenzene	MW-6	MW-1	10/13/1999	12/29/1999	0.0433	11	029	0	120	
Isopropylbenzene	MW-1	N/A	10/13/1999	12/29/1999	0.0433	11	150	0	N/A	

# PREDICTIVE MODEL SUMMARY

	Peak	Peak			·	Distance to Location of	Predicted		Distance to
	Concentration	Concentration	Lambda			Concern	Concentration	MSC	MSC
Compound of Concern	(qdd)	Location	(day-1)	Time in Days	Time in Years	(feet)	(qdd)	(qdd)	(feet)
Benzene	744	MW-3	6000.0	.8660	23.7	127	9	2	128
Toluene	2,700	MW-4	0.0250	450	1.2	9/	0	1,000	m
Ethyibenzene	1,300	MW-1	0.0030	2985	8.2	æ	446	700	4.6
Methyl-tert-butyl-ether	38,000	MW-4	0.0025	565	1.5	9/	.0	20	20
Naphthalene	530	MW-1	0.0027	2795	7.7	æ	64	20	6.5
Isopropylbenzene	150	MW-1	0.0433	185	0.5	80	. 0	. 52	-
Benzene + Leachate	744	MW-3	0.0000	8660	23.7	127	9	5	128

### valanation.

ppb - parts per billion (ug/l) MSC - medium specific concentration N/A - Not Applicable

DAC\_MOD\_102301.xls Rev.2772002

### Downgradient Well MW-4 (0.078 MG/L) Upgradient Well MW-3 (0.744 MG/L) Benzene Calibration

Former Service Station No. 15-DAC ExxonMobil Corporation

ADVECTIVE TRANSPORT WITH THREE DIMENSIONAL DISPERSION AND 1ST ORDER DECAY AND RETARDATION Project:

ExxonMobil Corporation 15-DAC 9/17/2001 Prepared by: B & B Diversified Enterprises, Inc.

(ft)         (WIDTH         THICKNESS         "AN ANALYTICAL MODEL FOR MODEL FOR MOLTIDIMENSIONAL TRANSPORT OF A DECAYING CONTAMINANT SPECIES"	DISTANCE TO AX
).0009 30 10	
30 10	
	`

Modified to Include Retardation

P.A. Domenico (1987)

OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

PA DEPARTMENT

QUICK\_DOMENICO.XLS

Hydraulic	Hydraulic		Soil Bulk		Frac.	Retard-	>
Cond	Gradient	Porosity	Density	KOC	KOC Org. Carb. ation	ation	(=K*i/n*R)
(ft/day)	(ft/ft)	(dec. frac.) (g/cm³)	(g/cm <sup>3)</sup>			3	(ft/day)
1.50E+00	0.0068	0.3	1.8	58	5.00E-03	2.74	2.74 0.012408759

0.600	0.500	G 0.400	00:300
			0
Time (days)	1112		0
z(ft)	0		42
(t)	0		: at
) y(ft)	42		Projected Conc

***********		06	OS .	ಸ (ガ)				67.5	0.001	0.007	0.011	200.0	0.001
			THE	ZXX -15	9.5	19 (4)	(II)	09	0.002	0.012	0.021	0.012	0.002
			Y	79	.SS 3.78		Distance (11)	52.5	0.003	0.022	0.037	0.022	0.003
3 0.400	008:0	_	0.100	000.0 G	2			45	0.004	0.036	0.064	0.036	0.004
•		J						37.5	0.005	0.057	0.105	0.057	0.005
	0							30	0.005	0.087	0.165	0.087	0.005
	0			N. S.				22.5	0.003	0.128	0.250	0.128	0.003
	42	ıys		OLT A TIO	OMAIN	75	30	15	100.0	0.183	0.364	0.183	0.001
	onc. at	1112 days	l/gm {	ADEAL	MODEL		Width (ft)	7.5	0.000	0.255	0.509	0.255	0.000

1/6m 8/0.0

0.001 0.003 0.005 0.003

0 -15 -30

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### Downgradient Well MW-5 (<0.005 MG/L) Upgradient Well MW-3 (0.744 MG/L) Benzene Calibration

# Former Service Station No. 15-DAC ExxonMobil Corporation

ADVECTIVE TRANSPORT WITH THREE DIMENSIONAL DISPERSION AND 1ST ORDER DECAY as AND RETARDATION

9/17/2001 Prepared by: B & B Diversified Enterprises, Inc. ExxonMobil Corporation 15-DAC Project:

THICKNESS SOURCE SOURCE WIDTH Œ LAMBDA Az LAMBI (ft) >=.001 day-1 0.001 ₹£ 8 ¥£ 8 DISTANCE TO LOCATION OF CONCERN (ft) 0.744 SOURCE CONC (MG/L)

Modified to Include Retardation 2.74 0.012408759 (=K\*i/n\*R) (ft/day) Retard-Org. Carb. ation 5.00E-03 Frac. 28 KOC

Soil Bulk Density (g/cm<sup>3)</sup>

Hydraulic Gradient

Hydraulic

Cond

(dec. frac.) Porosity

MULTIDIMENSIONAL TRANSPORT OF A DECAYING CONTAMINANT SPECIES"

P.A. Domenico (1987)

OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION SPREADSHEET APPLICATION OF "AN ANALYTICAL MODEL FOR

PA DEPARTMENT

QUICK\_DOMENICO.XLS

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							30		IJ)					114.3	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
					F	1		M	15 112		t!	L (#)	(11)	101.6	0000	0.000	0.000	000.0	0.000	
(fVday)	2.74 0.012408759								1	6.8 6.8 6.8	9	Dictordo (#)	Distalle	88.9	0.000	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.000	
8	2.74		0.500	0	0.300	0.200	_	0000	2	.21				76.2	0.001	0.003	0.005	0.003	0.001	
<u> </u>	5.00E-03					,	,							63.5	0.002	0.009	0.015	600.0	0.002	
	28			••••		0								50.8	0.003	0.024	0.042	0.024	0.003	
(g/cm <sup>3)</sup>	1.8		Time (days)	1112		0								38.1	0.005	0.055	0.101	0.055	0.005	
(dec. frac.) (g/cm <sup>3</sup> /	0.3		z(ft)	0		81	ays			CALCULATION	DOMAIN	127	30	25.4	0.004	0.111	0.214	0.111	0.004	
<u> </u>	0.0068		)Z	0			1112 days					h (ff)	(#)	12.7	0.001	0.203	0.405	0.203	0.001	
(ft/day) (ft/ft)	1.50E+00		y(ft)	84		Projected Conc. at		0.003 mg/l		AREAL	MODE	Lengt	Width		30	15	0	-15	-30	
<u>#</u>				Ш	ĺ	<u>P</u>	aţ													

# Source Concentration MW-3 (0.744 MG/L) Benzene Prediction

## Former Service Station 15-DAC ExxonMobil Corporation

ADVECTIVE TRANSPORT WITH THREE DIMENSIONAL DISPERSION AND 1ST ORDER DECAY and AND RETARDATION

Project: ExxonMobil Corporation 15-DAC

Date: 9/17/2001 Prepared by: B & B Diversified Enterprises, Inc.

PA DEPA

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SOURCE	DISTANCE TO	Ax	Ay	Az	LAMBDA	SOURCE	SOURCE SOURCE
CONC	LOCATION OF	(#)	(E)	(£		WIDTH	THICKNESS
(MG/L)	CONCERN (ft)			>=.001 day-1	day-1	(E)	(H)
0.744	127	30		0.001	60000	30	10

MULTIDIMENSIONAL TRANSPORT OF A DECAYING CONTAMINANT SPECIES"

Modified to Include Retardation P.A. Domenico (1987)

OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION QUICK\_DOMENICO.XLS SPREADSHEET APPLICATION OF "AN ANALYTICAL MODEL FOR

PA DEPARTMENT

Hydraulic	Hydraulic		Soil Bulk		Frac.	Retard-	^
Cond	Gradient	Porosity	Density	KOC	KOC Org. Carb. ation	ation	(=K*i/n*R)
(ft/day)	(ft/ft)	(dec. frac.)	(g/cm <sup>3</sup> /			3	(ft/day)
1.50E+00	8900.0	0.3	1.8	58	58 5.00E-03	2.74	0.012408759

(1987)	netaru						_					] ]	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
P.A. Domenico (1987)	Modilled to include Ketard					33	3	-16.5 (ff)				115.2	0.001	9000	600.0	9000	0.001
	<b>∑</b>						H	91-10	. Z.∂	ili	Œ	102.4	0.002	0.00	0.014	0.00	0.002
	(=K*i/n*R) (ft/day)	2.74 0.012408759	¥				X	\ \r	9'69 '9 '88	3	Distance (ft)	89.6	0.003	0.014	0.023	0.014	0.003
Retard-		2.74	0.500		.300 .300 .000 .000		00.00	8.9	21		,	76.8	0.004	0.022	0.038	0.022	0.004
Frac.	KOC Org. Carb. ation	5.00E-03										64	0.004	0.035	0.064	0.035	0.004
	KOC	28			0							51.2	0.005	0.054	0.105	0.054	0.005
Soil Bulk	Density (g/cm³/	1.8	Time		0				Ē			38.4	0.004	0.083	0.175	0.083	0.004
	Porosity (dec. frac.)	0.3	z(ft)	0	127	days			CALCULATION	128	33	25.6	0.002	0.126	0.291	0.126	0.002
Hydraulic	Gradient (ft/ft)	0.0068		0	at	8660 days	1/1		MODEL		Width (ft)	12.8	0000	0.182	0.472	0.182	0000
Hydraulic Hy		1.50E+00	)y(ft)	127	Projected Conc. at	at	0.006 mg/l	: 1		Le Le	3		33	16.5	0	-16.5	-33

	128	0.001	0.004	0.005	0.004	0.001
	115.2	0.001	9000	0.00	9000	0.001
Į (E)	102.4	0.002	0.00	0.014	600.0	0.002
Distance (ft)	9.68	0.003	0.014	0.023	0.014	0.003
,	76.8	0.004	0.022	0.038	0.022	0.004
	64	0.004	0.035	0.064	0.035	0.004
·	51.2	0.005	0.054	0.105	0.054	0.005
	38.4	0.004	0.083	0.175	0.083	0.004
128 33	25.6	0.002	0.126	0.291	0.126	0.002
th (ft) h (ft)	12.8	0000	0.182	0.472	0.182	0.000
Length ( Width (f		33	16.5	0	-16.5	-33

### Downgradient Well MW-5 (<0.005 MG/L) Upgradient Well MW-4 (2.7 MG/L) **Toluene Calibration**

## Former Service Station 15-DAC **ExxonMobil Corporation**

ADVECTIVE TRANSPORT WITH THREE DIMENSIONAL DISPERSION AND 1ST ORDER DECAY and AND RETARDATION
Project: [EXXONMODI] Corporation 15-DAC

9/17/2001 Prepared by: B & B Diversified Enterprises, Inc.

	SOURCE SOURCE	WIDTH THICKNESS	(ft) (ft)	5 30 10
	LAMBDA		day-1	0.025
	Az	Œ	>=.001 day-1	0.001
	Ay	<u>(£</u>		30
	Ax	(#)		
×	DISTANCE TO	LOCATION OF	CONCERN (ft)	39
- 1	SOURCE	CONC	(MG/L)	2.7

MULTIDIMENSIONAL TRANSPORT OF A DECAYING CONTAMINANT SPECIES"

Modified to Include Retardation

P.A. Domenico (1987)

SPREADSHEET APPLICATION OF "AN ANALYTICAL MODEL FOR

OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

PA DEPARTMENT

QUICK\_DOMENICO.XLS

Hydraulic	Hydraulic		Soil Bulk		Frac.	Retard-	^
Cond	Gradient	Porosity	Density	Koc	KOC Org. Carb. ation	ation	(=K*i/n*R)
(ft/day)	(ft/ft)	(dec. frac.)	(g/cm³)			<u>R</u>	(ft/day)
1.50E+00	8900.0	0.3	1.8	130	5.00E-03	4.9	0.006938776
			Ī				

(IJ) 15.178 -7.589 75 503 810 9008 0.500 0.000 2.000 1.000 2.5003 1.500 conc. AREAL CALCULATION Time (days) 39 271 days

Projected Conc. at

39

0.000 mg/l

	3.006	0.471	0.999	1.000	0.999	0.471	
	2.7054	0.519	1.104	1.105	1.104	0.519	
S07.2	2.4048	0.570	1.219	1.220	1.219	0.570	
Distance (ft)	2.1042	0.627	1.347	1.347	1.347	0.627	
E.0	1.8036	0.688	1.488	1.488	1.488	0.688	
	1.503	0.754	1.643	1.643	1.643	0.754	
	1.202	0.824	1.815	1.815	1.815	0.824	
	0.9018	968.0	2.004	2.004	2.004	0.896	
DOMAIN 3.006 15.178	0.6012	0.964	2.213	2.213	2.213	0.964	
Mobel. bc Length (ft) Width (ft)	0.3006	1.000	2.444	2.444	2.444	1.000	
≥ c ≊		15.178	7.589	0	-7.589	-15.178	

# Source Concentration MW-4 (2.7 MG/L) **Toluene Prediction**

## Former Service Station 15-DAC **ExxonMobil Corporation**

NOVECTIVE TRANSPORT WITH THREE DHAENSHONAL DISPERSION AND 1ST ORDER DECAY and AND RETARDATION

9/17/2001 Prepared by: B & B Diversified Enterprises, Inc. ExxonMobil Corporation 15-DAC Project:

THICKNESS SOURCE SOURCE E WIDTH E 0.001 0.025 LAMBDA Az LAMBD (ft) >=.001 day-1 ₹£ 30 ¥ E DISTANCE TO LOCATION OF CONCERN (ft) SOURCE MG/L) CONC

MULTIDIMENSIONAL TRANSPORT OF A DECAYING CONTAMINANT SPECIES"

Modified to Include Retardation

P.A. Domenico (1987)

SPREADSHEET APPLICATION OF "AN ANALYTICAL MODEL FOR

QUICK\_DOMENICO.XLS

OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

PA DEPARTMENT

0.006938776 (=K\*i/n\*R) (ff/day) Retard-2 ation Org. Carb. 5.00E-03 Frac. 130 X00 1.8 Soil Bulk Density (g/cm" (dec. frac.) **Porosity** 0.0068 Hydraulic Gradient

(ft/ft)

ft/day)

Cond

Hydraulic

1.50E+00

7 2.000 1.500 1.000 0.500 0.000 Conc.

415

9/

Projected Conc. at

92

0.000 mg/l

415 days

(days) Time

z(ft)

y(ft)

1.220 2.4048 0.571 Distance (ft) 2.1042 689.0 0.755 1.503

0.9018

0.3006

DOMAIN 3.006 15.178 0.6012

MODEL Length (ft) Width (ft)

CALCULATION

AREAL

0.999 1.000 0.999

0.471

3.006 0.471

> 0.519 1.104 1.105 0.519

2.7054

1.220 0.571 0.627 1.348 0.627 1.488 1.488 0.689 1.643 1.644 1.643 0.755 1.815 1.815 1.815 0.825 0.825 0.897 2.005 2,005 0.897 0.964 2.214 0.964 2.445 2.445 1.000 1.000 7.589 15.178 -7.589 -15.178

	15.178	(H)
<b>=</b> XX		<u>S</u> ∳01.9
	7	- 503.1
		8106.0
	Ť	9008.0

### Etylbenzene Calibration Upgradient Well MW-6 (4.1 MG/L) Downgradient Well MW-1 (1.2 MG/L)

# ExxonMobil Corporation Former Service Station 15-DAC

MULTIDIMENSIONAL TRANSPORT OF A DECAYING CONTAMINANT SPECIES" OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION SPREADSHEET APPLICATION OF "AN ANALYTICAL MODEL FOR Modified to Include Retardation QUICK\_DOMENICO.XLS 0.640 0.640 0.266 P.A. Domenico (1987) PA DEPARTMENT ADVECTIVE TRANSPORT WITH THREE DIMENSIONAL DISPERSION AND 1ST ORDER DECAY and AND RETARDATION 0.313 0.778 0.778 11.115 -8.2715 € 16.543 0.367 0.943 1.008 9.88 0.943 Distance (ft) 8.645 7.6 0.004473684 0.428 1.142 1.142 THICKNESS 8.645 (=K\*i/n\*R) SOURCE SOURCE 971,8 (ft/day) € ExxonMobil Corporation 15-DAC | 9/17/2001|Prepared by: B & B Diversified Enterprises, Inc. 352, r 0.495 4.000 % 1.437 0.495 3.000 2.000 1.000 0.000 7.41 1,380 WIDTH Retard-8 ation Œ Conc. 0.003 Org. Carb. 6.175 0.566 1.665 1.712 5.00E-03 0.566 LAMBDA >=.001 |day-1 Frac. 220 KOC 0.001 0.635 2.036 2.003 2.003 4.94 0.635 AZ (E 2.403 741 3.705 0.690 2.419 2.403 0.690 Soil Bulk Density (g/cm<sup>2)</sup> (days) Time **₹**€ CALCULATION DONAMN 12.35 30 124 0.700 2.47 2.870 16.543 2.867 (dec. frac.) Porosity 741 days z(ft) AX (#) 0.555 124 0.0068 3.403 3.403 0.555 1.235 3.403 DISTANCE TO CONCERN (ft) LOCATION OF -ength (ft) Width (ft) Hydraulic Gradient AREAL MODEL (ff/ft) Projected Conc. at y(ft) 0.000 mg/l 4 124 1.50E+00 8.2715 -8.2715 -16.543 16.543 Hydraulic SOURCE Project: CONC (MG/L) (ft/day) Cond Date:

7

Etylbenzene Calibration Upgradient Well MW-1 (1.3 MG/L)

# ExxonMobil Corporation Former Service Station 15-DAC

MULTIDIMENSIONAL TRANSPORT OF A DECAYING CONTAMINANT SPECIES" OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION SPREADSHEET APPLICATION OF "AN ANALYTICAL MODEL FOR Modified to Include Retardation 0.256 QUICK\_DOMENICO.XLS 0.129 0.258 0.256 P.A. Domenico (1987) PA DEPARTMENT 0.152 0.302 0.302 ADVECTIVE TRANSPORT WITH THREE DIMENSIONAL DISPERSION AND 1ST ORDER DECAY and AND RETARDATION -7.5 (Ħ) 5 0.354 0.355 0.354 0.177 791.4 Distance (ft) 3.241 0.206 0.412 0.411 0.411 7.6 0.004473684 THICKNESS 3.241 2.315 (=K\*i/n\*R) SOURCE SOURCE (ft/day) 98E.1 694.0 0.200 9/17/2001 Prepared by: B & B Diversified Enterprises, Inc. 0.600 0.000 1.0003 0.800 0.400 30 0.474 0.474 0.474 0.237 Retard-WIDTH 3 ation Œ conc. 0.003 Org. Carb. 2.315 0.272 0.543 0.543 0.272 5.00E-03 LAMBDA Az LAMBI (ff) >=.001 day-1 Frac. 220 0.618 0.618 Koc 0.309 0.618 0.001 0.309 ر 8 0.349 0.699 0.699 1.389 ExxonMobil Corporation 15-DAC Soil Bulk Density (g/cm" (days) Time **₹**€ CALCULATION 30 8 6.3 4.63 15 0.926 0.393(dec. frac.) DOMAIN Porosity 77 days z(ft) ¥ E 0.879 0.879 0.440 0.463 0.440 0.0068 DISTANCE TO **LOCATION OF** CONCERN (ft) ength (ft) Width (ft) Hydraulic Gradient AREAL MODEL (ffVft) Projected Conc. at y(ft) 0.063 mg/l -7.5 <del>د</del>. 1.50E+00 7.5 15 0 Hydraulic SOURCE Project: (MG/L) CONC (ft/day) Cond

# Source Concentration MW-1 (1.2 MG/L) **Etylbenzene Prediction**

## Former Service Station 15-DAC **ExxonMobil Corporation**

ADVECTIVE TRANSPORT WITH THREE DHAENSHONAL DISPERSION AND 1ST ORDER DECAY and AND RETARDATION

Project: EXXONMObil Corporation 15-DAC

Date: 9/17/2001|Prepared by: B & B Diversified Enterprises, Inc.

PA DEPARTMENT
OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

SOURCE SOURCE WIDTH THICKNESS LAMBDA ¥Z ₹€ ¥Ξ DISTANCE TO LOCATION OF SOURCE

"AN ANALYTICAL MODEL FOR TIDIMENSIONAL TRANSPORT OF A CAYING CONTAMINANT SPECIES" P.A. Domenico (1987) QUICK\_DOMENICO.XLS SPREADSHEET APPLICATION OF Modified to Include Retardation

MULT	DEC	 _		-		
(ft)	10	>	(=K*i/n*R)	(ft/day)	7.6 0.004473684	
(ft)	30	Retard-	ation	<u>R</u>		
day-1	0.003	Frac.	KOC Org. Carb. ation		220 5.00E-03	
>=.001 day-1	0.001		KOC		220	
	-	Soil Bulk	Density	(g/cm²,	0.3 1.8	
	30		Porosity	(dec. frac.)	0.3	
CONCERN (ft)	8	Hydraulic	Gradient	(ffvft)	0.0068	
(MG/L)	1.3	Hydraulic	Cond	(ft/day)	1.50E+00	

		4.63	0.350	0.695	0.700	0.695	0.350
	<sup>ত</sup> (ম)	4.167	0.372	0.741	0.744	0.741	0.372
	791.4	3.704	0.396	0.790	0.792	0.790	0.396
	1.389 2.315 Distance (ft)	3.241	0.421	0.841	0.843	0.841	0.421
1.000	0.50 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000 0.000	2.778	0.448	968.0	968'0	968.0	0.448
	noO	2.315	0.477	0.954	0.954	0.954	0.477
	0	1.852	0.507	1.015	1.015	1.015	0.507
Time (days) 2985	0	1.389	0.540	1.080	1.080	1.080	0.540
0	days  CALCULATION DOMAIN  4,63	15 0.926	0.574	1.149	1.149	1.149	0.574
z(ft) 0	2985 days  ot. catc  et. catc  gth (ft)	(ft) 0.463	0.611	1.222	1.222	1.222	0.611
y(ft)	Projected Conc. at at 0.446 mg/l AREAL WOOFEL Length	Width	15	7.5	0	-7.5	-15

### Methyl Tertiary Butyl Ether Calibration Downgradient Well MW-5 (0.094 MG/L) Upgradient Well MW-4 (38.0 MG/L)

## Former Service Station 15-DAC **ExxonMobil Corporation**

ADVECTIVE TRANSPORT WITH THREE DIMENSIONAL DISPERSION AND 1ST ORDER DECAY and AND RETARDATION

Project: [EXXONMODI] Copporation 15-DAC ]

9/17/2001 Prepared by: B & B Diversified Enterprises, Inc.

SOURCE	DISTANCE TO	Ax	Ay	Az	LAMBDA	SOURCE	SOURCE SOURCE
CONC	LOCATION OF	(H)	Œ	Œ		WIDTH	THICKNESS
(MG/L)	CONCERN (ft)			>=.001 day-	day-1	(#)	(E)
3	39	30		1 0 001	0.0205	30	10

MULTIDIMENSIONAL TRANSPORT OF A DECAYING CONTAMINANT SPECIES" P.A. Domenico (1987)
Modified to Include Retardation

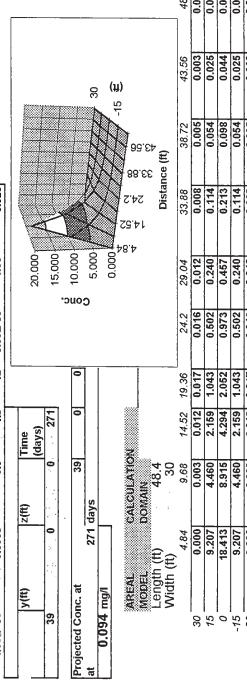
OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

PA DEPARTMENT

SPREADSHEET APPLICATION OF "AN ANALYTICAL MODEL FOR

QUICK\_DOMENICO.XLS

Hydraulic	Hydraulic		Soil Bulk		Frac.	Retard-	>
Cond	Gradient	Porosity	Density	KOC	KOC Org. Carb. ation	ation	(=K*i/n*R)
(ft/day)	(ft/ft)	(dec. frac.)	(g/cm²)			8	(ft/day)
1.50E+00	0.0068	0.3	1.8	12	5.00E-03	1.36	0.025



		48.4	0.001	0.011	0.020	0.011	0.001
	<sup>S</sup> (Ħ)	43.56	0.003	0.025	0.044	0.025	0.003
	39.5.6 (ft)	38.72	0.005	0.054	860.0	0.054	0.005
	14.52 Distance (ff)	33.88	0.008	0.114	0.213	0.114	0.008
	20.000 15.000 10.000 5.000 0.000	29.04	0.012	0.240	0.457	0.240	0.012
	Conc.	24.2	0.016	0.502	0.973	0.502	0.016
i	0	19.36	0.017	1.043	2.052	1.043	0.017
	(days) (days) 0 0	14.52	0.012	2.159	4.294	2.159	0.012
	39 39 39 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30	9.68	0.003	4.460	8.915	4.460	0.003
		4.84	0.000	9.207	18.413	9.207	0.000
	39 cted Conc. at  0.094 mg/l AREAL MODEL Length (ft) Width (ft)		30	15	0	-15	90

# Methyl Tertiary Butyl Ether Prediction Source Concentration MW-4 (38.0 MG/L)

# ExxonMobil Corporation Former Service Station 15-DAC

MULTIDIMENSIONAL TRANSPORT OF A DECAYING CONTAMINANT SPECIES" OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION SPREADSHEET APPLICATION OF "AN ANALYTICAL MODEL FOR Modified to Include Retardation 0.019 QUICK DOMENICO.XLS 0.001 0.011 P.A. Domenico (1987) PA DEPARTMENT ADVECTIVE TRANSPORT WITH THREE DIMENSIONAL DISPERSION AND 1ST ORDER DECAY and AND RETARDATION 0.003 0.023 0.023 0.003 (H) 8 ဓ္ 400.0 0.048 0.048 0.004 Distance (ft) 0.025 0.007 0.188 0.101 0.101 THICKNESS 35 0.007 52 (=K\*i/n\*R) SOURCE SOURCE (ft/day) Œ ExxonMobil Corporation 15-DAC: | 9/17/2001 | Prepared by: B & B Diversified Enterprises, Inc. 0.011 1.36 0.214 0.406 20.000 1 10.000 5.000 0.000 0.214 0.011 15.000 Retard-WIDTH 8 ation Œ Conc. 0.015 0.0205 Org. Carb. 0.452 0.452 0.015 5.00E-03 LAMBDA Az LAMBD (ff) >=.001 day-1 Frac. 12 1 0.002 0.017 0.9551.877 0.955 KOC 4.010 2.018 0.012 **∞** 0 2.018 565 15 Soil Bulk Density (g/cm<sup>3)</sup> Time (days) ₹£ CALCULATION 30 9/ 0.003 4.261 30 30 7 4.261 0.3 (dec. frac.) DOMAIN Porosity 565 days z(ft) ¥€ 17.995 0.000 0.000 0.0068 8.997 8.997 DISTANCE TO LOCATION OF CONCERN (ft) MODEL Length (ft) Width (ft) Hydraulic Gradient AREAL (ff./ft) Projected Conc. at 0.000 mg/l y(ft) 38 76 -15 15 1.50E+00 30 Hydraulic SOURCE (MG/L) (ft/day) Project: CONC Cond Date:

### Downgradient Well MW-1 (0.420 MG/L) Upgradient Well MW-6 (1.9 MG/L) Naphthalene Calibration

## Former Service Station 15-DAC **ExxonMobil Corporation**

ADVECTIVE TRANSPORT WITH THREE DIMENSIONAL DISPERSION AND 1ST ORDER DECAY and AND RETARDATION

Project: ExxonMobil Corporation 15-DAC

Date: 9/17/2001 Prepared by: B & B Diversified Enterprises, Inc.

PA DEP

	<						
SOURCE	DISTANCE TO	Ax	Ay	Az	LAMBDA	SOURCE	SOURCE
CONC	LOCATION OF	Œ	(H)	Œ		WIDTH	THICKNESS
(MG/L)	CONCERN (ft)			>=.001	day-1	(£)	Œ
1.1	9 124	1 30 1 0		00.	2 0.0027	30	10

MULTIDIMENSIONAL TRANSPORT OF A DECAYING CONTAMINANT SPECIES"

Modified to Include Retardation

P.A. Domenico (1987)

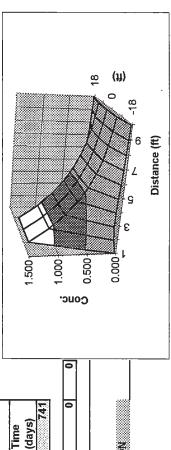
SPREADSHEET APPLICATION OF "AN ANALYTICAL MODEL FOR

QUICK\_DOMENICO.XLS

OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

PA DEPARTMENT

		10.00			7.42.00	
_	_	Soll Bulk		rrac.	Relara-	_
Porosity		Density	Х ОС	KOC Org. Carb. ation	ation	(=K*i/n*R)
(dec.	dec. frac.)	(g/cm <sup>3</sup> )			8	(ft/day)
98	0.3	1.8	950	5.00E-03	29.5	0.001152542



124

Projected Conc. at

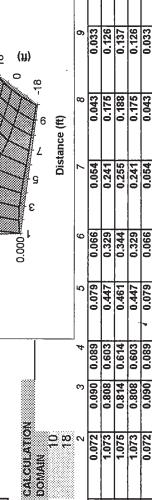
124

0.000 mg/l

(y)z

y(ft)

741 days



0.079

0.089

0.072

-49 -18

0.024 1.415 1.415 1.415 0.024

6 18

MODEL. Length (ft) Width (ft)

AREAL

0.025

0.090 0.099 0.090 0.025

## Upgradient Well MW-1 (0.530 MG/L) Naphthalene Calibration

## Former Service Station 15-DAC **ExxonMobil Corporation**

ADVECTIVE TRANSPORT WITH THREE DIMENSIONAL DISPERSION AND 1ST ORDER DECAY and AND RETARDATION

Project: EXXONMODII Corporation 15-DAC

Date: 9/17/2001 Prepared by: B & B Diversified Enterprises, Inc.

PA DEPA

SOURCE CONC	DISTANCE TO LOCATION OF	Ax (ft)	Ay (ff)	Az (ff)	LAMBDA	SOURCE SOURCE WIDTH THICK	SOURCE THICKNESS
(MG/L)	CONCERN (ft)			>=.001 day-	day-1	(ft)	(ff)
0.53	83	30	•	0.002	0.0027	30	10

>=.001 day-1 (ft) (ft)	30 1 0,002 0,0027 30 10	Soil Bulk Frac. Refard. IV
CONCERN (ft)	8	Hydraulic
, <u>_</u>	0.53	arrlic

MULTIDIMENSIONAL TRANSPORT OF A DECAYING CONTAMINANT SPECIES"

P.A. Domenico (1987) Modified to Include Retardation

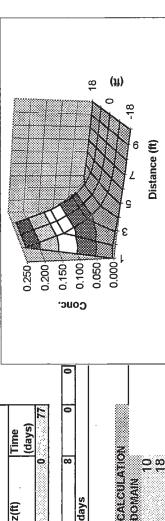
SPREADSHEET APPLICATION OF "AN ANALYTICAL MODEL FOR

QUICK\_DOMENICO.XLS

OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

PA DEPARTMENT

Hydraulic	Hydraulic		Soil Bulk		Frac.	Retard-	^	
Cond	Gradient	Porosity	Density	KOC	KOC Org. Carb. ation	ation	(=K*i/n*R)	
(ft/day)	(ft/ft)	(dec. frac.)	(g/cm²)			(R	(ft/day)	
1.50E+00	8900'0	0.3	1.8	950	950 5.00E-03		29.5 0.001152542	_
	y(ft)	z(ft)	Time			i i		



	10	0.000	0000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
	6	0.000	0.000	0000	0.000	0.000	
ance (ft)	80	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Distance (ft)	7	0.000	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.000	
	9	0.001	0.003	0.003	0.003	0.001	
	5	0.002	600'0	600.0	0.00	0.002	
	4	0.004	0.025	0.026	0.025	0.004	
J	က	0.007	0.061	0.062	0.061	0.007	
DOMAIN 10 18	2	0.009	0.129	0.129	0.129	0.009	
MODEL D Length (ft) Width (ft)	1	0.004	0.238	0.238	0.238	0.004	

AREAL

18

77 days

Projected Conc. at

0.000 mg/l

# Naphthalene Prediction Source Concentration MW-1 (0.530 MG/L)

# ExxonMobil Corporation Former Service Station 15-DAC

ADVECTIVE TRANSPORT WITH THREE DIMENSIONAL DISPERSION AND 1ST ORDER DECAY AND AND RETARDATION
Project: EXXONIMODII Copporation 15-DAC

nged: 9/17/2001 Prepared by: B & B Diversified Enterprises, Inc.

| X | SOURCE | DISTANCE TO | Ax | Ay | Az | LAMBDA | SOURCE | SOUR

PA DEPARTMENT
OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION
QUICK\_DOMENICO.XLS
SPREADSHEET APPLICATION OF
"AN ANALYTICAL MODEL FOR
MULTIDIMENSIONAL TRANSPORT OF A
DECAYING CONTAMINANT SPECIES"
P.A. Domenico (1987)
Modified to Include Retardation

(1987) Retardation							-			; 	6.5	0.032	0.093	960'0	0.093	0.032	
P.A. Domenico (1987) Modified to Include Retardation			***************************************			4 7	2	-8.25 (ft)			5.85	0.038	0.111	0.114	0.111	0.038	
Ž									98.8	(11)	5.2	0.043	0.132	0.135	0.132	0.043	
	(=K*i/n*R) (ft/day)	29.5 0.001152542	4						.1 3.4 6.4	Distallo	4.55	0.050	0.158	0.160	0.158	0.050	
Retard-	ation (R)	29.5	0.500	_	onc.		0.100	0.00 4 G9.0	Q		3.9	0.056	0.188	0.190	0.188	0.056	
Frac.	KOC Org. Carb. ation	5.00E-03			Juo	J	•				3.25	0.063	0.224	0.225	0.224	0.063	
	KOC	950		y	0						5.6	890.0	0.267	0.267	0.267	0.068	
Soil Bulk	Density (g/cm³/	1.8	Time (days)	2795	0						1.95	0.071	0.317	0.317	0.317	0.071	
Г	Porosity (dec. frac.)	0.3	z(ft)	0	8	2795 days		CALCULATION	DOMAIN 6.5	16,5	1.3	990'0	0.376	0.376	0.376	0.066	
Hydraulic	Gradient (ft/ft)	8900'0	y(ft)	0	c. at	2795	ng/l	AREAL	MODEL Length (ft)	Width (ft)	0.65	0.042	0.447	0.447	0.447	0.042	
Hydraulic	Cond (fl/day)	1.50E+00		œ	Projected Conc. at	at	0.064 mg/	ice#8	·····			16.5	8.25	0	-8.25	-16.5	1

## Downgradient Well MW-1 (0.120 MG/L) Upgradient Well MW-6 (0.670 MG/L) **Isopropylbenzene Calibration**

# Former Service Station 15-DAC **ExxonMobil Corporation**

ADVECTIVE TRANSPORT WITH THREE DIMENSIONAL DISPERSION AND 1ST ORDER DECAY and AND RETARDATION Project:

ExxonMobil Corporation 15-DAC 9/17/2001 Prepared by: B.&.B.Diversified Enterprises, Inc.

THICKNESS SOURCE SOURCE WIDTH Œ LAMBDA Az LAMBI (ft) >=.001 day-1 E & ¥ £ DISTANCE TO LOCATION OF CONCERN (ft)

MULTIDIMENSIONAL TRANSPORT OF A DECAYING CONTAMINANT SPECIES"

P.A. Domenico (1987)

OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

PA DEPARTMENT

SPREADSHEET APPLICATION OF "AN ANALYTICAL MODEL FOR

QUICK\_DOMENICO.XLS

(=K\*i/n\*R) (ft/day) Retard-8 Org. Carb. ation Frac. KOC Soil Bulk Density (g/cm<sup>3</sup>/ dec. frac.) Porosity 0.0068 Hydraulic Gradient (ft/ft) 1.50E+00 Hydraulic (ft/day) Cond

0.0433

0.001

30

19.0

SOURCE

CONC (MG/L) Modified to Include Retardation 16.5 0.0004 0.100 0000 0.300 0.200 0.5003 0.400 conc. 2800 5.00E-03 1.8

(days) Time

z(ff)

y(ft)

124

Projected Conc. at

124

0.000 mg/l

77 days

CALCULATION

AREAL

DOMAIN

MODEL. Length (ft) Width (ft)

j) ,	1.8	0.004	0.020	0.020	0.020
-16.5 .e. (ft)	1.6	9000	0.030	0.030	0.030
0.6 1.4 Distance (ff)	1.4	0.008	0.045	0.045	0.045
Z'0	1.2	0.011	0.067	0.067	0.067
	1	0.014	0.099	0.099	0.099
	9.0	0.017	0.145	0.145	0.145
2	9.0	0.018	0.213	0.213	0.213
ULATION IN 2 16.5	0.4	0.015	0.312	0.312	0.312

0.2

0.004 0.456 0.456 0.456

16.5 8.25 0

0.013

0.003

0.013 0.003 0.003

0.004

900.0

0.008

0.011

0.014

0.018 0.017

0.015

0.004

-8.25

-16.5

# Isopropylbenzene Calibration Upgradient Well MW-1 (0.150 MG/L)

# ExxonMobil Corporation Former Service Station 15-DAC

MULTIDIMENSIONAL TRANSPORT OF A DECAYING CONTAMINANT SPECIES" P.A. Domenico (1987) OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION SPREADSHEET APPLICATION OF "AN ANALYTICAL MODEL FOR Modified to Include Retardation QUICK\_DOMENICO.XLS PA DEPARTMENT ADVECTIVE TRANSPORT WITH THREE DIMENSIONAL DISPERSION AND 1ST ORDER DECAY and AND RETARDATION

Project: EXXONMODII Corporation 15-DAC

Date: 9/17/2001 Prepared by: B & B Diversified Enterprises, Inc. (=r, (ft/day) 0.0004 THICKNESS SOURCE SOURCE (=K\*i/n\*R) 30 Retard-WIDTH 8 ation  $\Xi$ Org. Carb. 0.001 0.0433 5.00E-03 LAMBDA Az LAMBI (ft) >=.001 day-1 Frac. 2800 K00 Soil Bulk Density (g/cm" ₽Ê 30 (dec. frac.) **Porosity** žΞ 0.0068 DISTANCE TO LOCATION OF CONCERN (ft) Hydraulic Gradient (ft/ft) 0.15 1.50E+00 Hydraulic SOURCE (MG/L) Projecte at CONC (ft/day) Cond

	_			_	<u>_</u>	0.008	0.022	0.022	0.022	0.008
		15.5	(Ħ)		0.9	0.010	0.027	0.027	0.027	0.010
		J) K)	-155		0.8	0.011	0.032	0.032	0.032	0.011
			7 9		0.7	0.013	0.039	0.039	0.039	0.013
0.150	0.100	050	1.00 5.0		9.0	0.015	0.048	0.048	0.048	0.015
0 0	5	ö	ö							
o o	.onc	0	0.0		0.5	0.018	0.058	0.058	0.058	0.018
ö o		0	00.		0.4 0.5	0.018		0.070 0.058	0.070 0.058	0.018
		0					0.058			
(days) 0 77	90 O			MAIN 1	0.4	0.020 0.018	0.070 0.058	0.070	0.070	0.020 0.018
(days) 77	90 O	0	CALCULATION	Modulet Length (ft) 15.5 Width (ft) 15.5	0.1 0.2 0.3 0.4	0.022 0.020 0.018	0.084 0.070 0.058	0.084 0.070	0.084 0.070	0.022 0.020 0.018

# Source Concentration MW-1 (0.150 MG/L) **Isopropylbenzene Prediction**

# Former Service Station 15-DAC **ExxonMobil Corporation**

ADVECTIVE TRANSPORT WITH THREE DIMENSIONAL DISPERSION AND 1ST ORDER DECAY and AND RETARDATION

Project: EXXONMODII Corporation 15-DAC

Date: 9/17/2001 Prepared by: B & B Diversified Enterprises, Inc.

PAD

THICKNESS SOURCE SOURCE WIDTH  $\Xi$ 0.0433 LAMBDA Az LAMBD (ft) >=.001 day-1 0.001 ĄΞ ¥ £ DISTANCE TO **LOCATION OF** CONCERN (ft) 0.15 SOURCE (MG/L) CONC

MULTIDIMENSIONAL TRANSPORT OF A DECAYING CONTAMINANT SPECIES"

Modified to Include Retardation

P.A. Domenico (1987)

OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

PA DEPARTMENT

SPREADSHEET APPLICATION OF "AN ANALYTICAL MODEL FOR

QUICK\_DOMENICO.XLS

0.0004 (=K\*i/n\*R) (ft/day) Retard-8 ation Org. Carb. 5.00E-03 Frac. 2800 KOC 8-Soil Bulk Density (g/cm<sup>37</sup> (dec. frac.) **Porosity** 0,0068 Hydraulic Gradient (ft/ft) .50E+00

Hydraulic

(ft/day) Cond

(days) Time

z(ft)

y(ft)

(IJ) 15.5 -15.5 6.0 7.0 9.0 €.0 1.0 000.0 0.150% 0.100 0.050 Conc.

185 days

Projected Conc. at

0.000 mg/l

	-	800.0	0.023	0.023	0.023	0.008
(m)	6.0	0.010	0.028	0.028	0.028	0.010
-15.5 0 (ft)	0.8	0.012	0.033	0.033	0.033	0.012
0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	0.7	0.014	0.040	0.040	0.040	0.014
1.0 6.0	9.0	0.016	0.048	0.048	0.048	0.016
	0.5	0.018	0.059	0.059	0.059	0.018
	0.4	0.020	0.071	0.071	0.071	0.020
	0.3	0.022	0.085	0.085	0.085	0.022
CALCULATION DONAIN 1	0.2	0.022	0.103	0.103	0.103	0.022
AREAL CA MODEL DC Length (ft) Width (ft)	0.1	0.016	0.124	0.124	0.124	0.016
AREA MODE Leng Width		15.5	7.75	0	-7.75	-15.5

# Source Concentrations MW-3 (0.744 MG/L) Benzene and Leachate Prediction

# Former Service Station 15-DAC **ExxonMobil Corporation**

ADVECTIVE TRANSPORT WITH THREE DIMENSIONAL DISPERSION AND 1ST ORDER DECAY and AND RETARDATION ExxonMobil Corporation 15-DAC

9/17/2001 Prepared by: B & B Diversified Enterprises, Inc. Project:

	<						
SOURCE	DISTANCE TO	Ax	Ą	Az	LAMBDA	SOURCE	SOURCE
CONC	LOCATION OF	(3)	(H)	€		WIDTH	THICKNESS
(MG/L)	CONCERN (ft)			>=.001	101 day-1	<u>E</u>	(E)
0.744	127	127 30 1	•	0.001	0.0009	30	÷

MULTIDIMENSIONAL TRANSPORT OF A DECAYING CONTAMINANT SPECIES"

Modified to Include Retardation

P.A. Domenico (1987)

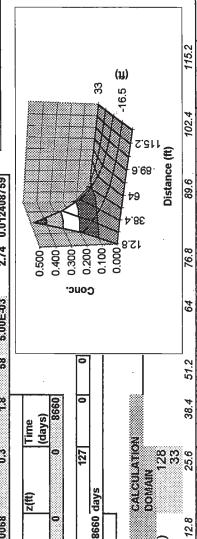
OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

PA DEPARTMENT

SPREADSHEET APPLICATION OF "AN ANALYTICAL MODEL FOR

QUICK\_DOMENICO.XLS

	(=K*i/n*R)	(ft/day)	0.012408759	
Retard-	ation	(R)	2.74	
Frac.	KOC Org. Carb. ation		5.00E-03	
	<b>K</b> 00		28	
Soil Bulk	Density	(g/cm <sup>3)</sup>	1.8	
	Porosity	(dec. frac.)	0.3	
Hydraulic	Gradient	(ft/ft)	8900.0	



AREAL

Projected Conc. at

127

0.006 mg/l

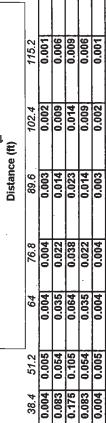
y(ft)

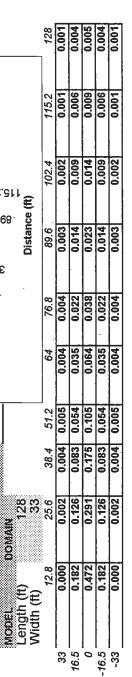
1.50E+00

(ft/day)

Cond

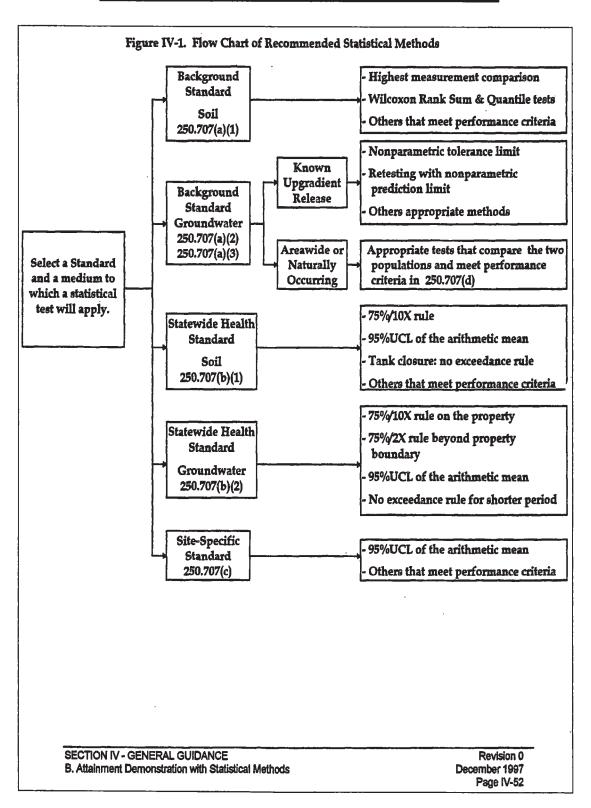
Hydraulic





APPENDIX F
(Upper Confidence Limits (UCL) Statistical Tests)

## STATISTICAL ATTAINMENT OF THE REMEDIATION CLEANUP STANDARDS



## STATISTICAL ATTAINMENT OF THE REMEDIATION CLEANUP STANDARDS

Figure IV-1 entitled, "Flow Chart of Recommended Statistical Methods" governs the selection of an appropriate statistical test(s) to apply for Background, Statewide Health, or Site-Specific Standards. For the Former Mobil Station No. 15-DAC, the Statewide Health and Site-Specific Standards were chosen, and therefore the appropriate statistical test to apply to the analytical data to demonstrate attainment of the proposed standards is the 95% Upper Confidence Limit (UCL) of the arithmetic mean. The follow is a summary of the 95% UCL of the arithmetic mean:

The Statewide Health Standards that are being used at the site are as follows:

Soil Benzene 0.5 mg/kg (statewide)

Toluene 100 mg/kg (statewide)
Ethylbenzene 70 mg/kg (statewide)

Xylenes 1,000 mg/kg (statewide)

#### Groundwater

Product is present in the offsite upgradient well MW-6. Therefore, proposed Site-Specific Standards for the Site are based on the highest observed concentrations in onsite wells MW-1 through MW-5

Benzene 744 ug/l Toluene 2,700 ug/l Ethylbenzene 1,300 ug/l

Xylenes 10,000 ug/l (statewide)

MTBE 38,000 ug/l
Naphthalene 530 ug/l
Isopropylbenzene 150 ug/l

The following decision rule is used to determine if a site meets the Site-Specific cleanup standard<sup>2</sup>:

- If 95% UCL of arithmetic mean is greater than or equal to the cleanup standard, conclude the area is dirty.
- If 95% UCL of arithmetic mean is less than the cleanup standard, conclude the area is clean.

All observed concentrations in the historical trend profile for each of these compounds have never exceeded the historical peak concentration. Therefore, a 95% UCL of the arithmetic mean of the historical data cannot possible exceed the proposed cleanup standards for the compounds. Attainment of the proposed standards has therefore been achieved. An example is presented on the following page for the case of MTBE in MW-4.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Section 250.707c of the Act 2 Regulations, p. 4228

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Cited from Page IV-26 of the Act 2 Technical Guidance Manual

				···		i ;		i				
			Exampl (F	e: 95% UC	Example: 95% UCL Statistical Attainment for MTBE in MW-4 (Page IV-35 of Act 2 Technical Guidance Manual)	al Attainme	ent for MT uidance N	BE in MW~ lanual)	4			
Population:	Ξ	"	22	Σ	MTBE concentrations from	ntrations fro	mc	10/20/91 - 08/13/99	08/13/99			
Actual Data (readings):	8	11	110	22	14	44	250	280	73	320	240	147
	,		170	2660	946	146	2790	29700	7770	1900	38000	71
			21	640								
Sample Mean:	Ι <del>χ</del>	H	Divide sun	n of total re	sum of total readings (X) by the total number of readings (n).	by the total	number o	ք readings (п	ć			
	×	11 11	(X <sub>1</sub> + X <sub>2</sub> + 4073	$(X_1 + X_2 + + X_n)/n$	_							
Degrees of Freedom:	(dp)	II	Number o	Number of samples (n) - 1.	(n) - 1.							
	ŧ	11 1	n-1	_								
	5	11	71	_				١				
Sample Variance:	$(Sb^2)$	П	Take sum	of squares	Take sum of squares of each reading (X) minus the mean $(X)$	ading (X) m	inus the m	nean (X)				
	Sb <sup>2</sup>	11 11	and divide [( x <sub>1</sub> - X ) <sup>2</sup> 98435720	by the dec + ( x <sub>2</sub> - X ]	and divide by the degrees of freedom (df). $[(x_1 - \overline{X})^2 + (x_2 - \overline{X})^2 + + (x_n - \overline{X})^2] / df$	edom (df). . <sub>n</sub> - X ) <sup>2</sup> ] / (	df					
Standard Deviation:	(Sb)	II	The squar	e root of th	The square root of the sample variance $(Sb^2)$ .	ariance (Sb	1 <mark>-</mark> ).					
	Sb	II	9921									
Standard Error of Mean:	(SX)	H	Standard I	Error of Me	Standard Error of Mean is inversely proportional to the square root of the number of samples. Where Standard Error of Mean is the Sb divided by the square root of n.	ely proporti s the Sb div	ional to the	square roo	t of the num at of n.	ber of sa	ımples.	
	Š	11 11	Sb / √ n 2115	le.—								
95% UCL:		11	X+t <sub>1-alpha, n-1</sub>	a, n-1 * SX	Derived	from the S	fudent's t.l	_ nothin	T order			
95% UCL:		11	7714	_	1 (1-alpha, n-1 , Delived Holli (1)e Studelle (1-Distribution 1) able				8510			
			UCL numbabove or the	oer resultin oelow the A	UCL number resulting from the formula above will indicate with a 95% probability that it is above or below the Act 2 regulatory threshold.	ormula aboory thresho	we will indi	icate with a !	95% probab	illity that i	t is	
Proposed Standard:		II	38,000 ug/l									



### GEO-ENVIRO CONSULTING & REMEDIATION LLC (GECR)

371 Hoes Lane, (Suite 200), Piscataway NJ 08854 Phone: (732) 377-2028, Fax #866-604-2364 Email: admin@geoenviroconsulting.com www.gecr.org

## APPENDIX E UST DOCUMENTATION

2630-FM-BECB0575 Rev. 12/2018

## COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION BUREAU OF ENVIRONMENTAL CLEANUP AND BROWNFIELDS



FOR DE	USE ONLY
Reviewer	Date
Entered by	Date

## UNDERGROUND STORAGE TANK MODIFICATION REPORT

1.	FACILITY INFORMA	TION		II. ACTIVITY INFORMA	TION				
	Facility I.D. Number Facility Name Facility Address	09- 43609 MILL CREEK SUNOCO 7040 MILL CREEK RD		This modification activity  Minor modification  Major modification  Is this modification in res					
	Municipality	LEVITTOWN, PA		☐ Yes ⊠ No					
	GPS Location	Lat: 400830.90 Long	: 745045.91	If Yes: Inspector:					
				Inspection Date:					
III.	TANK INFORMATIO	N							
	Tank modification is all irregularities in the		facturer's specific	cations and current industr	y standards. If no, explain				
	⊠ Yes □ No								
	Tank modification co		Requirements (for	flammable & combustible	e liquids). If no, explain all				
	☐ Yes ☐ No	Not Applicable     ■	9						
	Fire/Safety Permit Number Issued By Date								
IV.	INSTALLER INFOR	MATION (If additional instal	lers were involved,	include their information in V	II. Comments)				
	Installer	landallan	Certification	0	C				
	Name	Installer Cert. No.	Category(ies)	Company Name	Company Cert. No.				
DE				Name	Cert. No.				
DE	Name	Cert. No.	Category(ies)	Name	Cert. No.				
<u>DE</u>	Name ENNIS LINEMAN	Cert. No.	Category(ies)	Name	Cert. No.				
	Name ENNIS LINEMAN	Cert. No.  5631  ontact Name	Category(ies)	Name  BRISTOL ENV	Cert. No				
V. This cer sign	Name  ENNIS LINEMAN  Installer C  INSTALLER CERTIF  s Section must be complete tified installer verifies that the nature also certifies, under	Cert. No.  5631  ontact Name  FICATION  d by the certified installer(s) for teach handling activity was c	Category(ies)  UMX  modifications perform onducted in compliant 18 PA C.S.A. Sections.	BRISTOL ENV  Contact Email  ned on underground storage tan ce with the standards of Act 32 on 4904 (relating to unsworn fa	Contact Phone  Contact Phone  k systems. By signing below, the and applicable regulations. The stification to authorities), that the				
V. This cer sign	Name  ENNIS LINEMAN  Installer C  INSTALLER CERTIF  s Section must be complete tified installer verifies that the nature also certifies, under	Cert. No.  5631  ontact Name  FICATION  d by the certified installer(s) for teank handling activity was compensity of law as provided in	Category(ies)  UMX  modifications perform onducted in compliant 18 PA C.S.A. Sections.	BRISTOL ENV  Contact Email  ned on underground storage tan ce with the standards of Act 32 on 4904 (relating to unsworn fa	Cert. No.  1052  Contact Phone  k systems. By signing below, the and applicable regulations. The				
V. This cer sign	Installer C  INSTALLER CERTIF  S Section must be complete tified installer verifies that the complete or mature also certifies, under the complete or mature also certifies and comp	Cert. No.  5631  ontact Name  FICATION  d by the certified installer(s) for teank handling activity was compensity of law as provided in	modifications perform onducted in compilar 18 PA C.S.A. Section of his/her knowledge	BRISTOL ENV  Contact Email  ned on underground storage tan ce with the standards of Act 32 on 4904 (relating to unsworn fa	Contact Phone  Contact Phone  k systems. By signing below, the and applicable regulations. The stification to authorities), that the				

### FACILITY I.D. # 9 - 43609

VI. TANK SYSTEM COMPONENTS. (Describe only components)	ents that have been installed or modified.)
Tank# Tank#	Tank# Tank#
<u>4</u> <u>5</u> <u>6</u>	4 5 6
(1) Tank Modification (describe in VII. Comments)   C Cathodic protection (modified)  99 Other	(6) Spill Prevention Repair (describe repair, test and type in VII. Comments) ‡  □ □ □ Spill Bucket Insert/Repair □ □ □ New Single-Wall
(2) Underground Piping Installation or Modification (describe in VII. Comments)	<ul> <li>☐ ☐ New Double-Wall</li> <li>(7) Overfill Prevention Installation or Modification (describe status of previous overfill prevention i.e. removed, remains as backup in VII. Comments)</li> <li>☐ ☐ S Drop tube shut-off device added</li> </ul>
☐ ☐ ☐ H Modification of existing piping ☐ ☐ ☐ I Double walled steel piping ☐ ☐ ☐ J Double walled fiberglass ☐ ☐ ☐ K Double walled plastic	
☐ ☐ ☐ K Double walled plastic ☐ ☐ M Jacketed piping ☐ ☐ 99 Other	
(PFLEX) Piping Flexible Connection Installation or Modification (describe in VII. Comments)	☐ ☐ K Vapor monitoring added (attach site evaluation)
B Metallic w/cathodic protection added  I Placed inside containment  M Jacket added  99 Other	(19) Stage I Vapor Recovery Modification
(4) Product Delivery (Pump) System Modification (describe in VII. Comments)	(20) Stage II Vapor Recovery Modification
A Suction: Check valve at pump B Suction: Check valve at tank C Pressure: Submersible pump (STP) D Gravity Fed 88 Installed/removed siphon bar	☐ ☐ ☐ A Complete balance system added ☐ ☐ ☐ B Complete assist system added ☐ ☐ ☐ C Underground piping only added ☐ ☐ ☐ D Stage II decommissioned
(5) Pipe Release Detection Modification (describe in	(21) Tank top Sump Installation or Repair (describe installation and test in VII. Comments) ‡
VII. Comments)  ☐ ☐ ☐ A Automatic line leak detector added ☐ ☐ ☐ D Interstitial monitoring added	☐ ☐ Y Yes
☐ ☐ K Electronic line leak detector added ☐ ☐ L Continuous Interstitial monitor added	(22) Dispenser Pan Installation or Repair (describe installation and test in VII. Comments) ‡
☐ ☐ 88 STP shut off added☐ ☐ 99 Other	<ul><li>☐ ☐ 88 New dispenser installed</li><li>☐ ☐ Y Under existing dispenser</li></ul>
New, replaced, and repaired spill buckets, containment sumps, the manufacturer's recommendations and/or applicable industry.	and dispenser pans must be tested for tightness in accordance with a standards.

2630-FM-BECB0575 Rev. 12/2018
FACILITY I.D. # 9 -43609
VII. COMMENTS (Describe activity completed in detail. Explain "other" modifications.)
The modification report is not complete until all modified or installed components noted in Section VI. have been accurately and completely described in the comments section, below.
REMOVED DEFECTIVE OVER FILL PROTECTION DROP TUBES
INSTALLED EXTERIOR OVERFILL ALARM
INSTALLED NEW STRAIGHT DROP TUBES IN THE FILLS
PERFORMED TEST AND CERTIFICATION ON THE EXTERIOR ALARM
VIII.SITE DRAWING (Include layout, activity locations, and other drawings necessary to illustrate modifications)

MILI. CRFFK RD



## COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION BUREAU OF ENVIRONMENTAL CLEANUP AND BROWNFIELDS

## UNDERGROUND STORAGE TANK OVERFILL PREVENTION EVALUATION FORM

I. FACILITY INFORMA	TION - Type	or pri	nt (in ink) a	ll items.						
Facility ID#: 09- 436	09	F	acility Name	: M	ILL CREEK	SUNOC	0			
Facility Street Address	: 7040 MII		EEK RD. LE		N, PA					
Facility Telephone:		С	ounty: BUC	KS			Municipality	: BRI	STOL	
II. TESTER INFORMA	TION		» §			*				
Tester Name: DENNIS	LINEMAN	Т	ester Cert.#	5631			Tester Tele			21
Company Name: BRIS	STOL ENV	С	ompany Ce	rt.#: 10	52		Test Date:	1/4/20	22	_
III. TANK AND DEVIC	E INFORMA	TION			×		8°		.c. z <sup>in</sup>	
Tank Number	004		005			006				
Tank Capacity	1,0000		10000	0	12000					
Tank Diameter	92"		92"		92"					
Product Stored	GASOLINE		GASOI	LINE	GASOLIN	Ε				
Overfill Manufacturer	OPW		OPW		OPW					-
Overfill Model	TLS 350									
Product Delivery Method	☐ Pressurized	I	☐ Pressurize	ed	☐ Pressurize	ed	☐ Pressuriz ☐ Gravity	ed	☐ Pressuriz ☐ Gravity	:ed
Overfill Type	☐ Drop Tube ☑ Alarm ☐ Ball Float ☐ Whistle Ver		☐ Drop Tube ☐ Alarm ☐ Ball Float ☐ Whistle Ve		☐ Drop Tube ☑ Alarm ☐ Ball Float ☐ Whistle Ve		☐ Drop Tub ☐ Alarm ☐ Ball Float ☐ Whistle V		☐ Drop Tube Shutoff☐ Alarm☐ Ball Float☐ Whistle Vent☐	
IV. TEST INFORMATION (Complete all applicable overfill types)								*		
A. DROP TUBE	VICE					-				
Drop tube and float free of debris?	☐ Yes	□ No	☐ Yes	□No	☐ Yes	☐ No	☐ Yes	☐ No	☐ Yes	□No
Float and poppet move freely?	☐ Yes	□ No	☐ Yes	□No	☐ Yes	☐ No	☐ Yes	□ No	☐ Yes	☐ No
Poppet enters flow path when float is engaged?	☐ Yes	□ No	☐ Yes	☐ No	☐ Yes	□ No	Yes	□ No	Yes	□ No
Tank capacity when flow is stopped (%)										
B. OVERFILL AL	ARM									
Visible or audible to delivery driver?	X Yes	□ No	Yes Yes	□ No	Yes  Yes  Yes  Yes  Yes  Yes  Yes  Ye	□ No	☐ Yes	□ No	☐Yes	☐ No
Probe and float in good condition?	X Yes	□ No	X Yes	□No	Yes	□ No	☐ Yes	□No	☐ Yes	□ No
Float moves freely?	X Yes	□ No	X Yes	☐ No	X Yes	☐ No	☐ Yes	☐ No	☐ Yes	☐ No
Does simulated overfill trigger alarm?	☐ Yes	□ No	☐ Yes	□ No	ĭ Yes	☐ No	☐ Yes	□ No	☐ Yes	□ No
Tank capacity when alarm is triggered (%)	90		90		90					

Facility ID#: 09- 4	3609 Facil	ity Name	: MILL	CREEK S	SUNOCO	Т	est Date:	1/4/2	022	
C. BALL FLOAT	VALVE									
Straight drop tube installed?	☐ Yes	□ No	☐ Yes	.□ No	☐ Yes	□ No	☐ Yes	☐ No	☐ Yes	☐ No
Is the only fill present a direct fill?	☐ Yes	□No	☐ Yes	□ No	☐ Yes	□ No	☐ Yes	□ No	☐ Yes	☐ No
Ball and cage present and in good condition?	☐ Yes	□No	☐Yes	□ No	☐ Yes	□ No	☐ Yes	□ No	☐ Yes	□ No
Ball moves freely in cage?	☐ Yes	□No	□Yes	□ No	☐ Yes	☐ No	☐ Yes	☐ No	☐ Yes	☐ No
is the bleed hole unobstructed?	☐ Yes	☐ No	☐ Yes	□ No	☐ Yes	☐ No	☐ Yes	☐ No	☐ Yes	□ No
Tank capacity when flow is restricted (%)										
D. WHISTLE VE	NT ALARM						h	1		
Permanently Installed?	☐ Yes	□No	☐ Yes	□ No	☐ Yes	☐ No	☐ Yes	□ No	☐ Yes	□No
Audible to delivery driver?	☐ Yes	☐ No	☐ Yes	☐ No	☐ Yes	□ No	☐ Yes	□No	☐ Yes	☐ No
Tank capacity when whistle stops (%)										
V. TEST RESULTS	Ány "No" ans appropriate re						sts must be re duct deliveries			
	Pass Pass	∏ Fail	🗵 Pass	☐ Fail*	Pass	∐∗Fail	☐ Pass	☐ Fail	☐ Pass	<b>⊡</b> ∗Fail
VI. COMMENTS		9 No. 2	,		á	``	**	¥	. 4	
The comments section should be used to note additional information discovered or actions taken during functionality testing that affect compliance at the facility. For example, include comments concerning any observations made by the tester that would affect the test results.  Include actions taken to repair or replace falled devices. Installation, repair and removal of overfill prevention devices requires the use of a Department certified individual. Failed ball float valves may not be repaired or replaced; an alternate form of overfill prevention must be installed.  If additional comment sheets are needed, label each sheet with the report header information and attach the sheet(s) to the back of this form.										
FOUND THE OVERF	ILL PROTE	CTION 1	DROP TUB	ES TO N	OT BE SE	T AT TH	E PROPER	SETTIN	T AND ALS	30
FOUND THEM TO B	E CORRODE	D AND	FAILING	THE VAP						
INSTALLED NEW S										
INSTALLED NEW E	XTERIOR C	VERFIL	L ALARM							
					*			9K 66	505 X	<del></del>
VIL OWNER'S REPR	<u> </u>	. 7 57				*	ž į	30 ×	40 0	ire
I have reviewed this repo authorities), that the infor	mation provid	led by me	is true, acc	as provide urate, and	d in 18 PA complete to	the best of	tion 4904(re f my knowled	lating to uning and be	nsworn falsit lief.	ication to
Signature: Alan	JS0	nes	- a	9 ent	<u>-</u>	Dat	te Signed:	1/5	/22	
VIII. TESTER CERTIF				, a =	a **#	* *		58.		*
By signing this document falsification to authorities	t as the Teste ), that the info	r, I certify rmation p	under pena rovided by r	ity of law a ne is true,	s provided i accurate, a	n 18 PA C. nd complet	S.A. Section e to the best	4904(related of my known	ing to unswe wledge and l	orn oelief.
ـ ا										

FOR DEP USE ONLY

Date



Reviewer

## COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION BUREAU OF ENVIRONMENTAL CLEANUP AND BROWNFIELDS

## UNDERGROUND STORAGE TANK MODIFICATION REPORT

DEP - RECEIVED SOUTHEAST REGION

SEP 1 5 2020 Entered by Date **FACILITY INFORMATION** II. ACTIVITY INFORMATION This modification activity is? Facility I.D. Number Minor modification **Facility Name Facility Address** Is this modification in response to an inspection? No Yes Municipality If Yes: Inspector: **GPS** Location Long: Inspection Date: III. TANK INFORMATION Tank modification is in accordance with manufacturer's specifications and current industry standards. If no, explain all irregularities in the comment section. Yes ☐ No Tank modification complies with Fire Safety Requirements (for flammable & combustible liquids). If no, explain all irregularities in the comment section. Yes □ No Issued By Z Fire/Safety Permit Number IV. INSTALLER INFORMATION (If additional installers were involved, include their information in VII. Comments) Installer installer Certification Company Company Cert. No. Name Cert. No. Category(ies) Name Contact Phone Installer Contact Name Contact Email V. INSTALLER CERTIFICATION This Section must be completed by the certified installer(s) for modifications performed on underground storage tank systems. By signing below, the certified installer verifies that the tank handling activity was conducted in compliance with the standards of Act 32 and applicable regulations. The signature also certifies, under penalty of law as provided in 18 PA C.S.A. Section 4904 (relating to unsworn falsification to authorities), that the Information provided is true, accurate, and complete to the best of his/her knowledge and belief. Date(s) Work Completed Signature(s) Date(s) of Signature

FACILITY I.D. # 09 - 43609

VI. TANK SYSTEM COMPONENTS. (Describe only components that have been installed or modified.)									
Tank# Tank# Tank#	Tank# Tank# Tank#								
(1) Tank Modification (describe in VII. Comments)  C Cathodic protection (modified)  99 Other	(6) Spill Prevention Repair (describe repair, test and type in VII. Comments) ‡  Spill Bucket Insert/Repair								
(2) Underground Piping Installation or Modification (describe	☐ ☐ New Single-Wall ☐ ☐ New Double-Wall								
in VII. Comments)  B Cathodic protection added  Field design by a "corrosion expert"	(7) Overfill Prevention Installation or Modification (describe status of previous overfill prevention i.e. removed, remains as backup in VII. Comments)								
Industry Standard used for CP H Modification of existing piping	S Drop tube shut-off device added A Overfill alarm added								
☐ ☐ J Double walled fiberglass ☐ ☐ ☐ K Double walled plastic	(12) Tank Release Detection Modification (include manufacturer and model number in VII. Comments)								
☐ ☐ M Jacketed piping ☐ ☐ 99 Other	☐ ☐ ☐ E Automatic tank gauge added/replaced ☐ ☐ ☐ H Interstitial monitor (2 walls) added ☐ ☐ ☐ J Groundwater monitoring added (attach site evaluation)								
(PFLEX) Piping Flexible Connection Installation or Modification (describe in VII. Comments)	☐ ☐ K Vapor monitoring added (attach site evaluation)								
B Metallic w/cathodic protection added  I Placed inside containment	(19) Stage I Vapor Recovery Modification								
☐ ☐ M Jacket added ☐ ☐ 99 Other	A Coaxial added/replaced     B 2 Port added/replaced								
(4) Product Delivery (Pump) System Modification (describe in VII. Comments)	(20) Stage II Vapor Recovery Modification								
☐ ☐ ☐ A Suction: Check valve at pump ☐ ☐ ☐ B Suction: Check valve at tank ☐ ☐ ☐ C Pressure: Submersible pump (STP) ☐ ☐ ☐ D Gravity Fed ☐ ☐ ☐ 88 Installed/removed siphon bar	☐ ☐ ☐ A Complete balance system added ☐ ☐ ☐ B Complete assist system added ☐ ☐ ☐ C Underground piping only added ☐ ☐ ☐ D Stage II decommissioned								
(5) Pipe Release Detection Modification (describe in	(21) Tank top Sump Installation or Repair (describe installation and test in VII. Comments) ‡								
VII. Comments)	☐ ☐ Y Yes								
☐ ☐ ☐ K Electronic line leak detector added ☐ ☐ ☐ L Continuous Interstitial monitor added	(22) Dispenser Pan Installation or Repair (describe installation and test in VII. Comments) ‡								
88 STP shut off added 99 Other	88 New dispenser installed  Y Under existing dispenser								
	·								
‡ New, replaced, and repaired spill buckets, containment sumps with the manufacturer's recommendations and/or applicable ind	s, and dispenser pans must be tested for tightness in accordance ustry standards.								

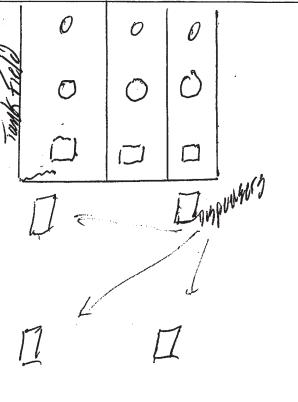
FACILITY I.D. # <u>00 - 43609</u>

VII. COMMENTS (Describe activity completed in detail. Explain "other" modifications.)

The modification report is not complete until all modified or installed components noted in Section VI. have been accurately and completely described in the comments section, below.

Removed and Replaced Dispensers

VIII.SITE DRAWING (Include layout, activity locations, and other drawings necessary to illustrate modifications)



day graf



COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA

## DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION BUREAU OF ENVIRONMENTAL CLEANUP AND BROWNFIELDS

## UNDERGROUND STORAGE TANK AUTOMATIC LINE LEAK DETECTOR FUNCTIONALITY TESTING FORM

I. FACILITY INFORMA	ATION - Type or print (i	n ink) all items.						
Facility ID #: 09-43609								
Facility Street Address	: 7040 MILL CREEK	K RD LEVITTOWN F	PA					
		County: BUCKS		Municipality: BRISTOL				
II. TESTER INFORMA	TION							
Tester Name: BRIAN FORREST T		ester Cert. #: 5423		Tester Telephone:				
and the second of the second o		Company Cert. #: 10	52	Test Date: 10/29/2021				
III. TEST PROCEDURE — Briefly describe procedure(s) used to test the line leak detector(s) (i.e. PEI/RP1200, manufacturer's testing procedure, etc.)								
AS PER RP1200								
IV. LINE LEAK DETE	CTOR TESTING IN	FORMATION - When	n more than five LLDs are	tested at a facility, use addi	tional testing forms.			
Tank Number	1	2	3					
Product Stored	REG	REG	SUPER					
Line Number <sup>1</sup>	1-2 5-6	3-4 7-8	1-8					
Manufacturer	VAPORLESS	VAPORLESS	VAPORLESS					
Model	VMI 2000	VMI 2000	VMI 2000					
Leak Detector Type	☐ Electronic ☐ Mechanical	☐ Electronic ☐ Mechanical						
STP Operating Pressure	33	32	28					
A. MECHANICAL LINE LEAK DETECTORS								
Check Valve Holding Pressure	28	30	26					
Metering Pressure	18	16	17					
Opening Time	2.5	3.0	3.0					
Simulated leak causes slow-flow	⊠ Yes □ No	⊠ Yes □ No	⊠ Yes □ No	☐ Yes ☐ No	☐ Yes ☐ No			
Leak detector resets when line pressure is bled off to zero	⊠ Yes □ No	⊠ Yes □ No	⊠ Yes □ No	☐ Yes ☐ ☐ No	☐ Yes ☐ No			
B. ELECTRONIC LINE LEAK DETECTORS								
Simulated leak causes an alarm	☐ Yes ☐ No	☐ Yes ☐ No						
Simulated leak disables the STP <sup>2</sup>	☐ Yes ☐ No	☐ Yes ☐ No						
V. TEST RESULT <sup>3</sup>	⊠ Pass ☐ Fail	⊠ Pass ☐ Fail	⊠ Pass ☐ Fail	Pass Fail	Pass Fail			
Designate each product line, on which a line leak detector was tested, numerically or by code on the site drawing.     Required for pressurized piping systems installed after November 10, 2007, using LLD for 3gph piping release detection.								

				LINE TEST	F DATA FO	DM						
							TECTOR T	ECT				
				PETRO- TIGHT- LINE/LEAK DETECTOR TO BRISTOL ENVIRONMENTAL & SERVICES CO								
OWNED/OD	EDATOR:	SUNOCO		ISTOL LIV	VIICOIVILI	TIAL G OL	KVIOLO O	0.1110.				
OWNER/OP	ERATOR:		CREEK R	n	LEVITTON	VN PA 190	57					
	CLOUDY !				LLVIIIOV	VIVITA 130		DIAI DEDTU-	48"			
	CLOUDT	1	CONCRET				APPROX BURIAL DEPTH: WAS PRETEST REQUIRED					
RED JACKET	T INIEO.			PRESSURE		VOLUME		SI KEQUIKED.	ILO			
IDENTIFY		LOG OF T		BEFORE		BEFORE	AETED	CHANGE	TEST ME	THOD / RE	MAPKS	
REG	TIIVIE	1st readin		50	50	0.025			BULLET	VALVE	F.E SCREW	
1-2 5-6		2nd readin	-	50	50	0.025			BULLET	XXXXXX	F.E SOREW	
1-2 3-6			-	49	50	0.025	0.025		ALLOWED B		0.080	
	3rd reading 4th reading		_	50	50	0.0233	0.025		ALLOWED BLEED BACK 0.080 FINAL BLEED BACK 0.040			
		5th readin	-	50	50	0.026	0.026		CORRECTIO		0.050	
		6th readin		49	50	0.027	0.0265		(001) GAL	NAME AND ADDRESS OF THE OWNER, TH	0.000	
LINE TES	T INFO:	our reaum	_	PRESSUR		VOLUME	0.0203	-0.0003	(001) GAL	ER I/Z FIR		
IDENTIFY		LOG OF T		BEFORE		BEFORE	AFTER	CHANGE	TEST ME	THOD / RE	MARKS	
REG	TIIVIL	1st readin		50	50	0.025			BULLET	VALVE	F.E SCREW	
3-4 7-8		2nd readii		50	50	0.025		0	DOLLLI	VALVE	XXXXXX	
0470		3rd readin		51	50	0.025		0.0005	ALLOWED F	BLEED BACK	0.080	
		4th readin	_	50	50	0.026	0.026		FINAL BLEE		0.040	
		5th readin	_	51	50	0.026	0.0265		CORRECTIO		0.050	
-		6th readin		50	50	0.0265			.001 GAL PE		0.000	
LINE TES	T INFO:	our roadin	_	PRESSUF		VOLUME	0.0200		O SOT GALTER METHO			
IDENTIFY		LOG OF T		BEFORE				CHANGE	TEST ME	THOD / RE	MARKS	
SUPER		1st readin		50	50	0.025			BULLET	VALVE	F.E SCREW	
		2nd readi	-	51	50	0.025				XXXXXX		
		3rd readin	_	51	50	0.0255			ALLOWED B	SLEED BACK	0.080	
		4th readin	_	50	50	0.026		0	RESULTS P	ASS/FAIL	0.043	
		5th readin	_	51	50	0.0265			5 CORRECTION FACTOR		0.050	
		6th readin		51	50	0.0265			.002 GAL PE			
LEAK DE	TECTOR IN		3	OPR	IDLE	LEAK	OPENING		LINE	FLEX	PASS/	
	MODEL O			PSI	PSI	RATE	TIME	LENGTH	TYPE	CONN.	FAIL	
REG		VAPORLE	SS	33	28	3.0	2.5	110'	SW/FG	5	PASS	
REG		VAPORLE		32	30			110'	SW/FG	5	PASS	
SUPER		VAPORLE		28	26			110'	SW/FG	5	PASS	
TESTING		BRIAN FO										
Tests were made on the above line systems in accordance with test procedures for as detailed on the												
attached test charts with the results as follows:												
TEST	LINE		MEETS		JME CHAN	IGE PER H	IR	DATE	CONTRAC	CTOR CER	TIFICATION	
RESULTS	IDENTIFIC	ATION	CRITERIA					TESTED			_ ~	
DEC ST	FFT		VEC		0.004			40/20/2024	- 1			
REG STR			YES		-0.001			10/29/2021	15	1		
REG MIDDLE YES				0.001				CEDTICIO	ATION #			
SUPER			YES		0.002			10/29/2021	CERTIFIC	ATION#		

<ol><li>Failed line leak detection</li></ol>	tors must be repaired	d or replaced immed	ately.	*	
Facility ID #: 09-3609	Facility Name:	SUNOCO	Test D	ate: 10/29/2	021
VI. COMMENTS					
facility. For example, include com Include actions taken to repair or	ments concerning any o replace failed devices.	bservations made by the	ed or actions taken during function tester that would affect the test restriction and attach the sheet(s	esults.	
VII. SITE DRAWING					
	f the applicable UST(s).	product piping, and con	tainment structure layout in the sp	pace below (or at	tach a detailed site drawing
prepared on a separate sheet). A					
*					
VII. OWNER'S REPRES	ENTATIVE CERTI	FICATION			
I have reviewed this report.	I certify under pena	Ity of law as provide	d in 18 PA C.S.A. Section 49 d complete to the best of my		
Signature:			Date Sig	ned:	
VIII. TESTER CERTIFIC	ATION		1223 3.9		
			aw as provided in 18 PA C.S e, accurate, and complete to		
	2 3	Totaled by The 15 tide			
Tester's Signature:	1		Date Sig	ned: 10/29/2	021